

The background of the slide is a composite of astronomical images. On the left, there is a large, detailed image of a spiral galaxy with a bright central bulge and prominent spiral arms. To the right of the galaxy, there are several bright, point-like sources of light, some of which appear to be stars or distant galaxies, with some showing diffraction patterns. The overall color palette is dominated by blues, purples, and whites against a black background.

Peculiar Supernovae and their Progenitors

Andrea Pastorello

Universita' di Padova & Queen's University Belfast

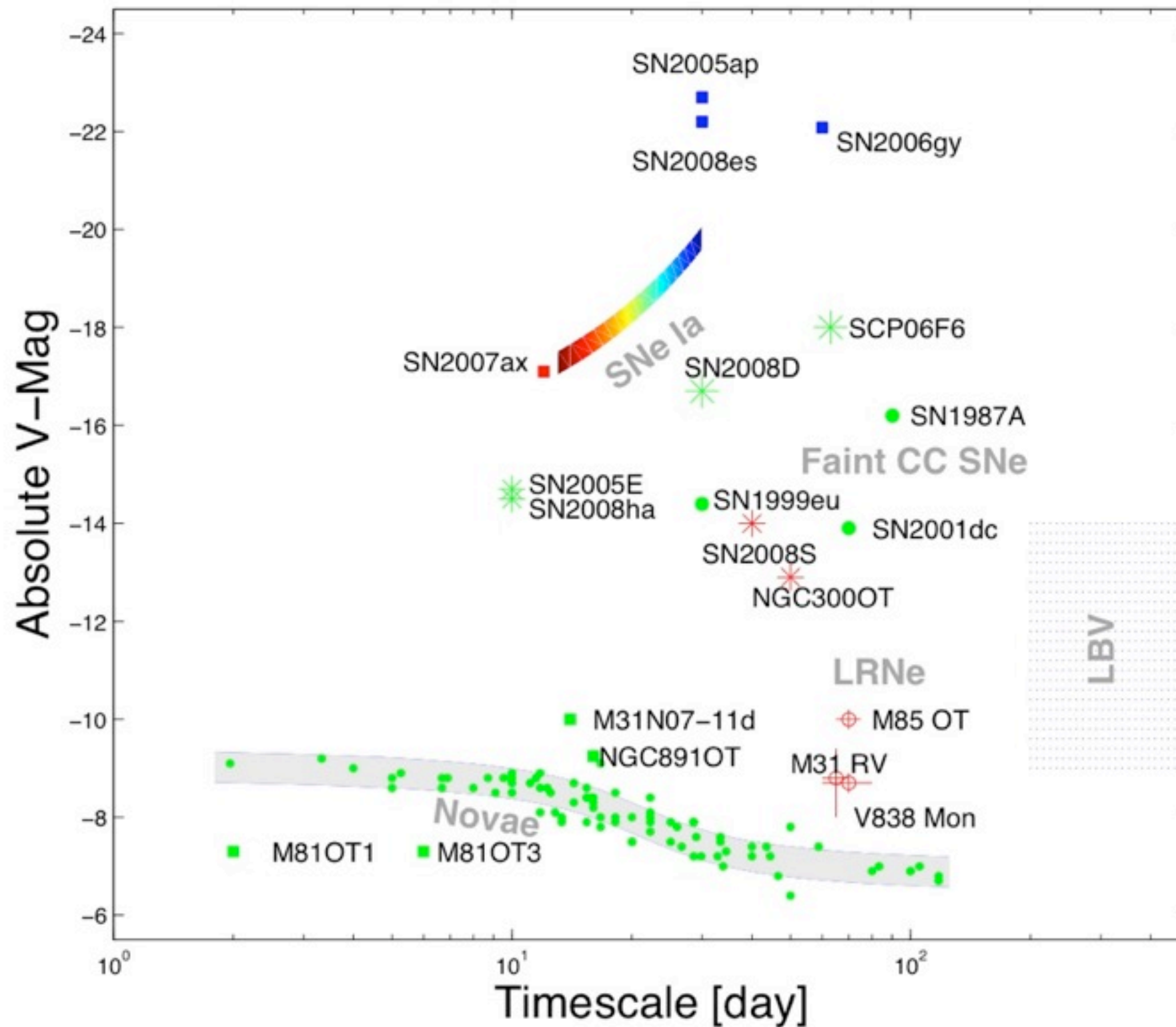
“Explosive Ideas about Massive Stars - from
Observations to Modeling”

AlbaNova: 10-13 August, 2011

Outline

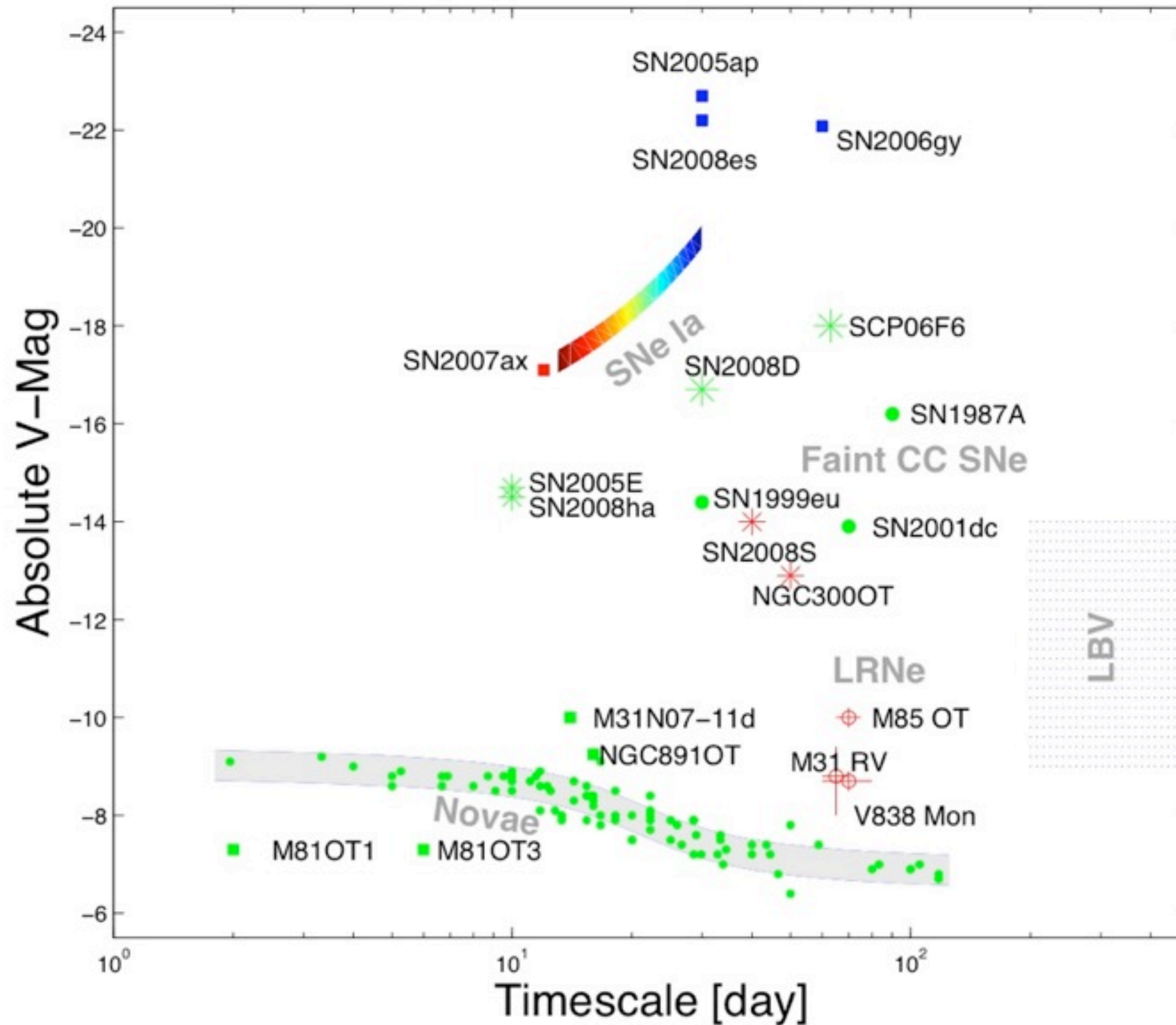
- Introduction: hyper-luminous supernovae and transients in the luminosity “gap”
- High luminosity supernovae:
 - SN 2006jc, SN 2010al & type Ibn SNe
 - SN 2010gx & hyper-luminous SNe Ic
- Sub-luminous supernovae:
 - Weak, H-rich core-collapse supernovae
 - The low-luminosity, 1987A-like SN 2009E
 - Sub-luminous stripped-envelope supernovae
- Faint supernovae IIn or supernova impostors?
- What’s hell is (SN) 2010jp?
- Summary

New transients



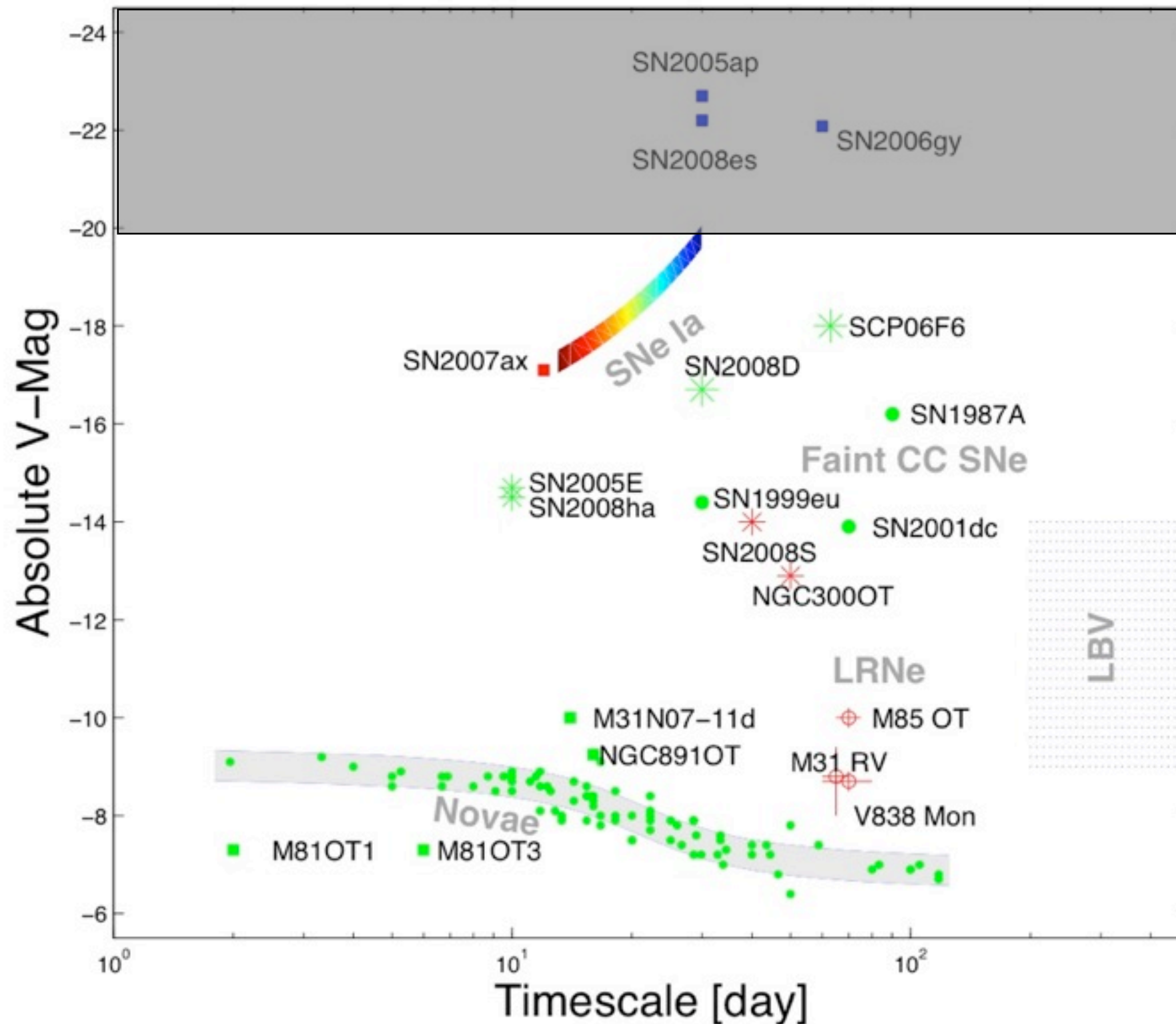
New transients

Kulkarni & Kasliwal 2009



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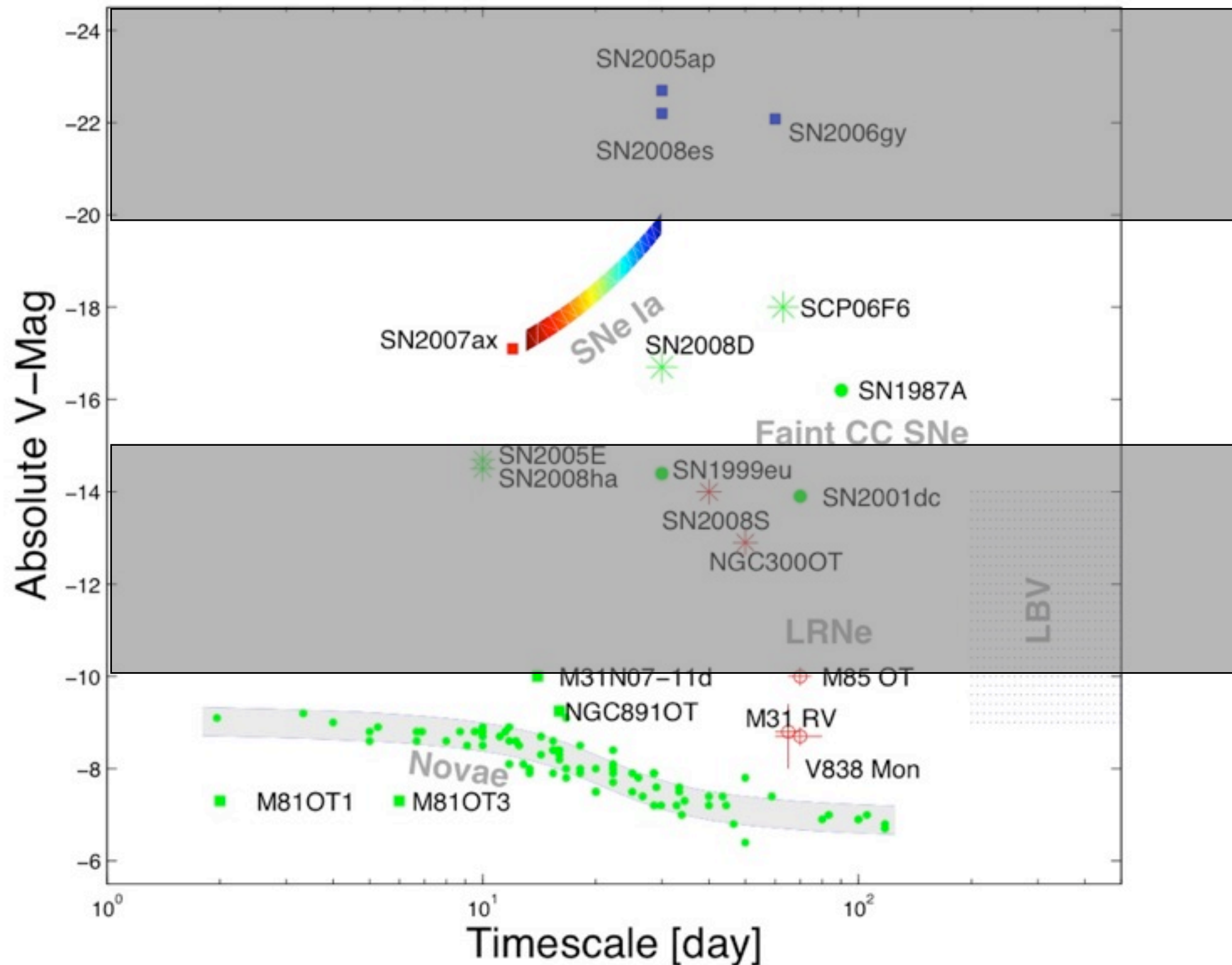
Kulkarni & Kasliwal 2009



Ultra-bright
Supernovae

New transients

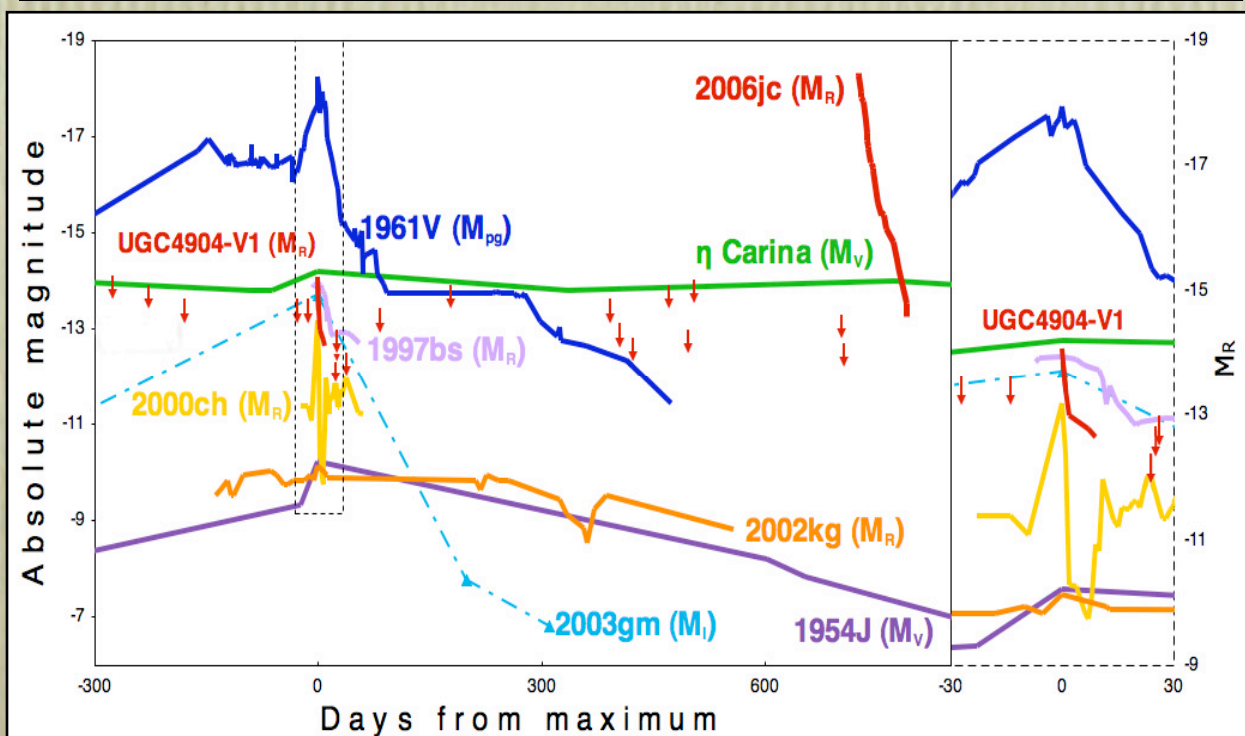
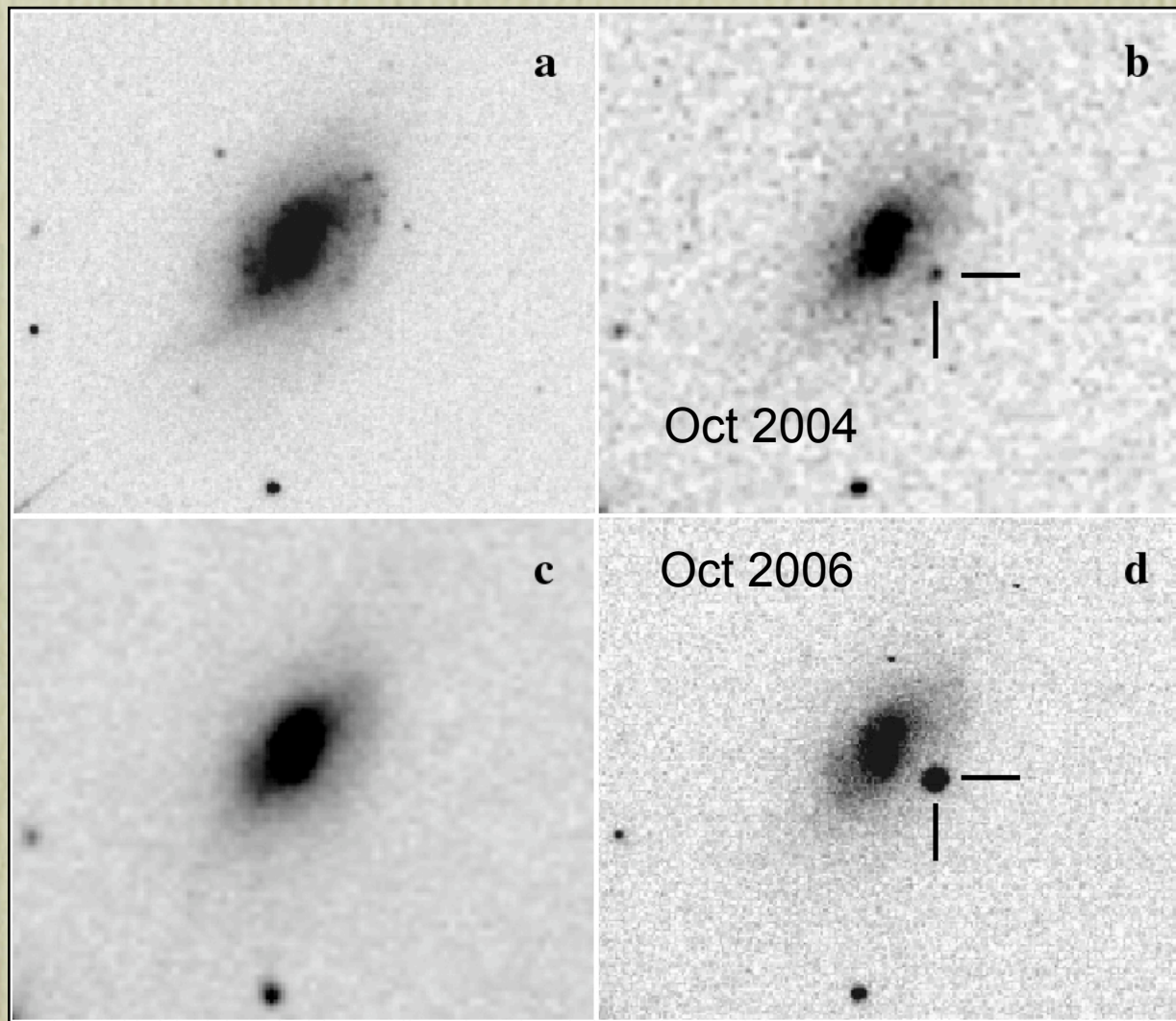
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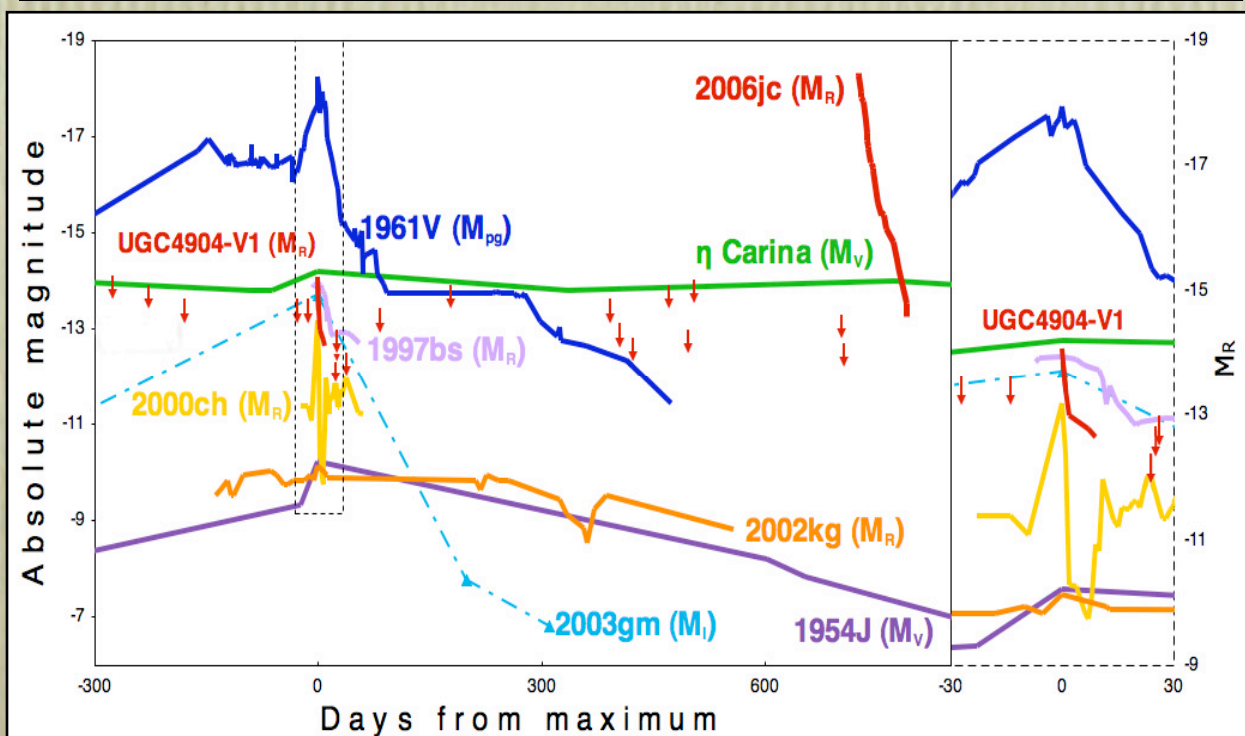
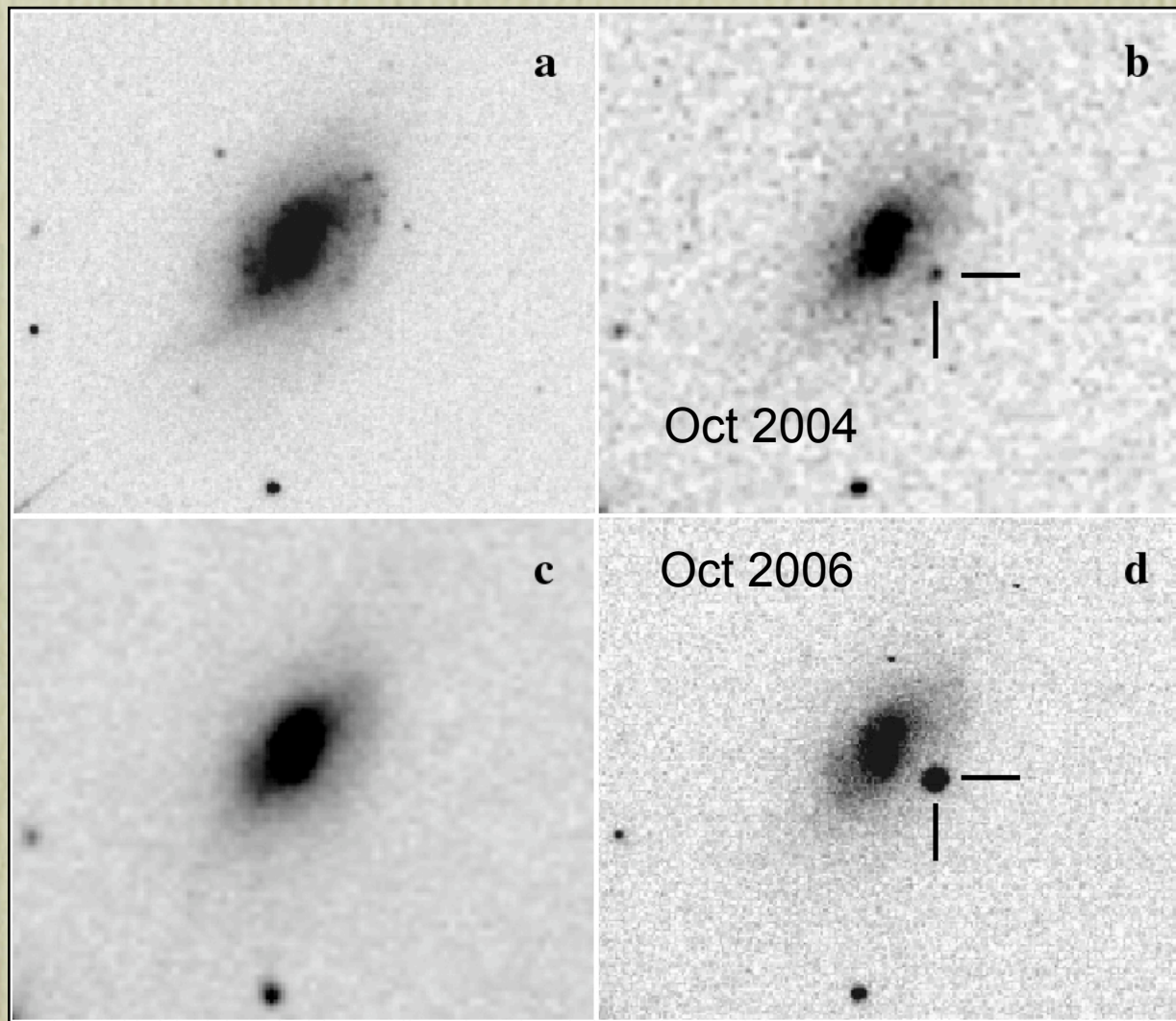
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SN 2006jc: the prototype of type Ibn SNe

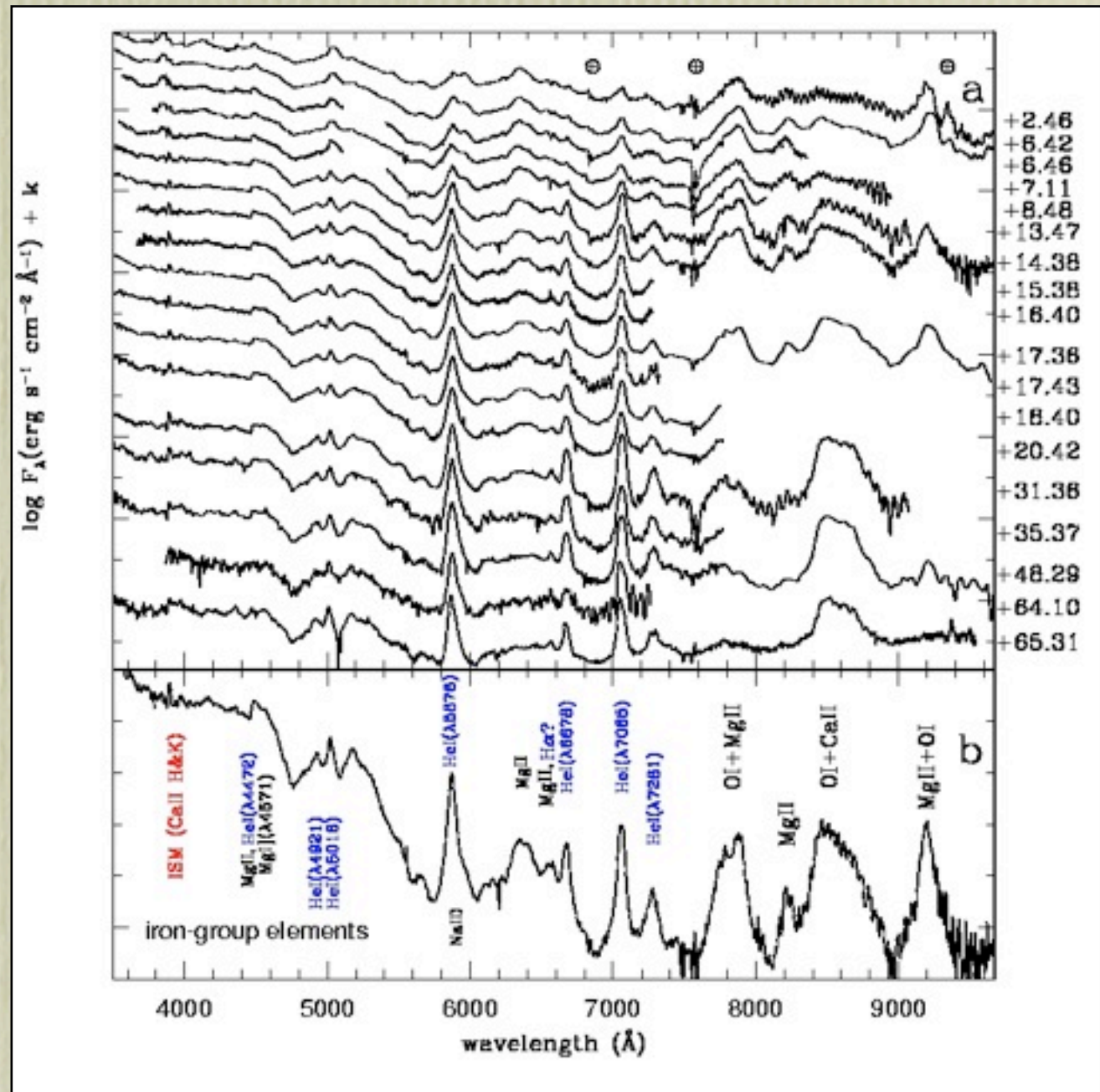
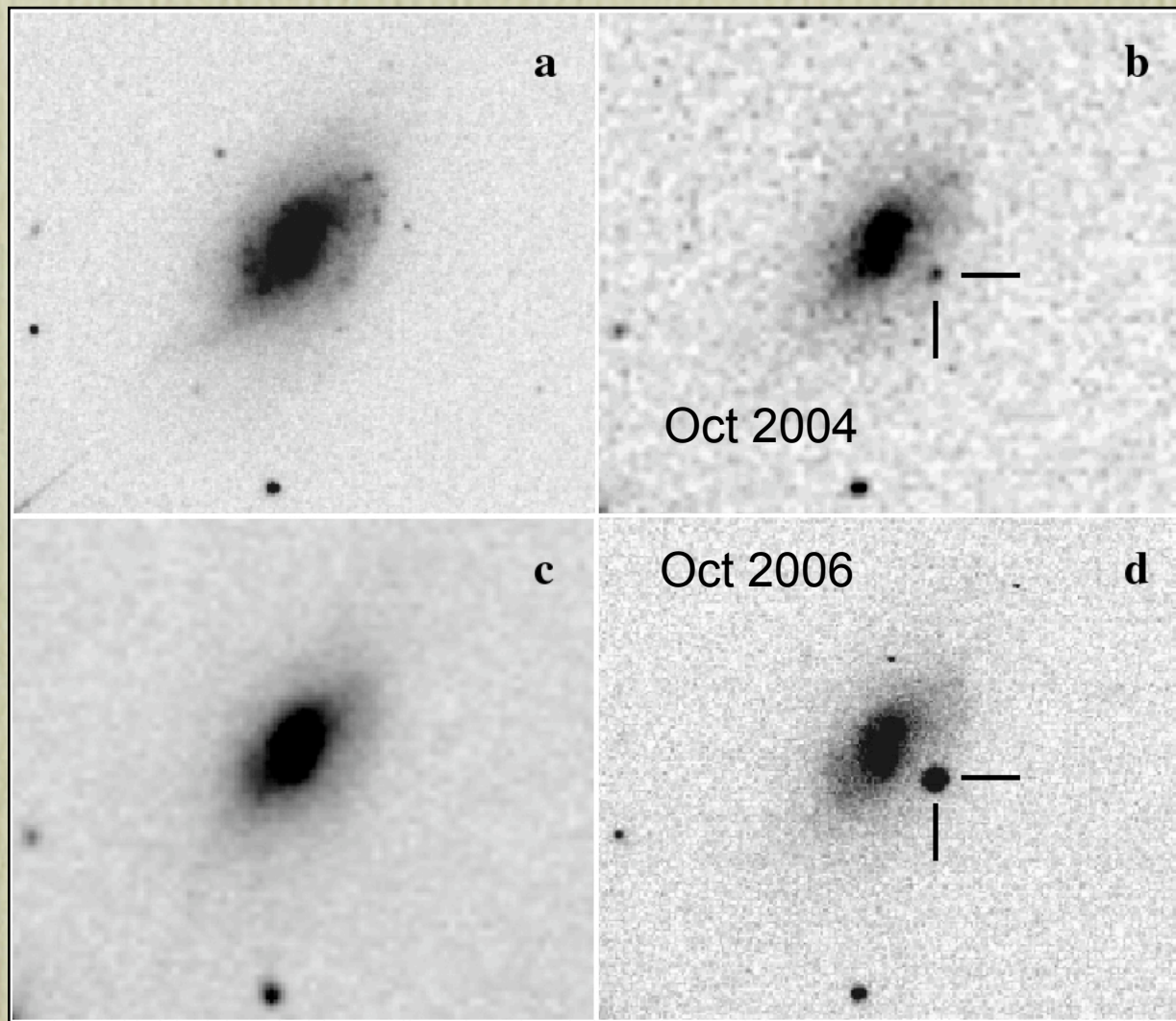


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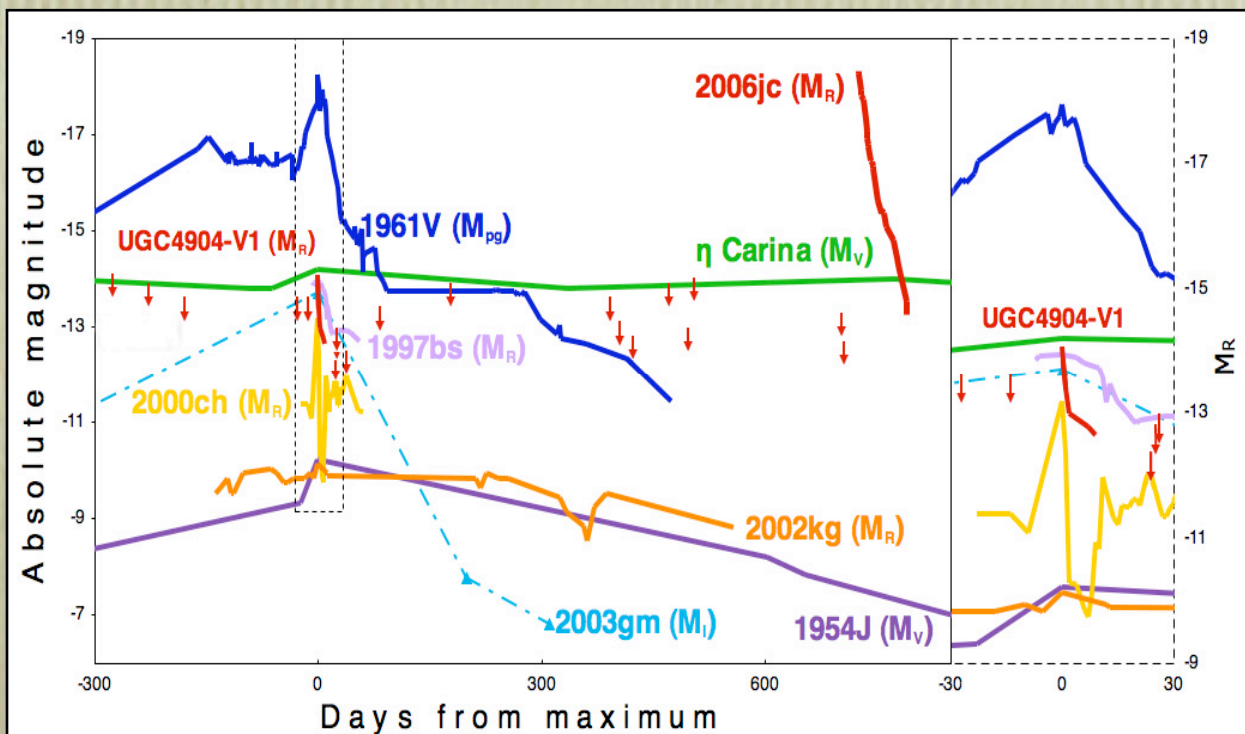


Pastorello et al. 2007

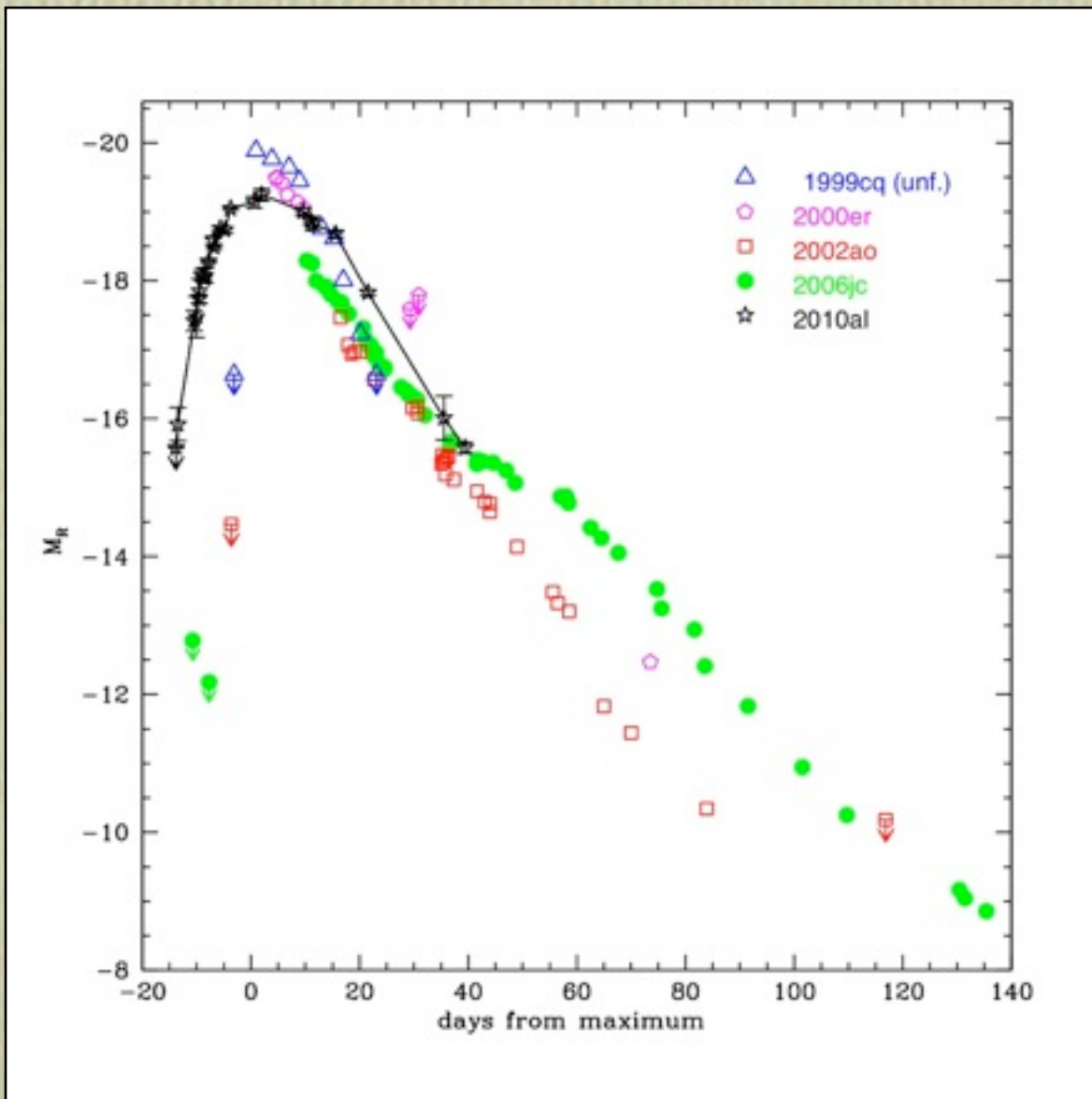
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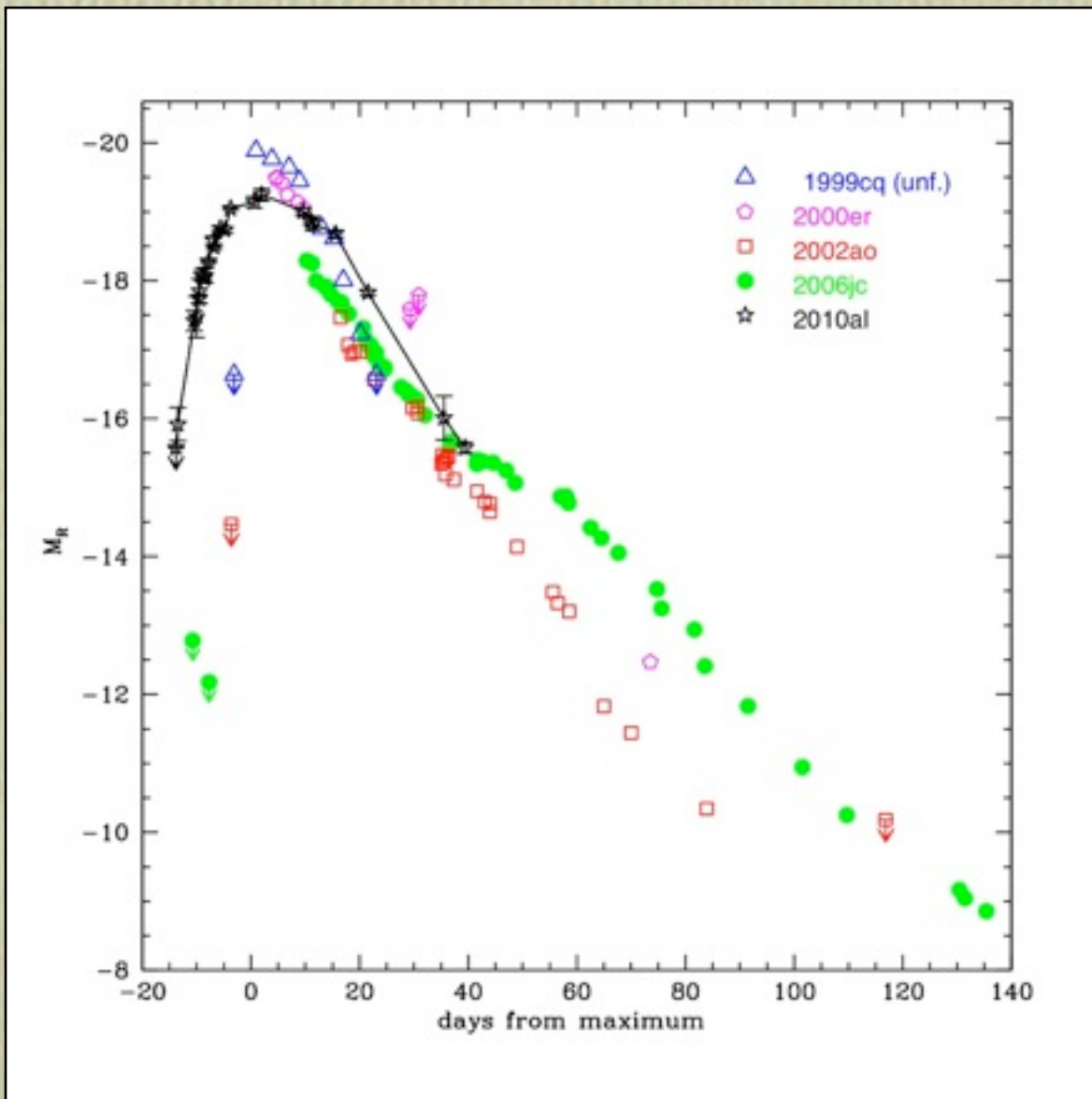
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The type Ibn SN 2010al

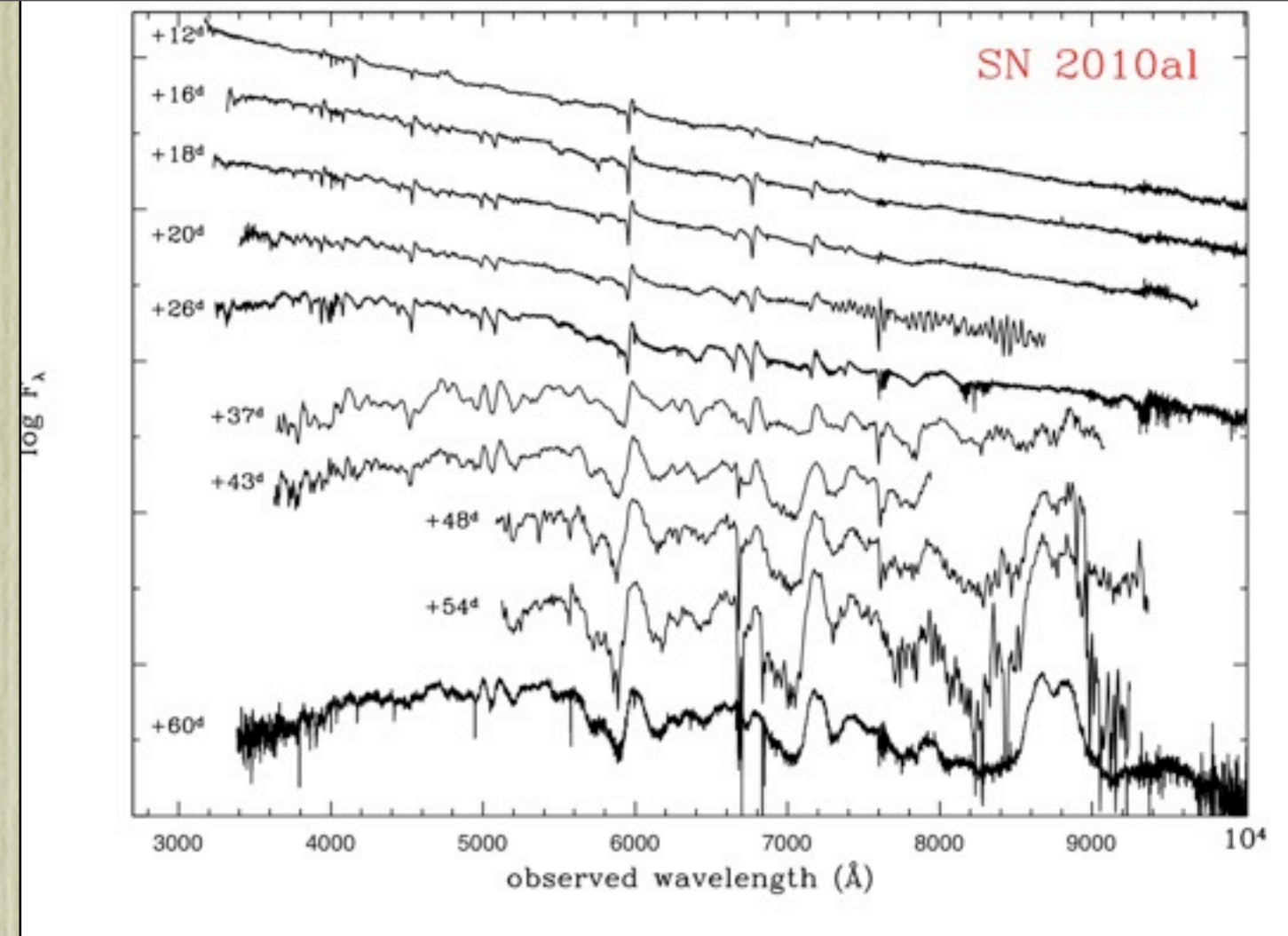
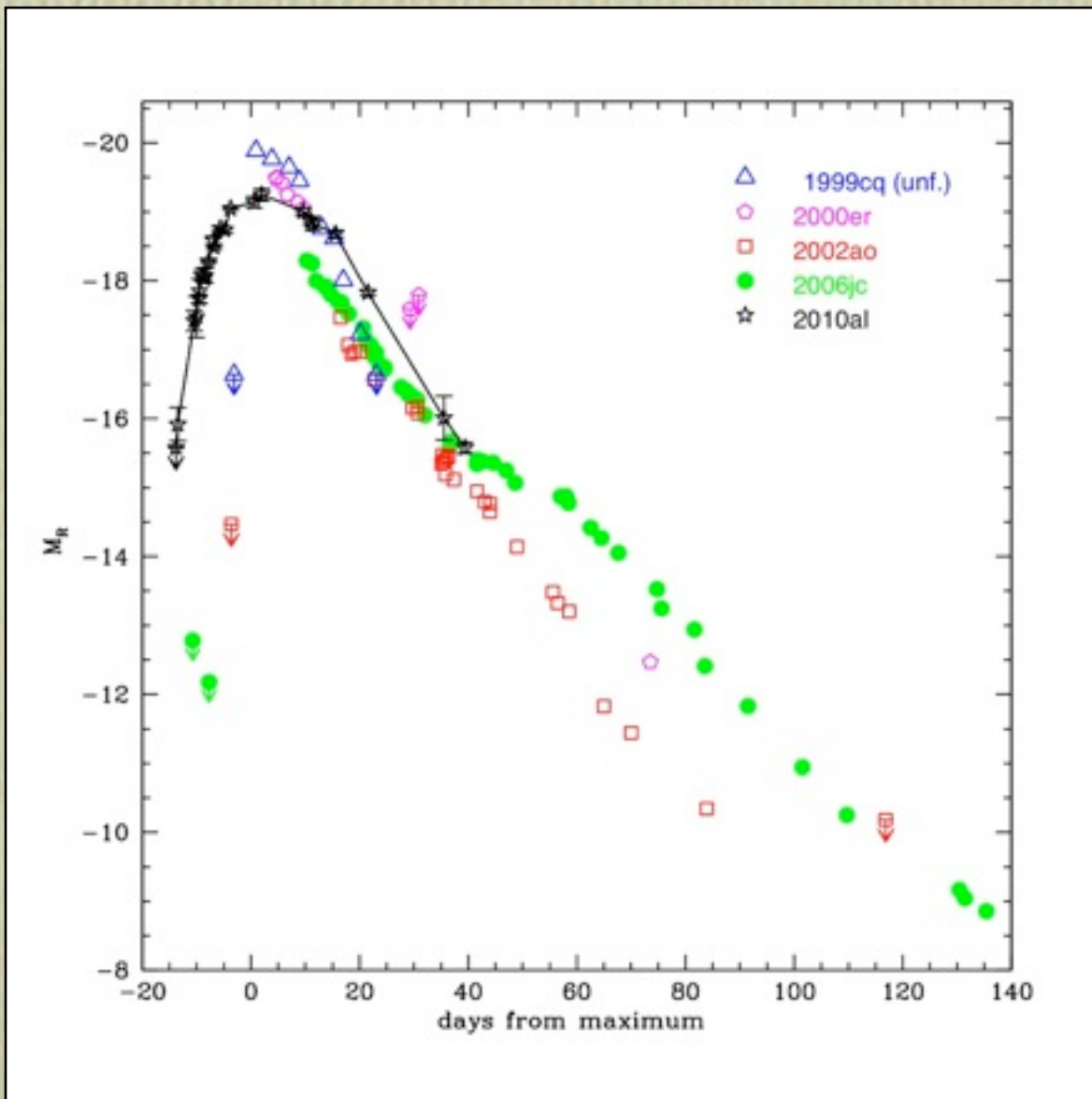


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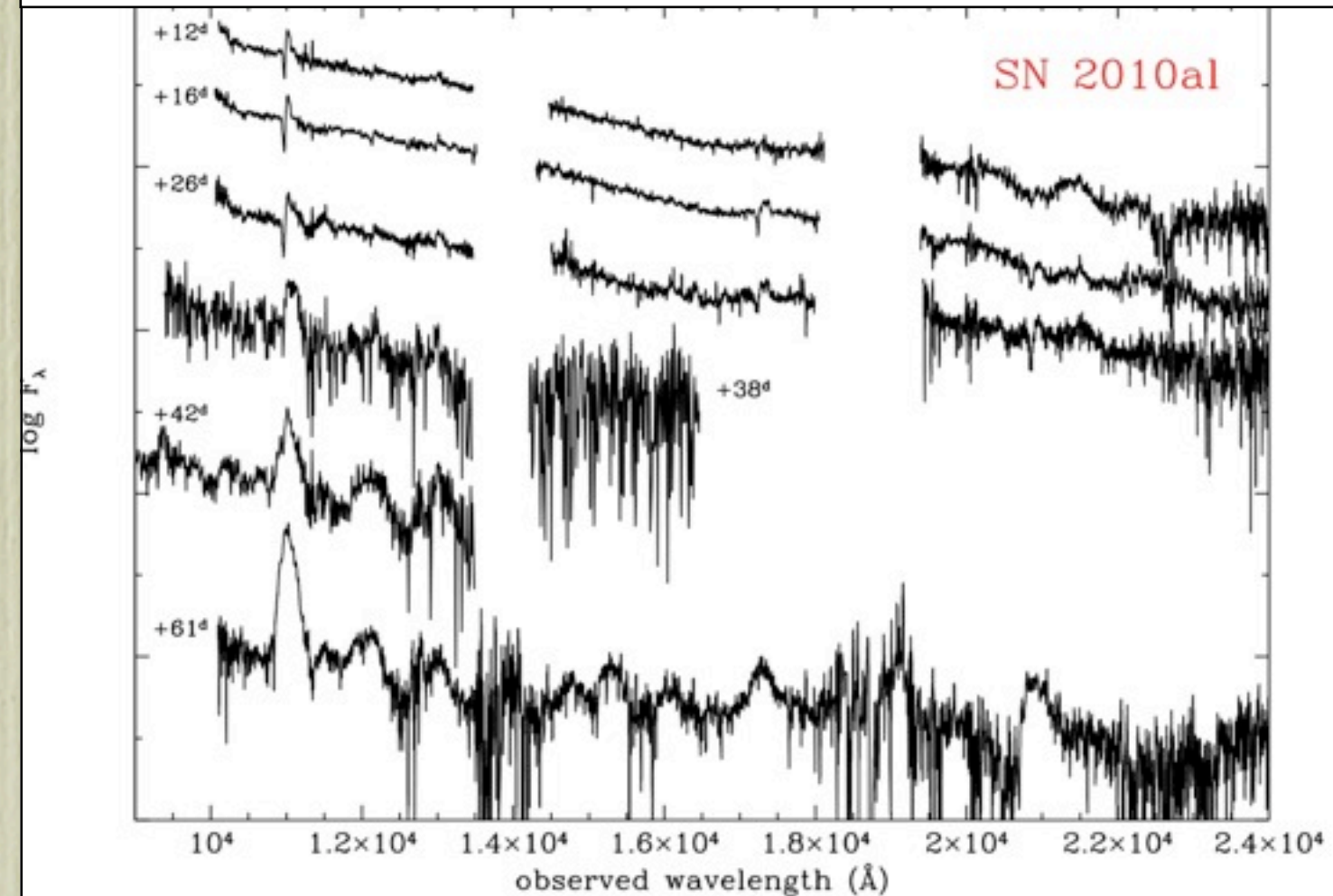
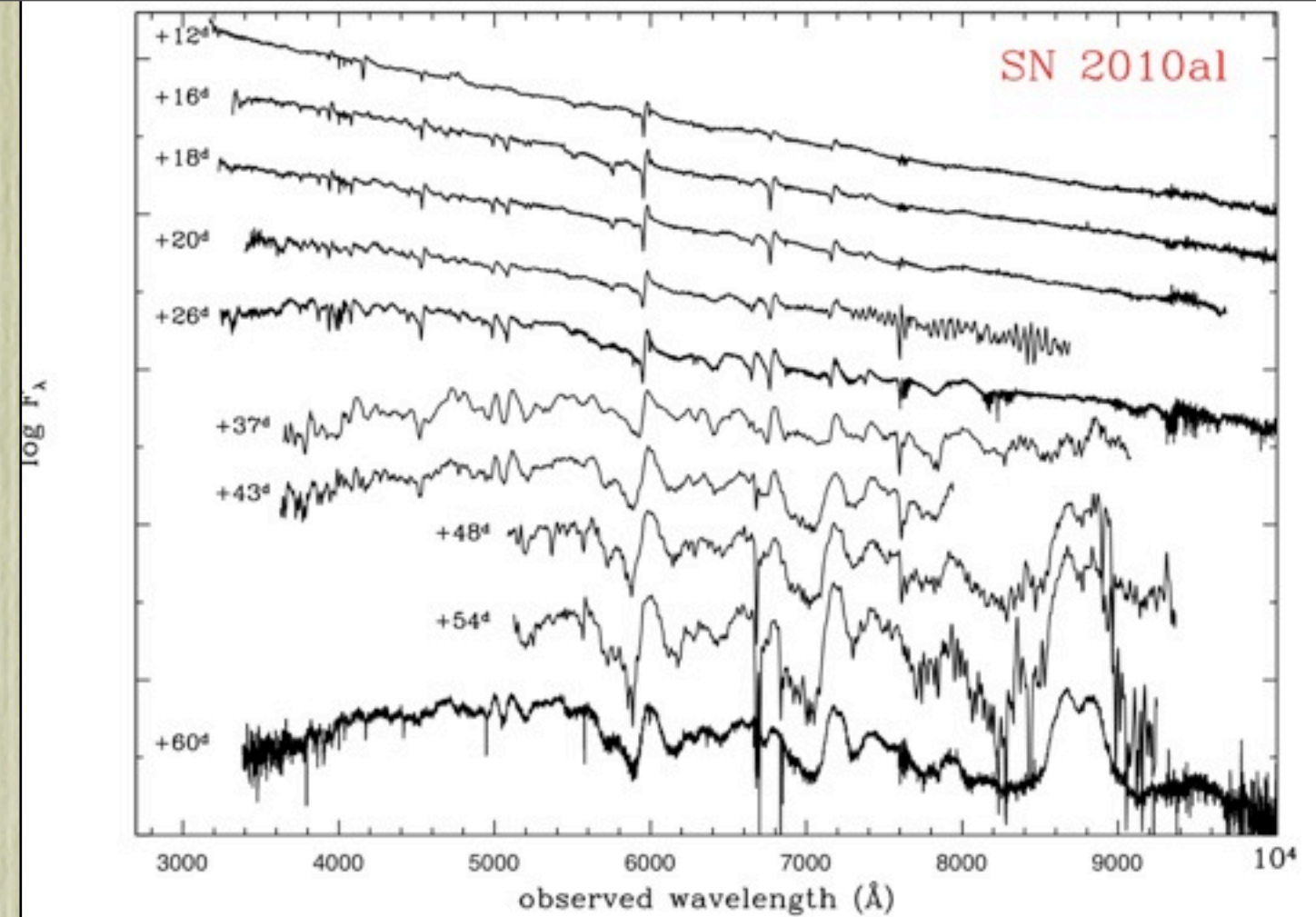
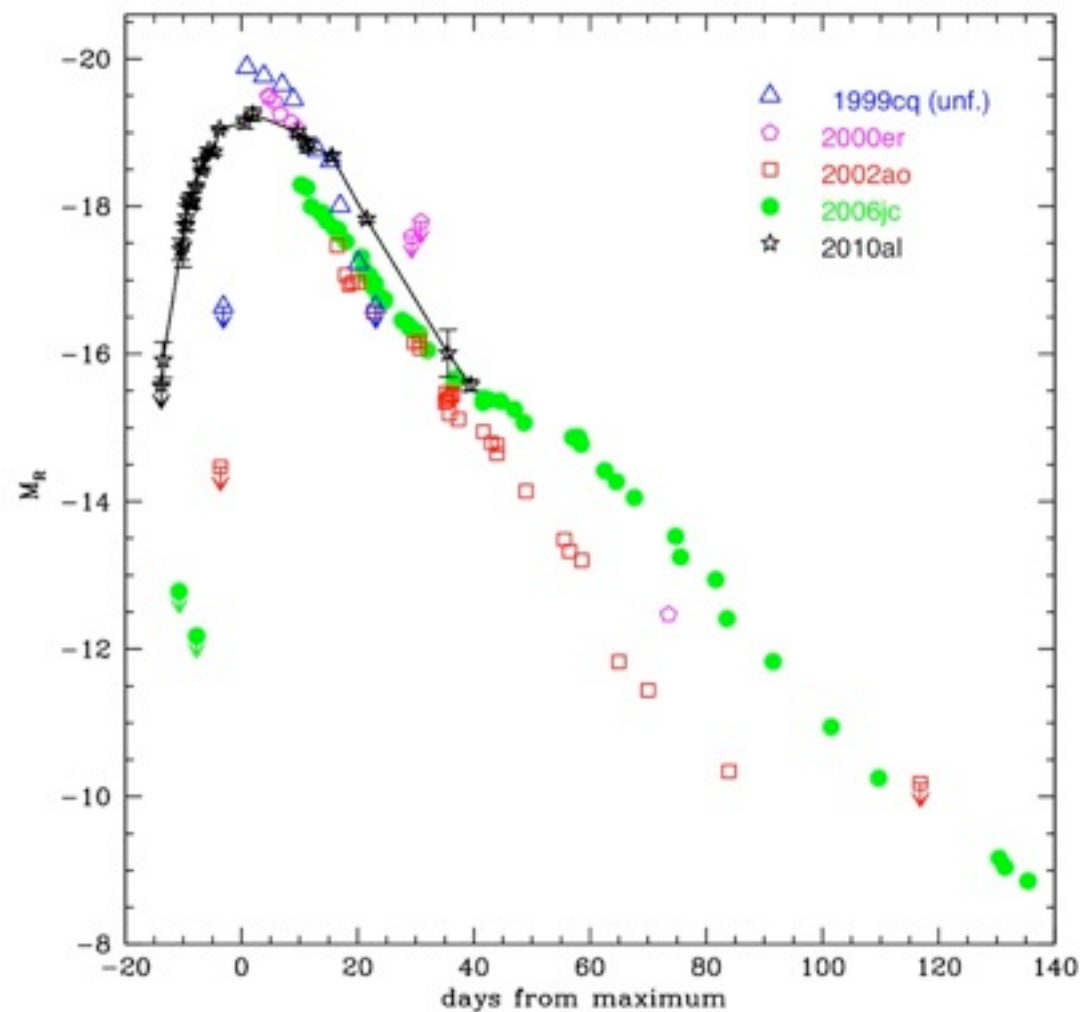
Pastorello et al. in preparation

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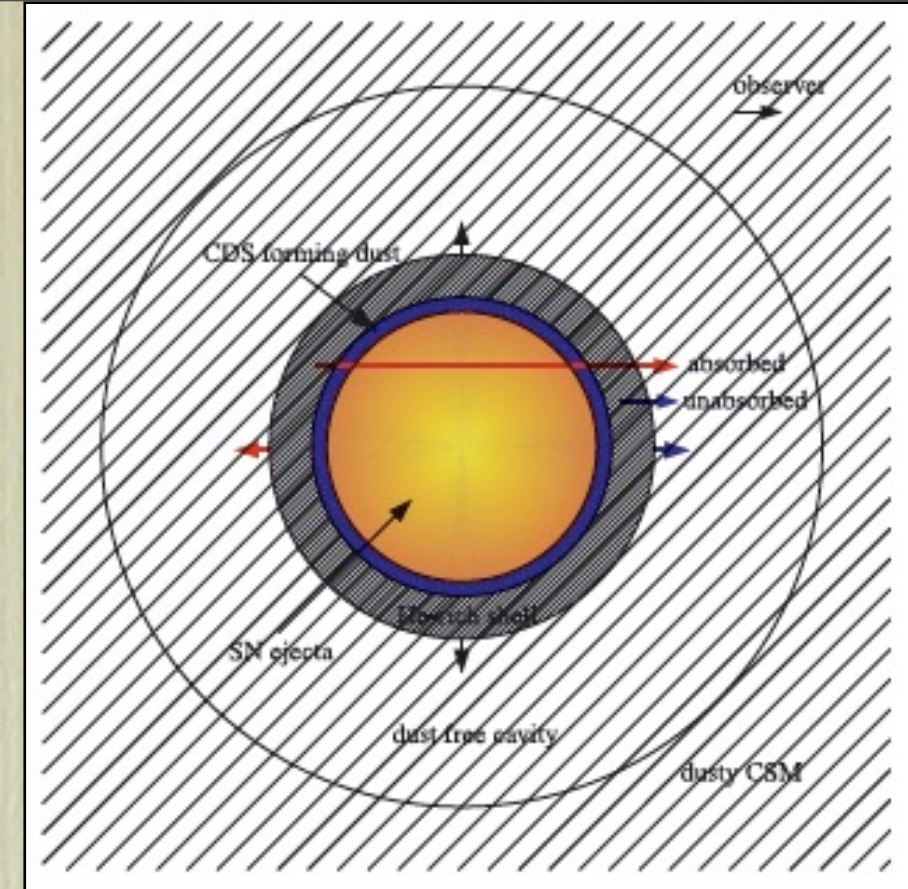
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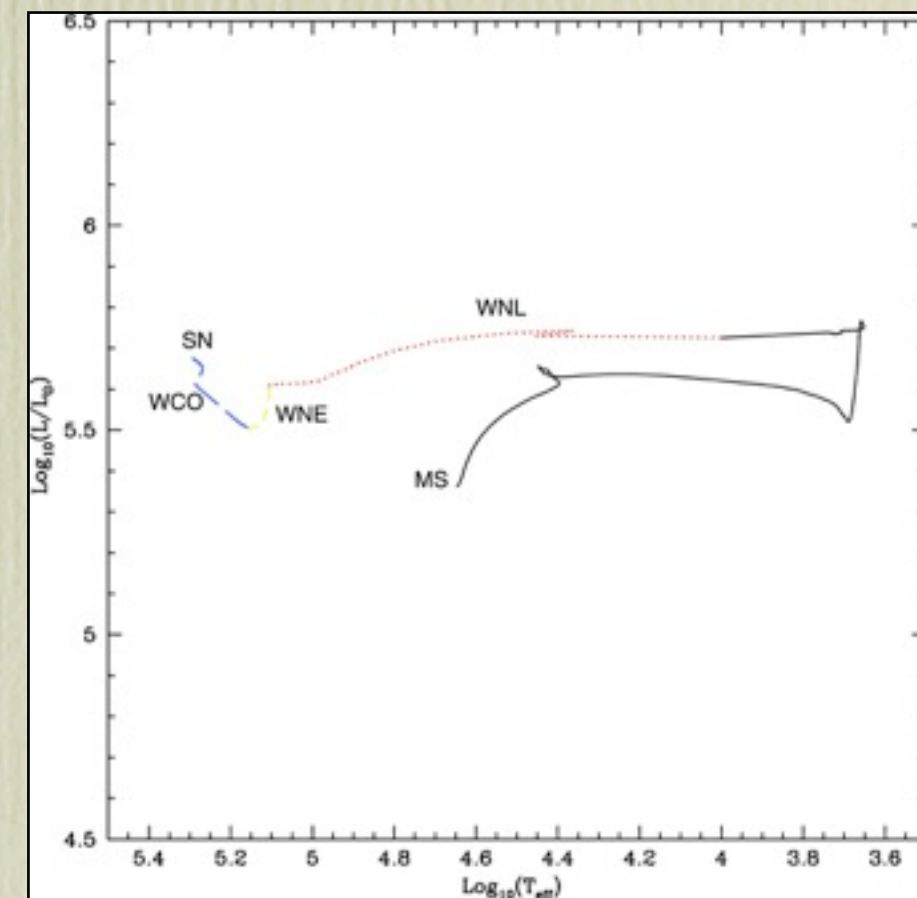
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Progenitors of SNe Ibn

- Type Ib/c SNe interacting with a He-rich CSM (*Foley et al. 2007; Pastorello et al. 2007, 2008a, 2009; Smith et al. 2008; Immer et al. 2008; Tominaga et al. 2008; Anupama et al. 2009; Chugai 2009; and others*)
- $E \sim \text{a few} \times 10^{51} \text{ erg}$; $M_{\text{ej}} \sim 5M_{\odot}$; $M_{\text{Ni}} < 0.3M_{\odot}$ (*Chugai 2009; Tominaga et al. 2008*)
- WR star that expelled He-rich material before core-collapse
- Alternative for 2006jc: a binary system (erupting LBV + WR exploding as SN)

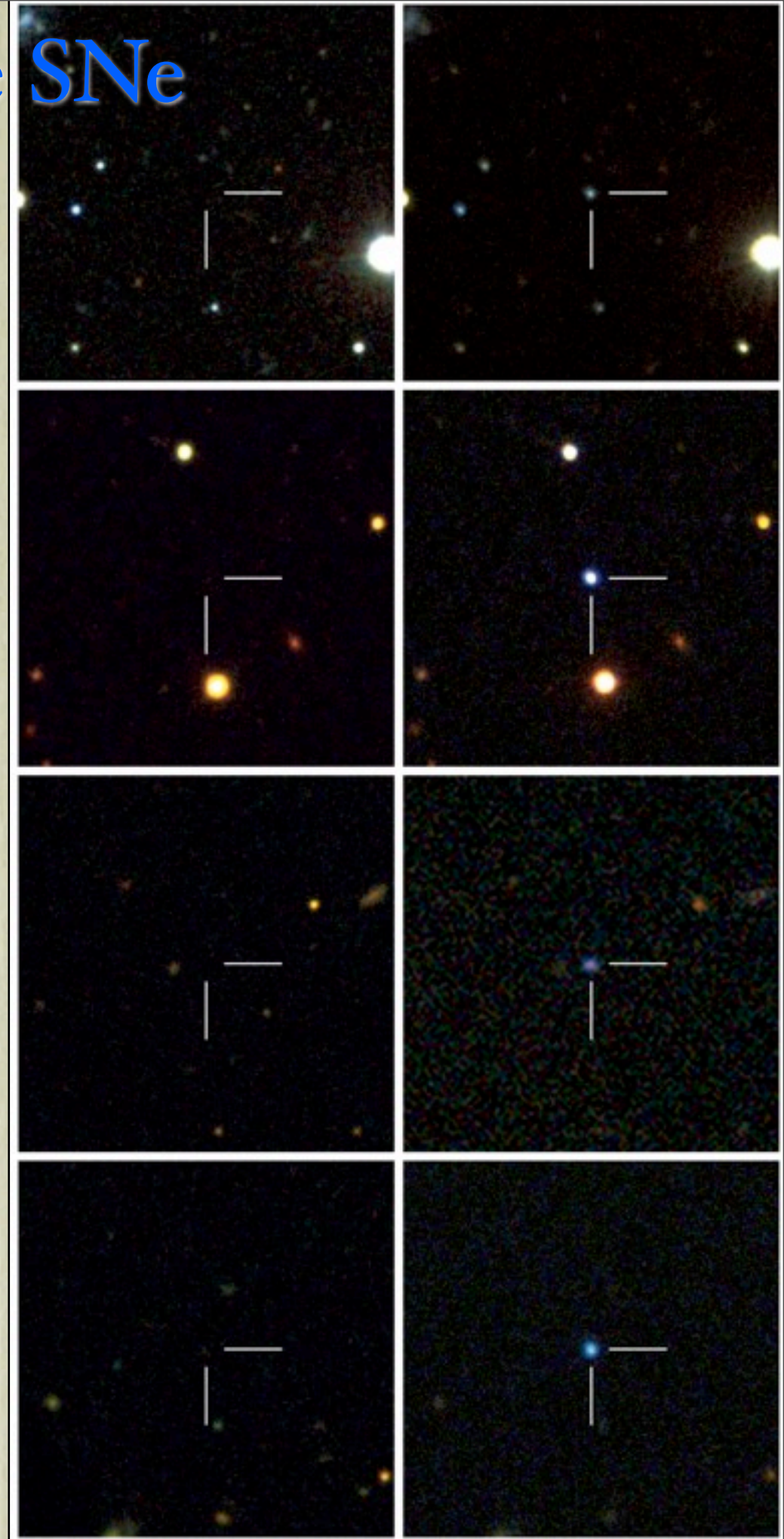
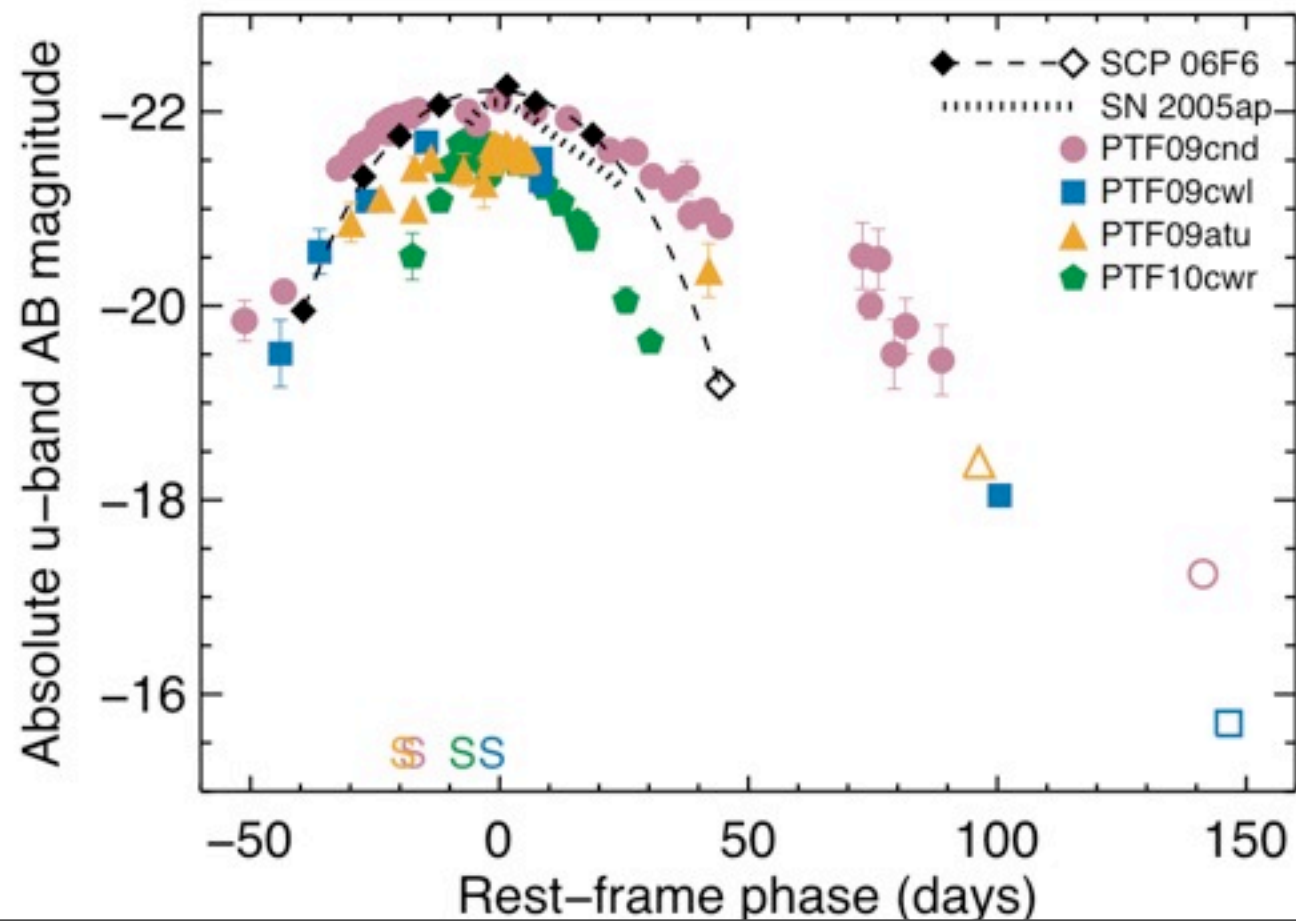
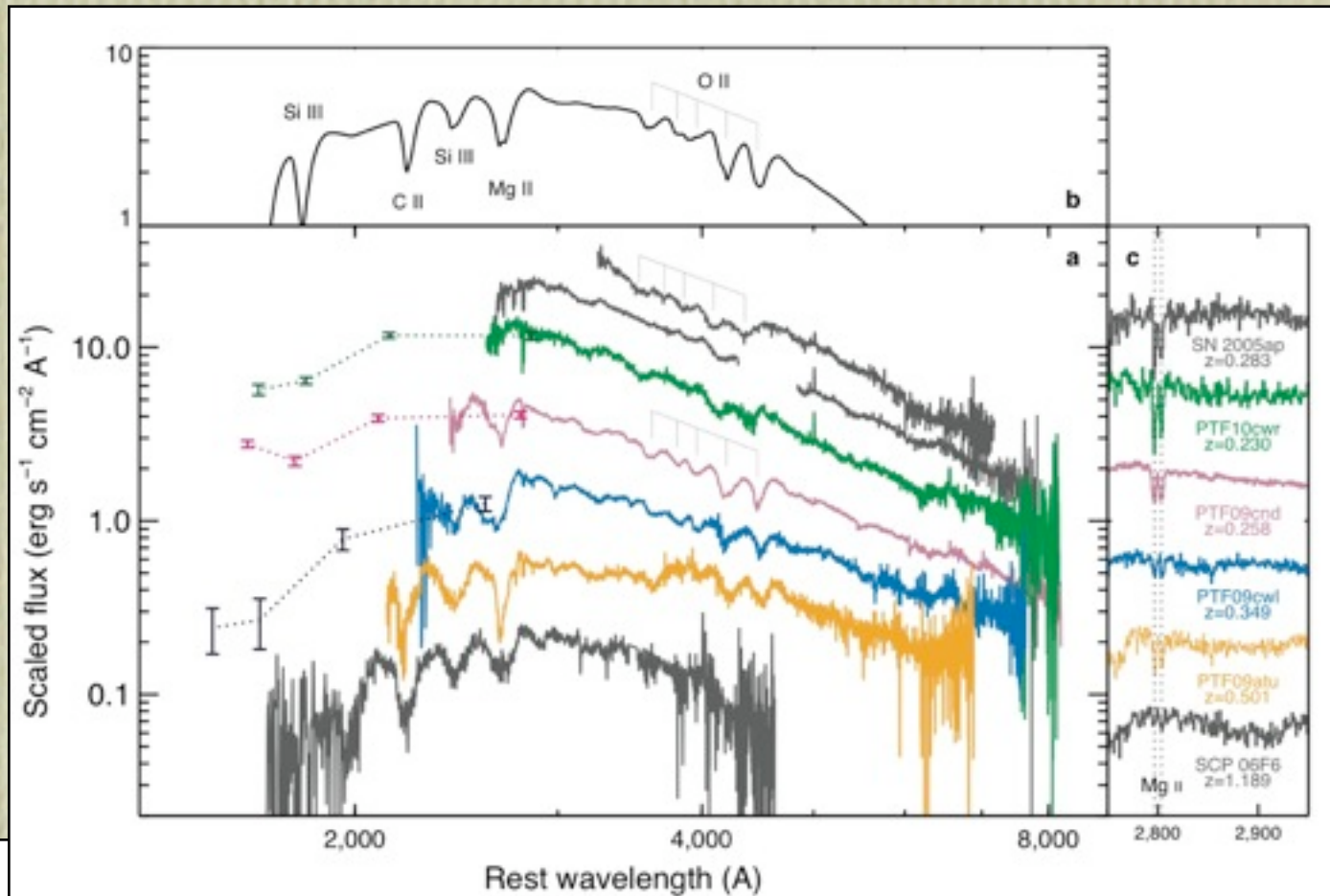


Mattila et al. 2008

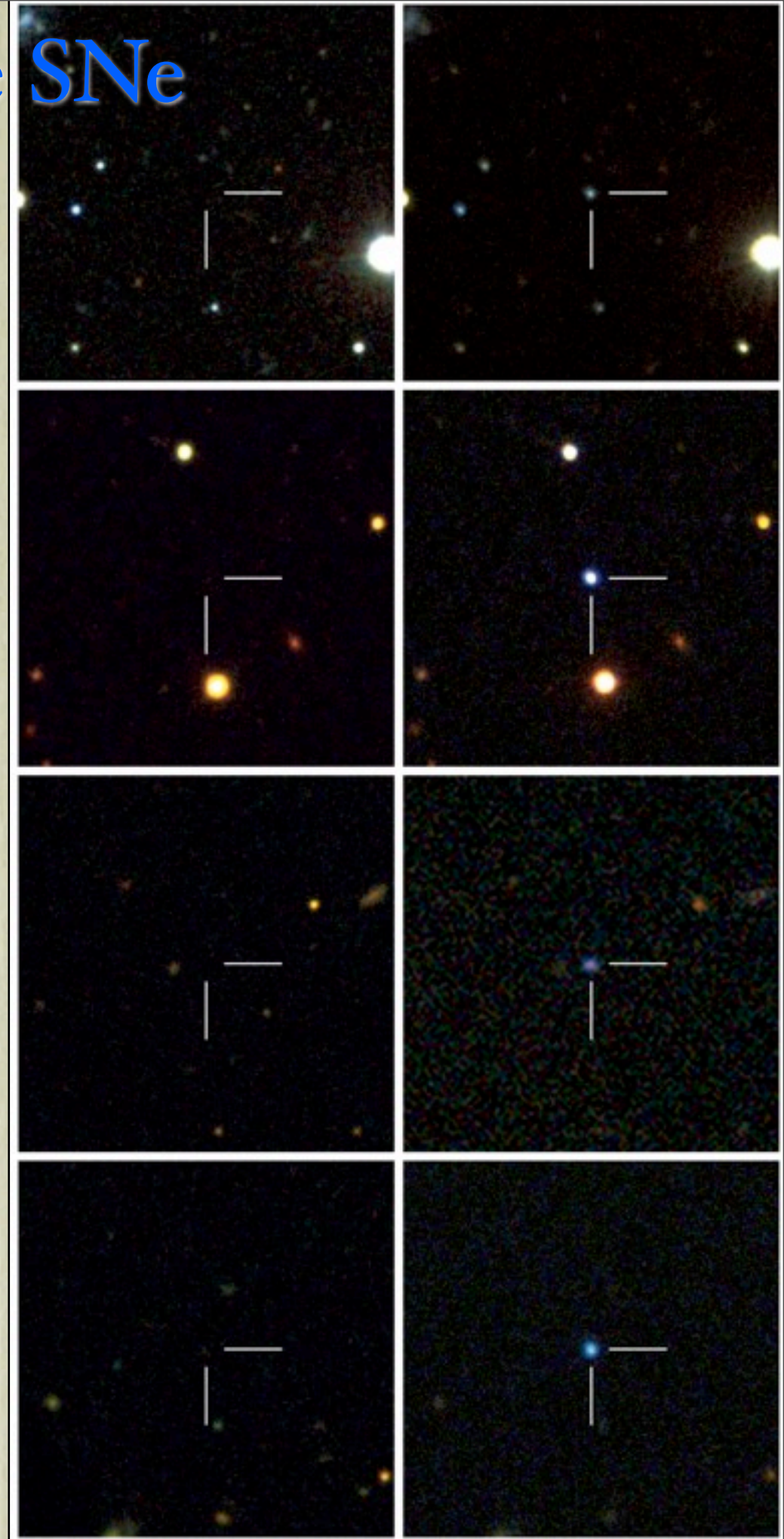
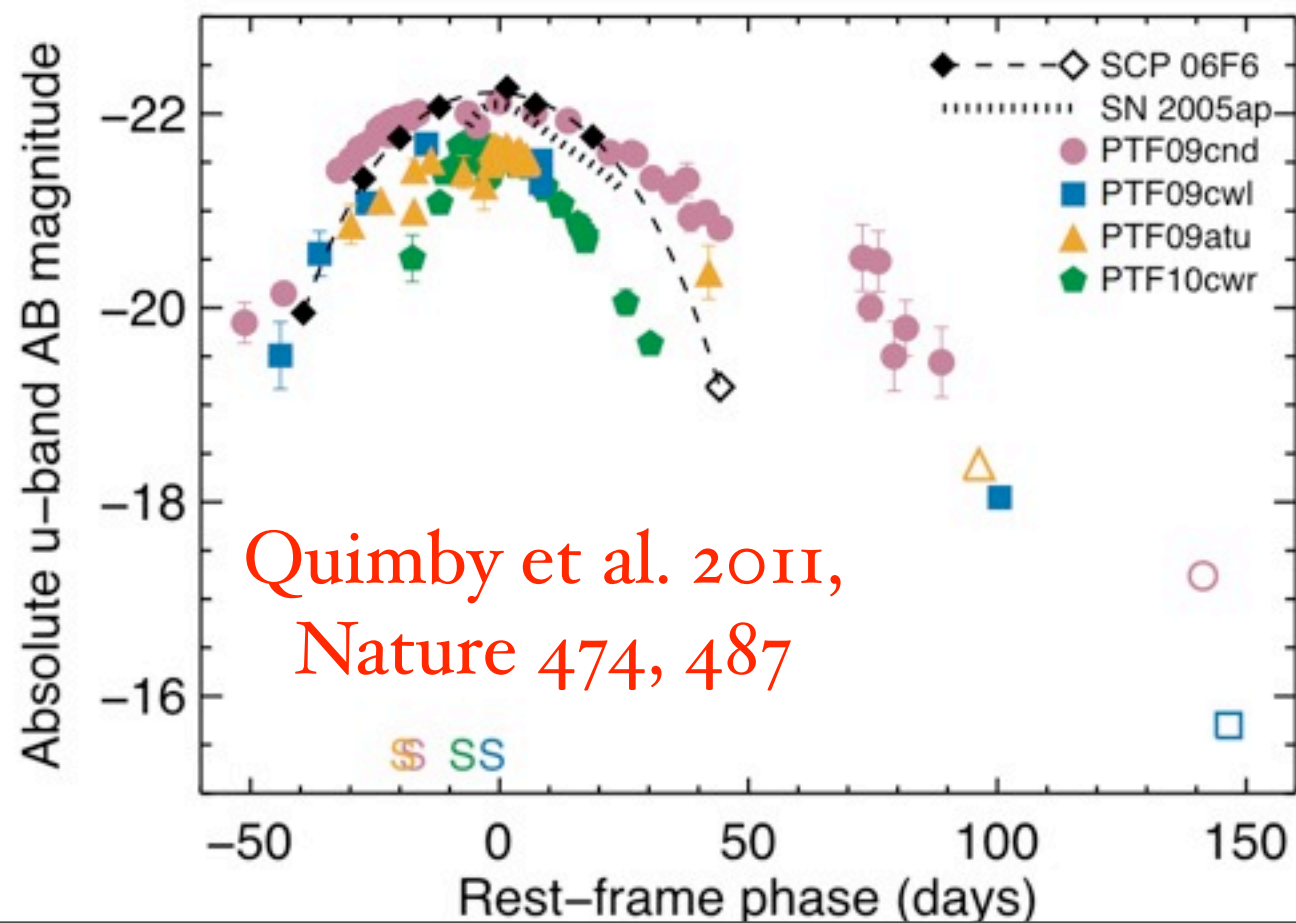
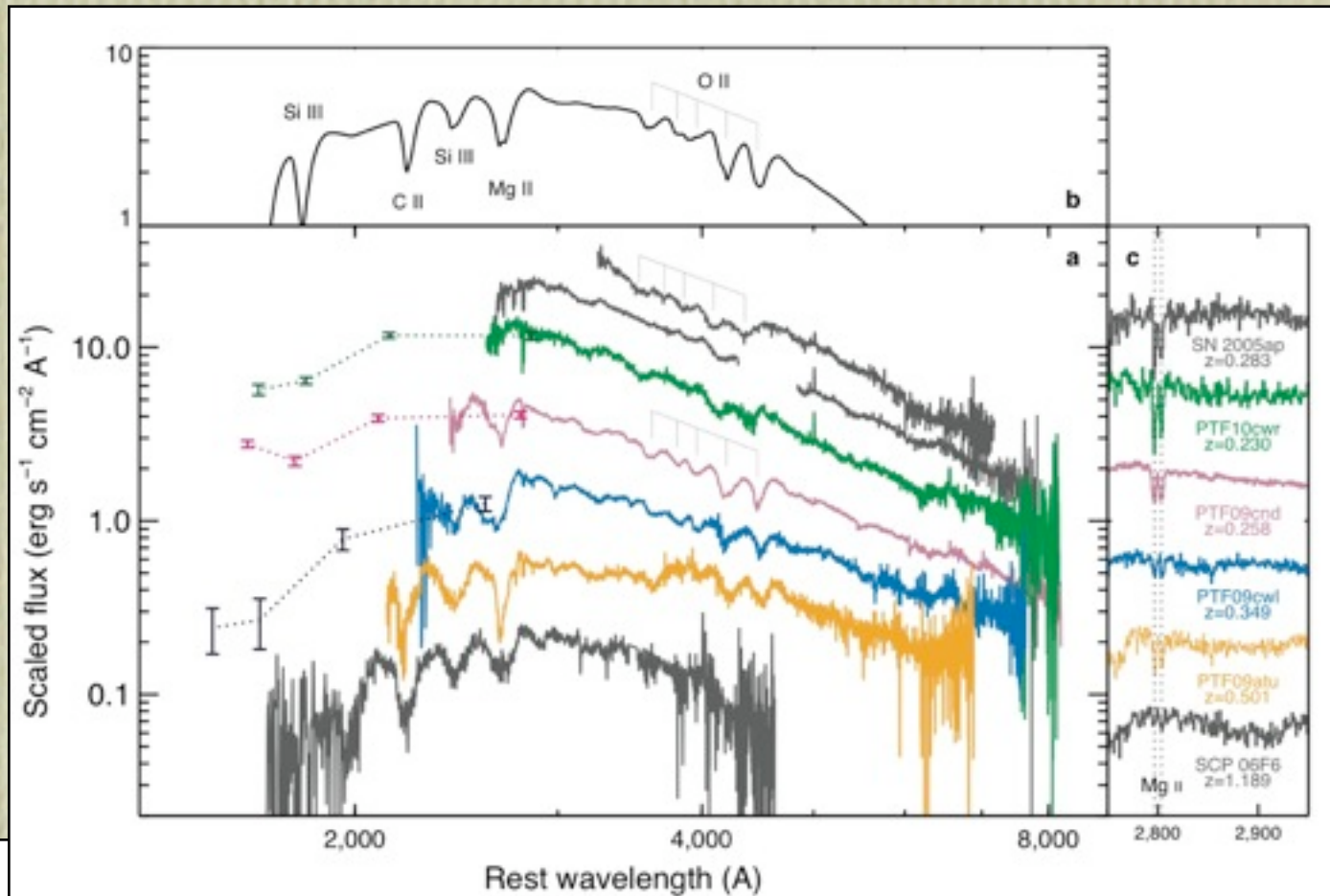


Tominaga et al. 2008

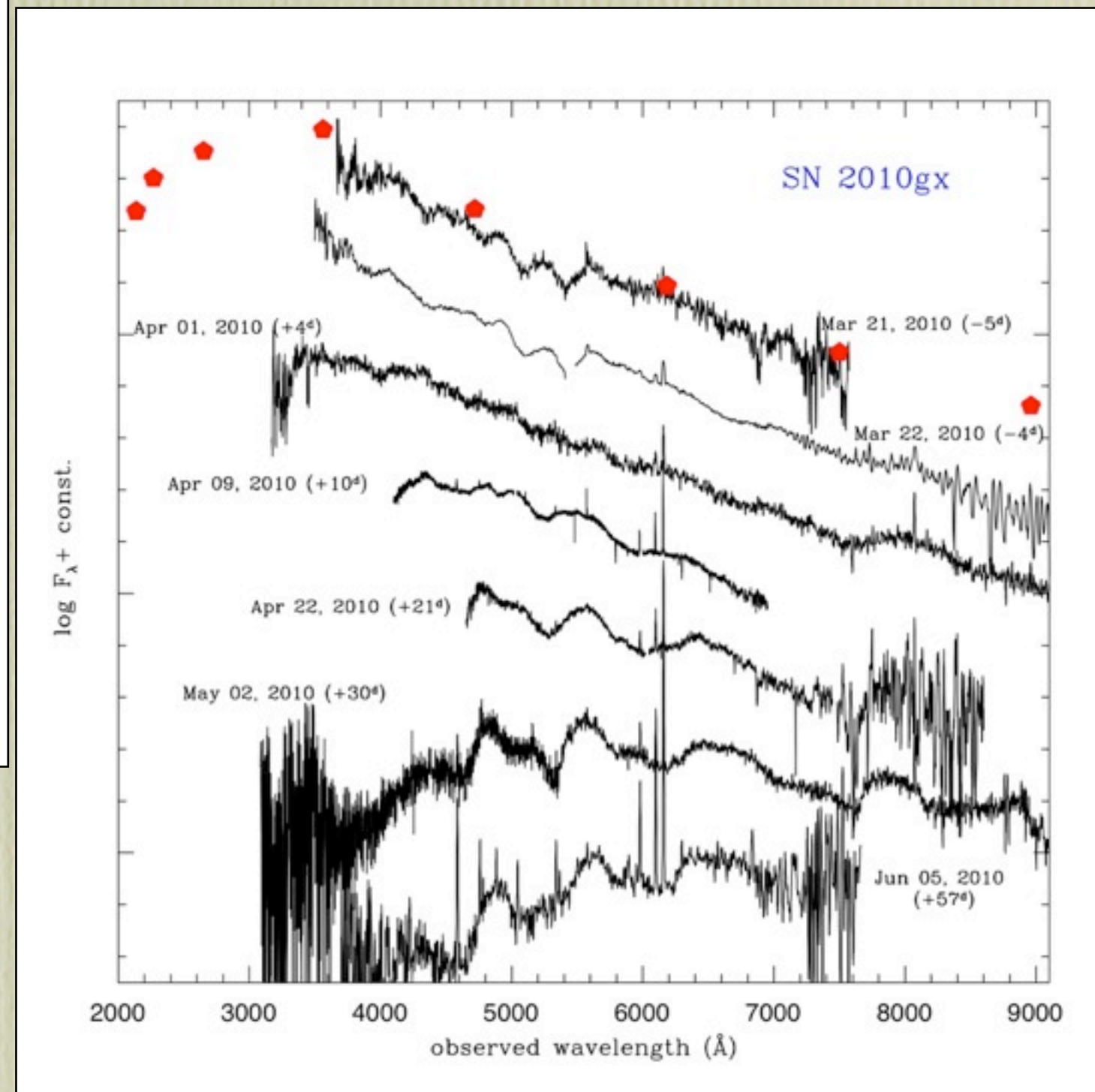
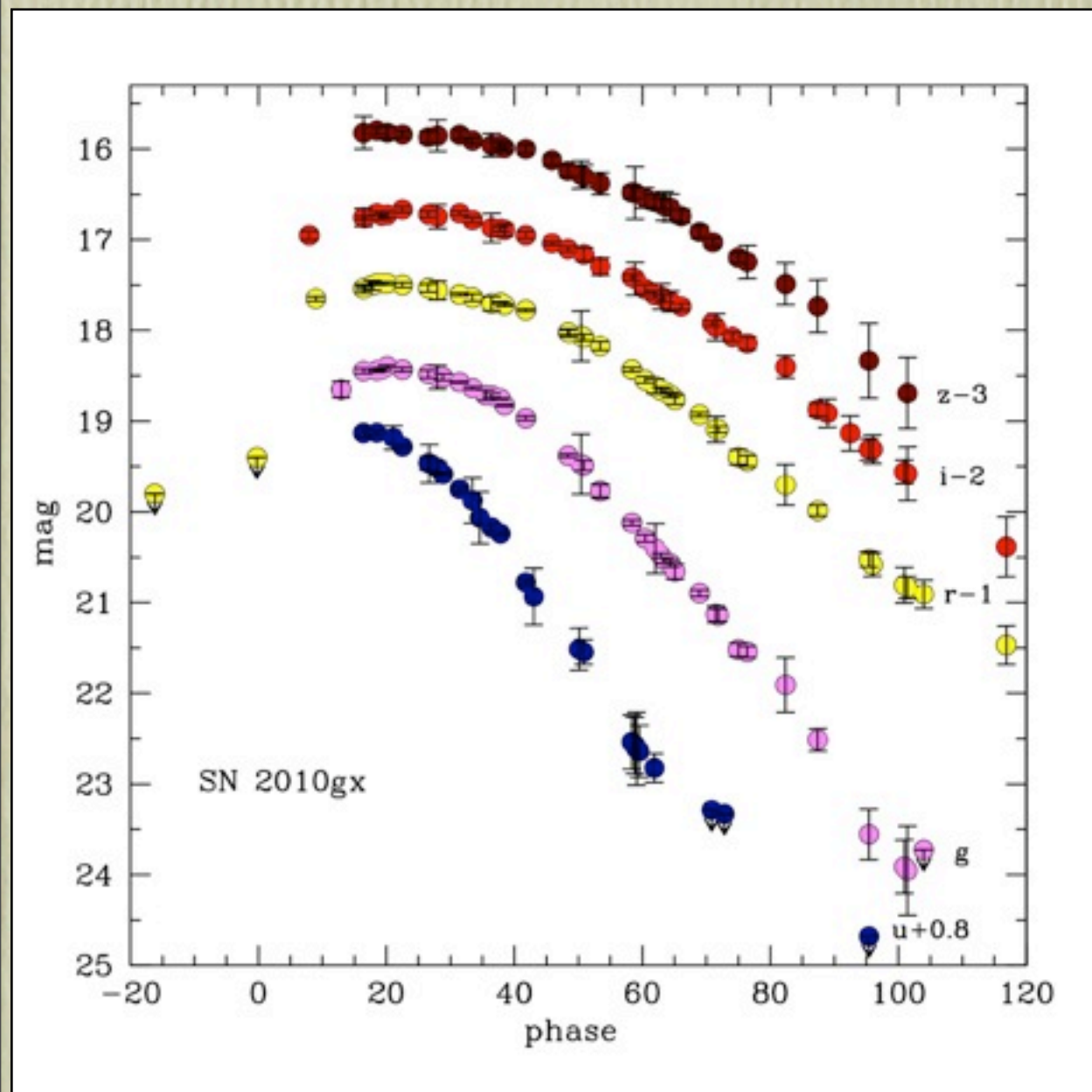
Ultra-bright stripped-envelope SNe



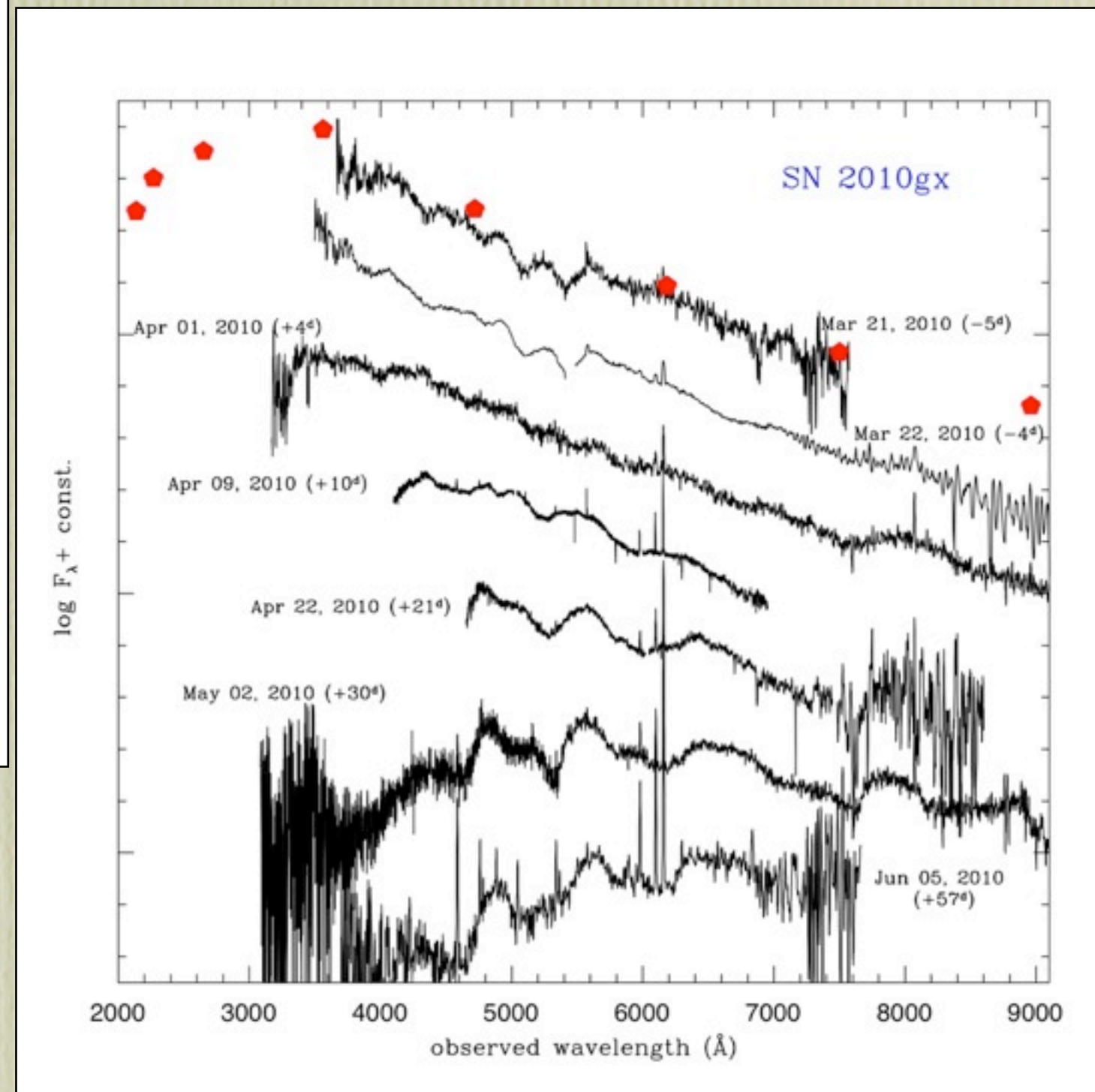
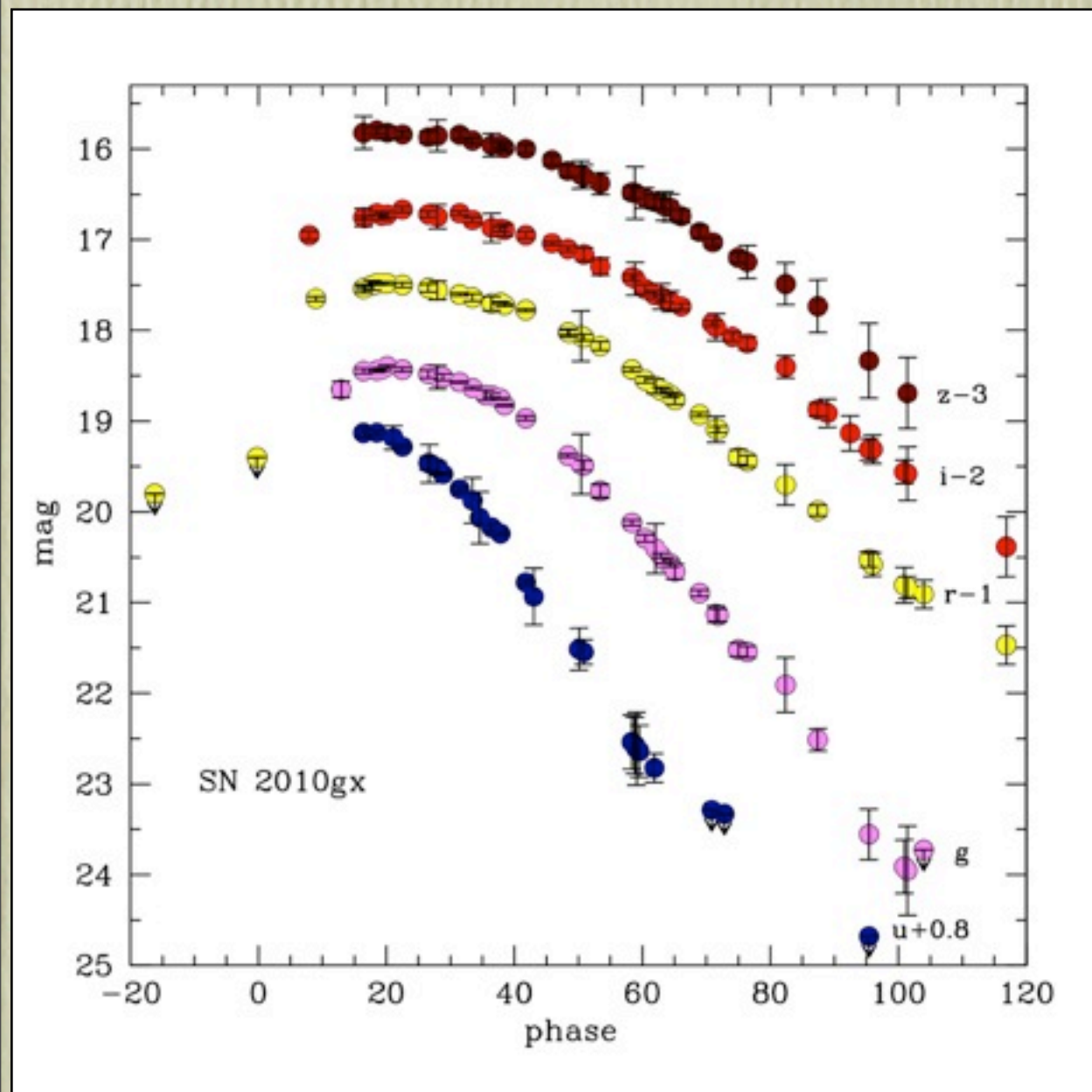
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Ultra-bright stripped-envelope SNe: SN 2010gx

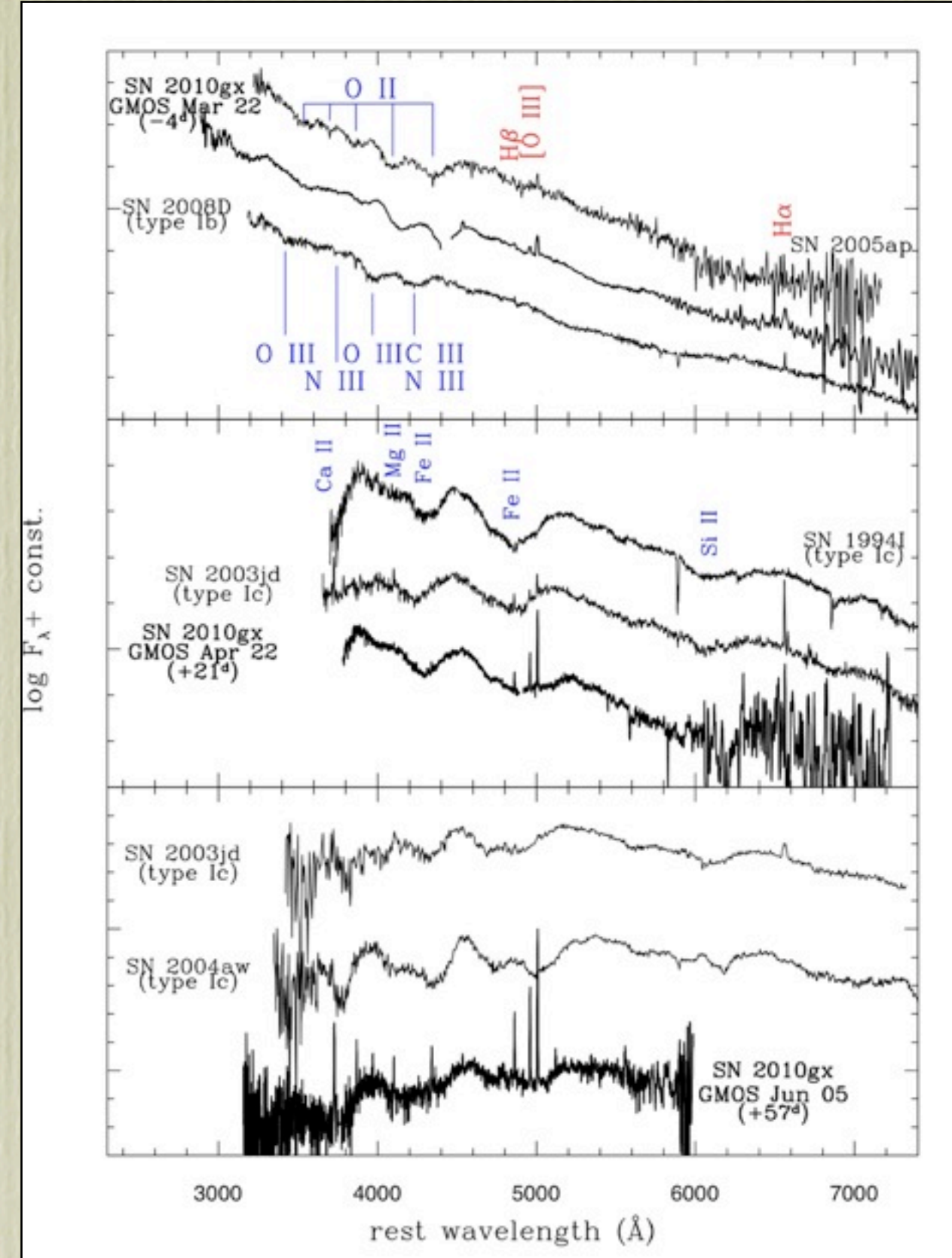
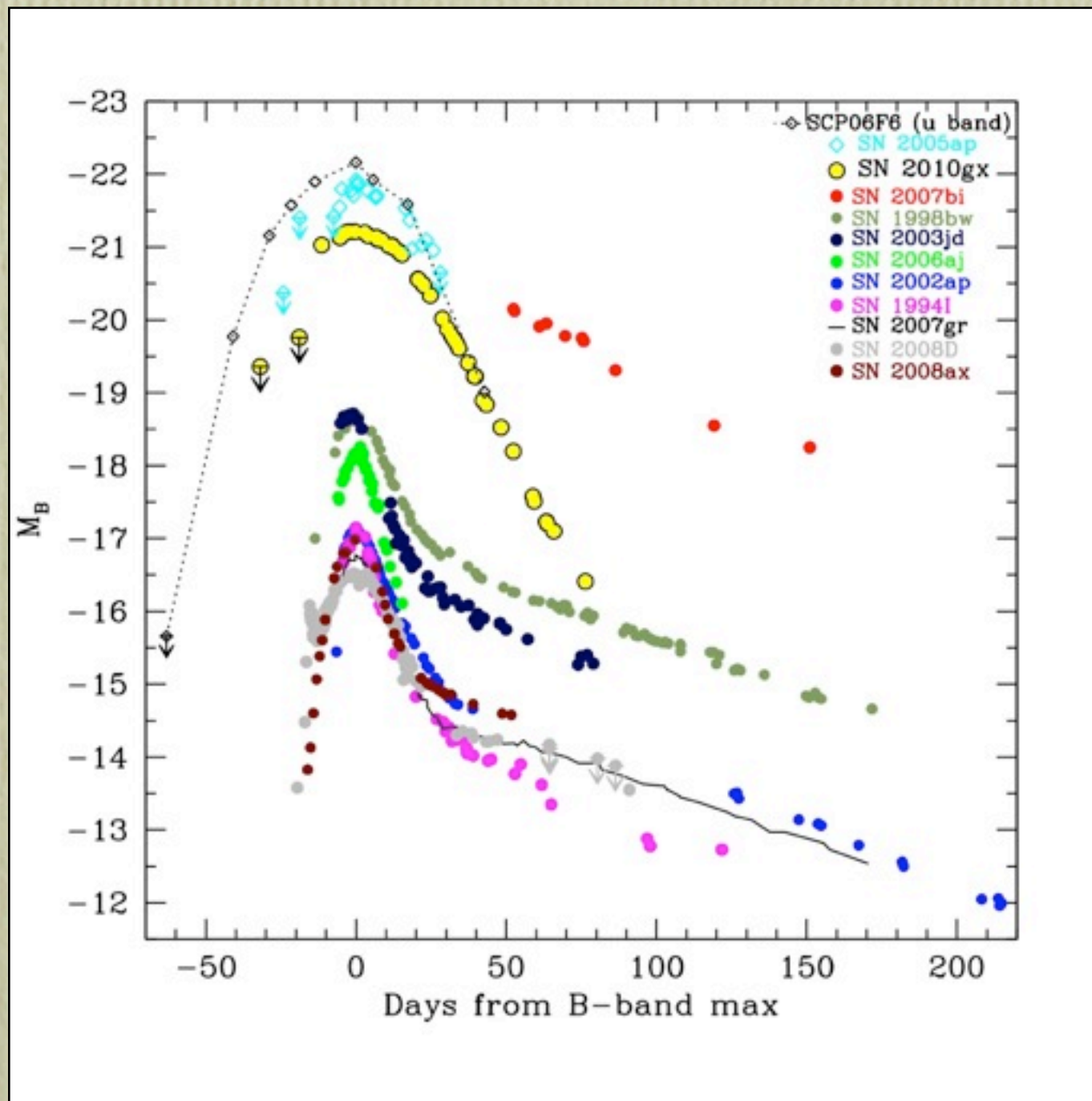


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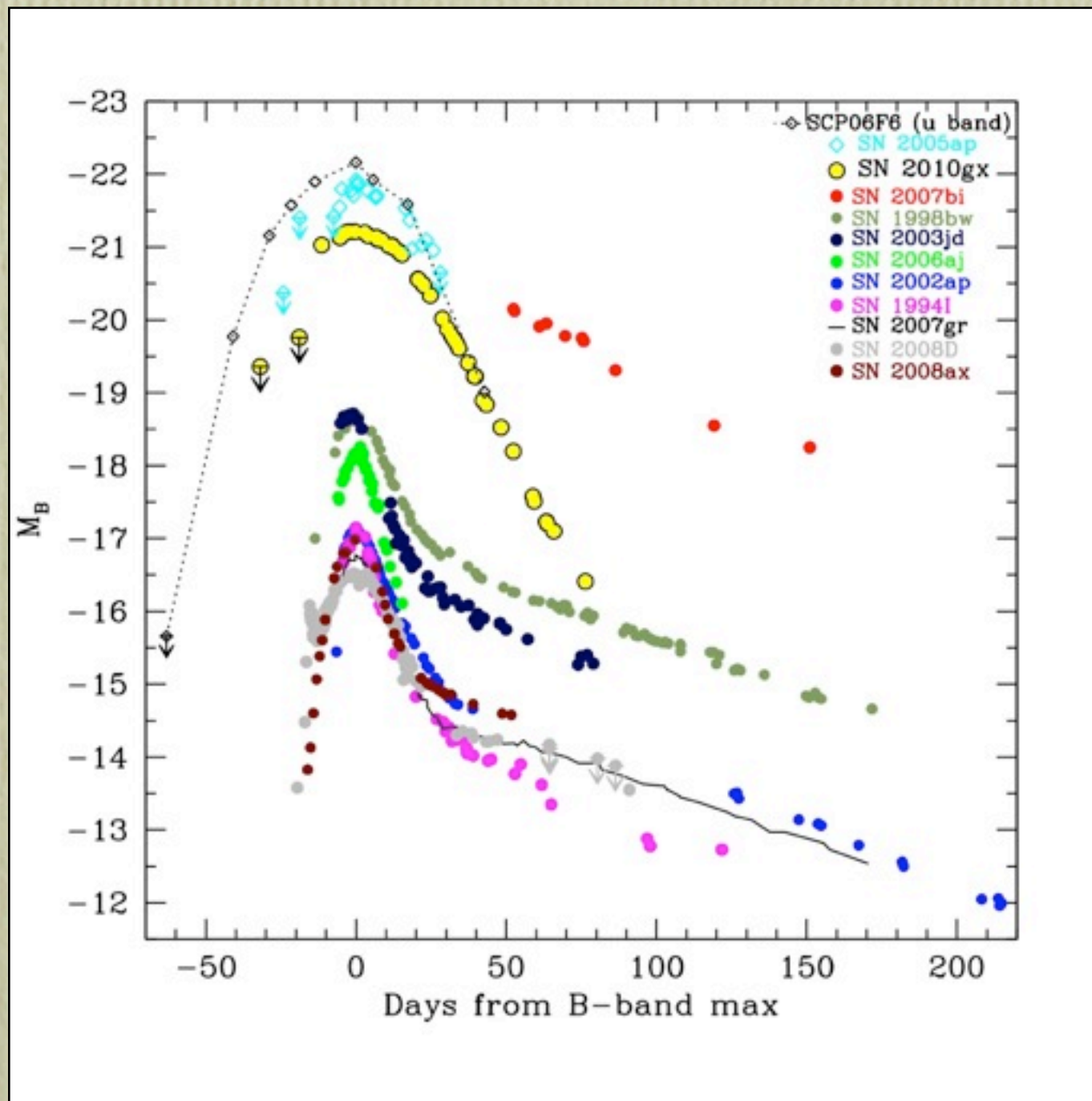


Pastorello et al. 2010

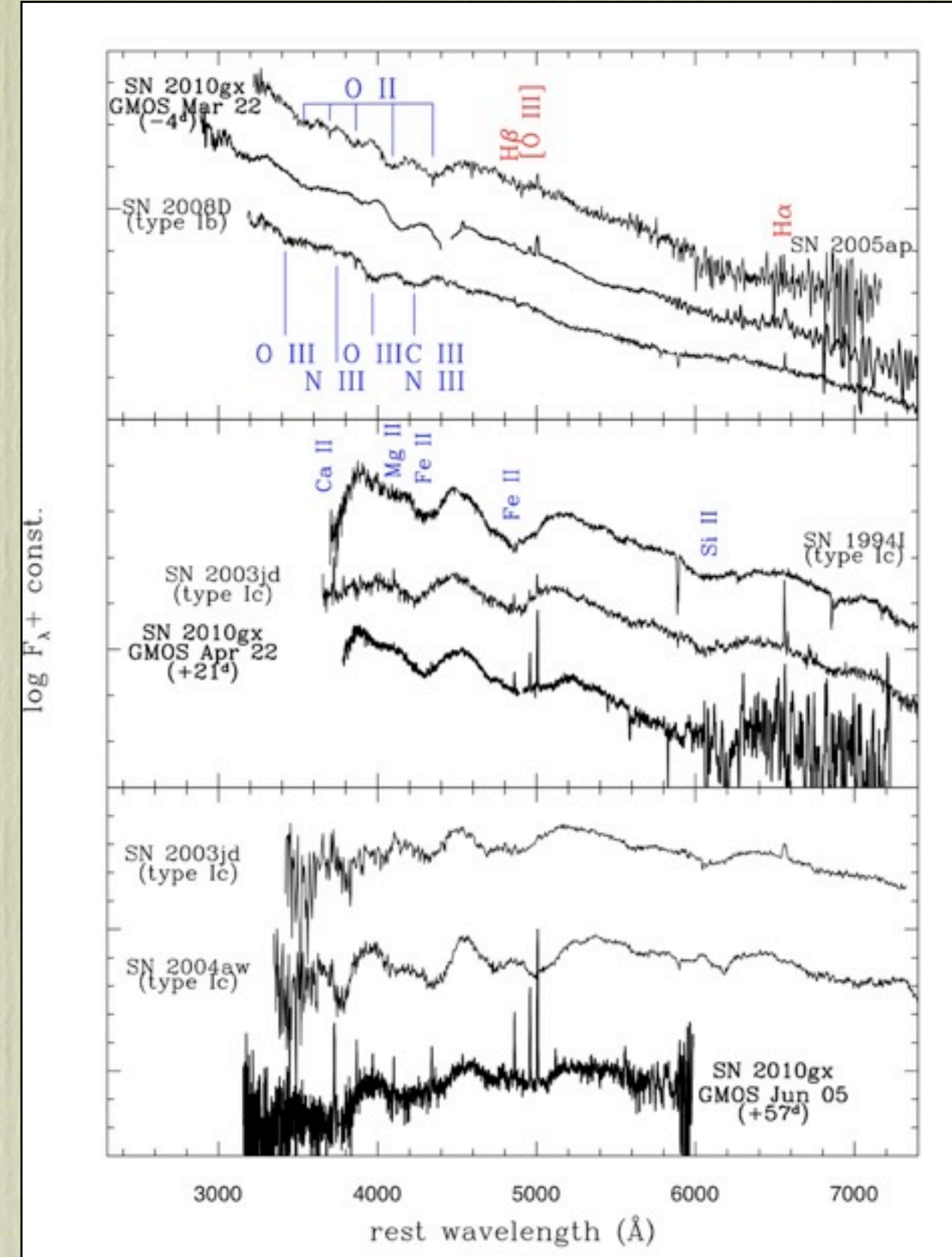
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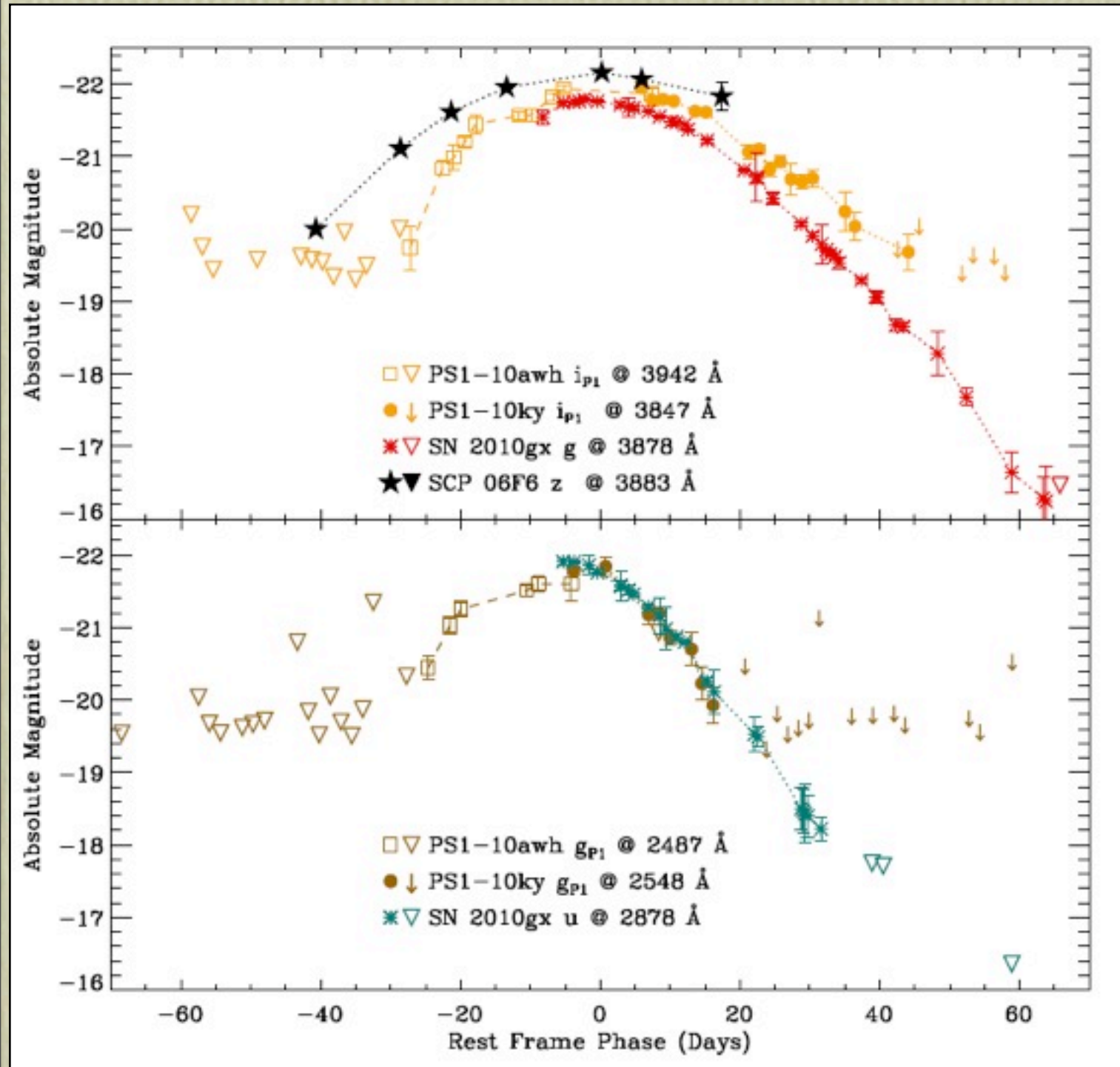


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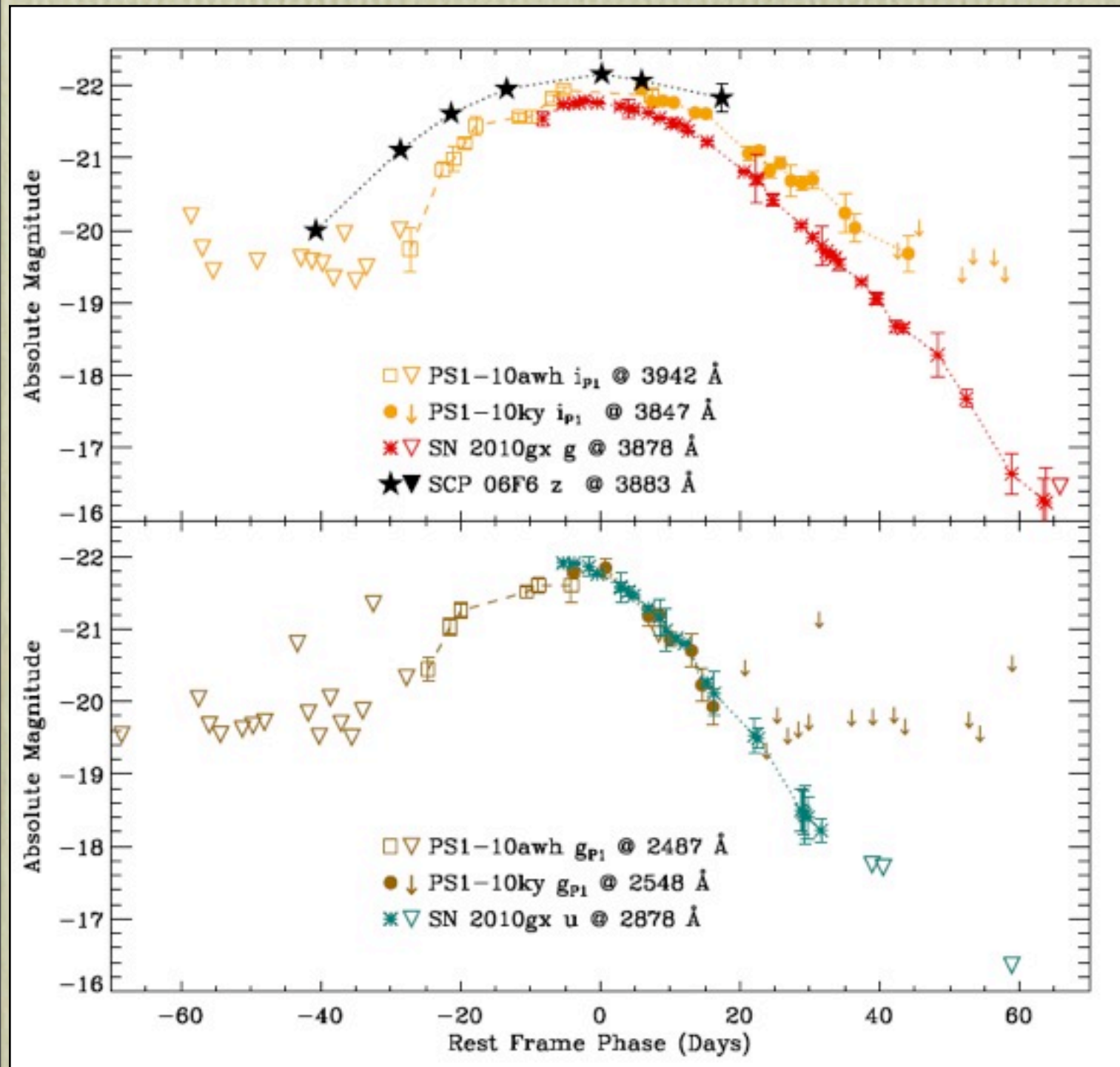
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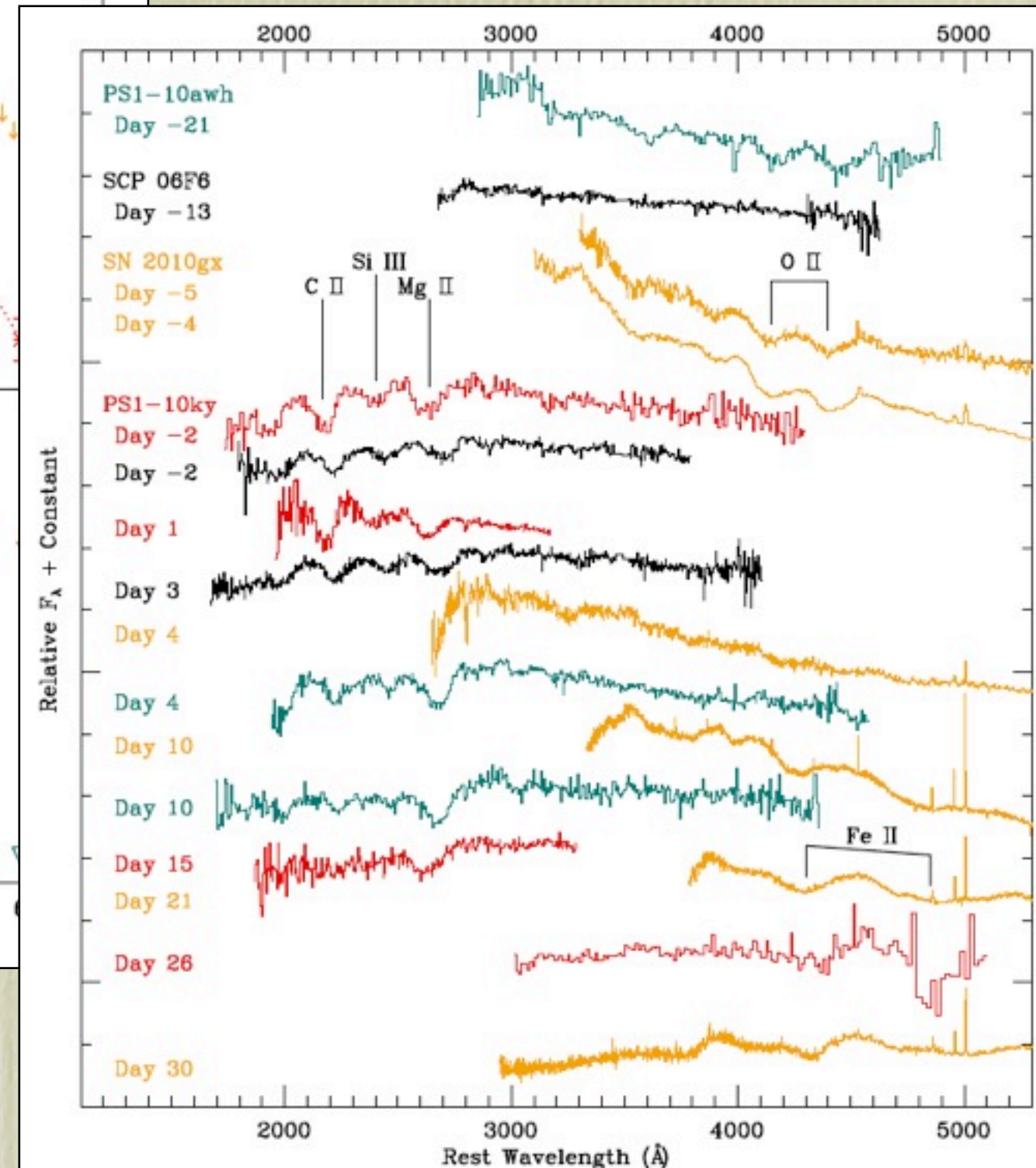
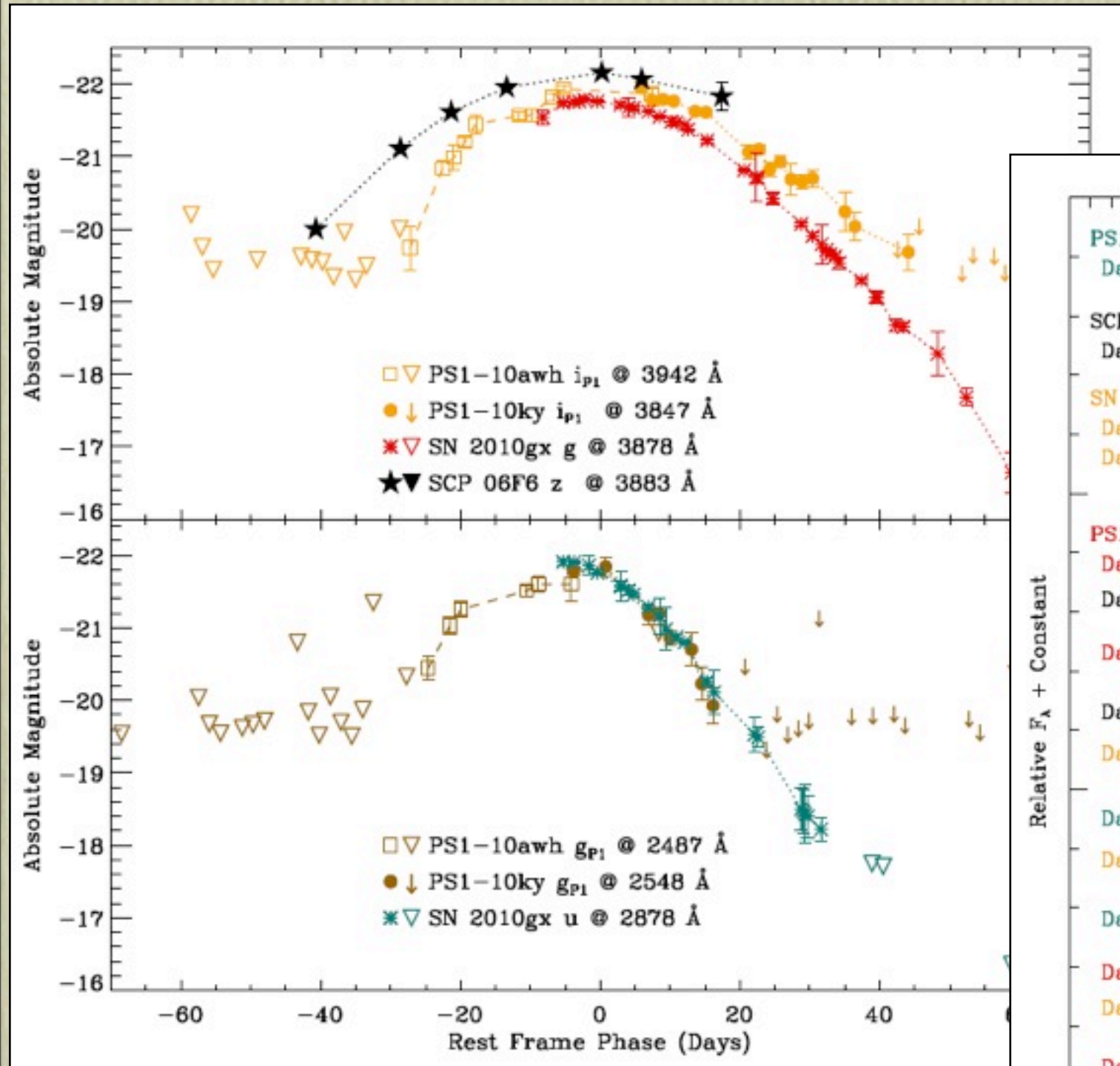


Chomiuk et al. 2011

see also Stephen Smartt's talk

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- 1) $M_{\text{MS}} > 140 M_{\odot}$ with $M_{\text{CO}} = 100 M_{\odot} \Rightarrow$ Pair-Production SN?
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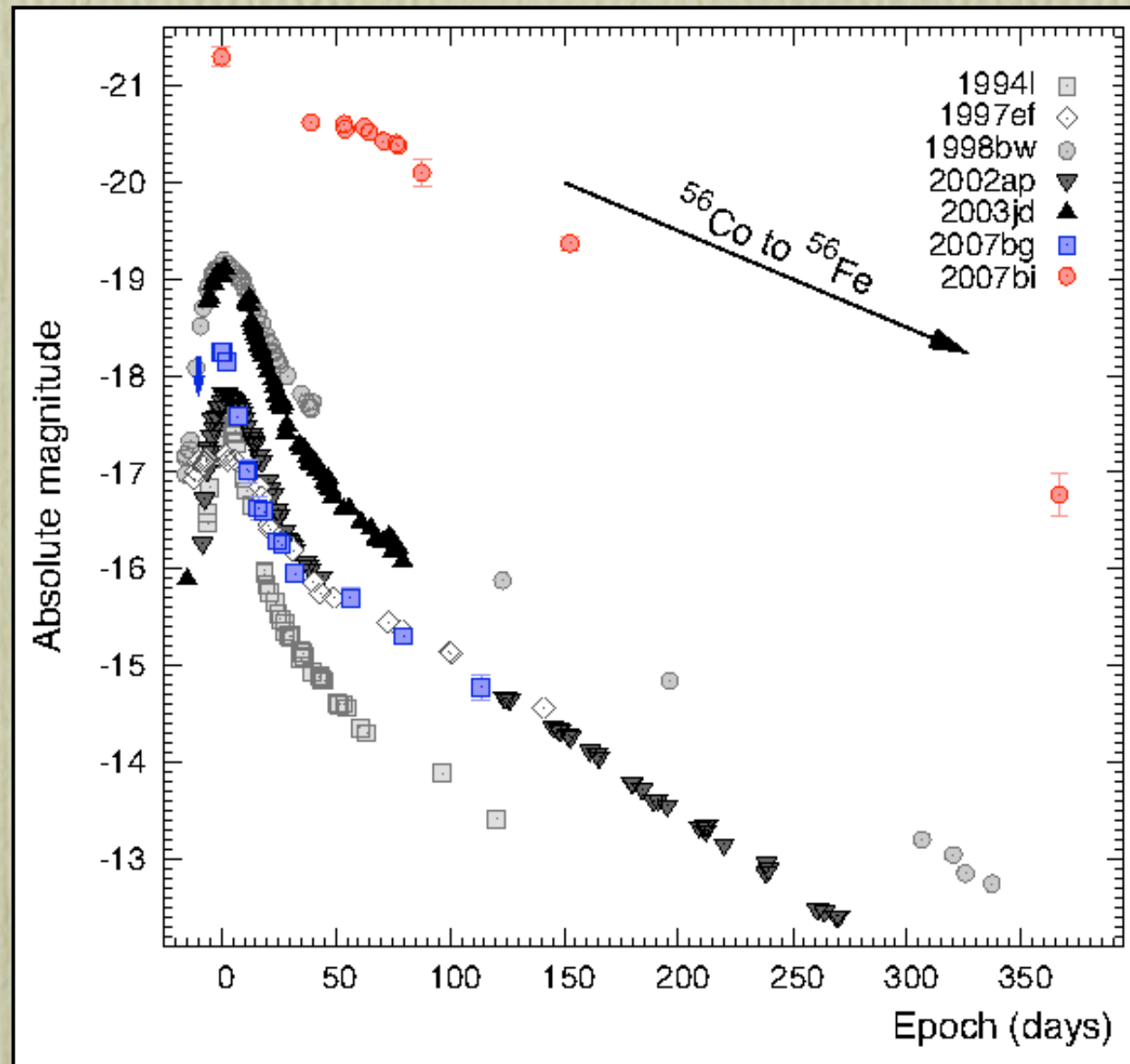
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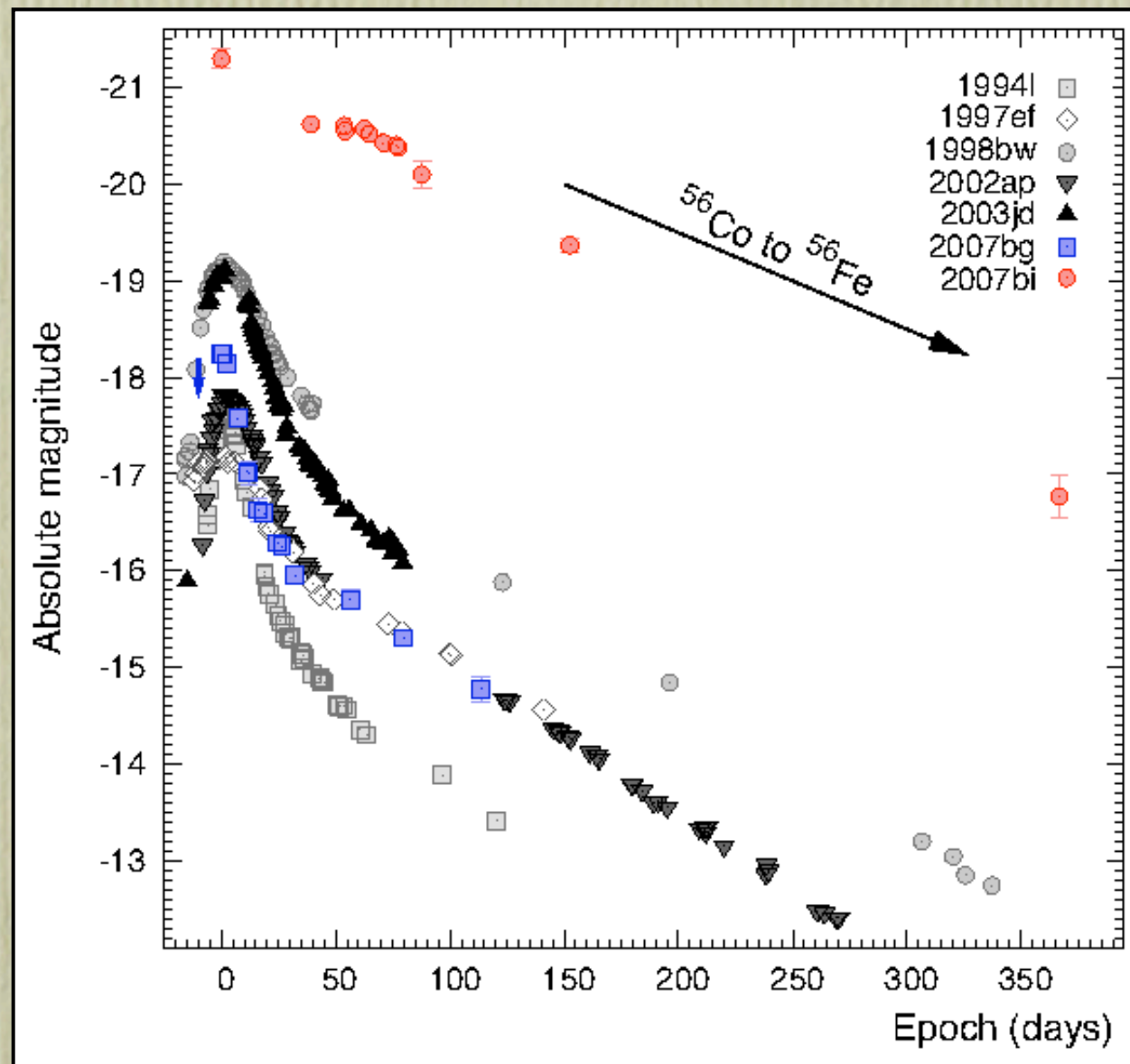
4) Magnetar-powered SN (CC+BH)

Maybe, but its lightcurve is fast-evolving compared with models (Woosley, 2010; Kasen & Bildsten 2010)

SN Ic 2007bi: the first pair-instability SN?

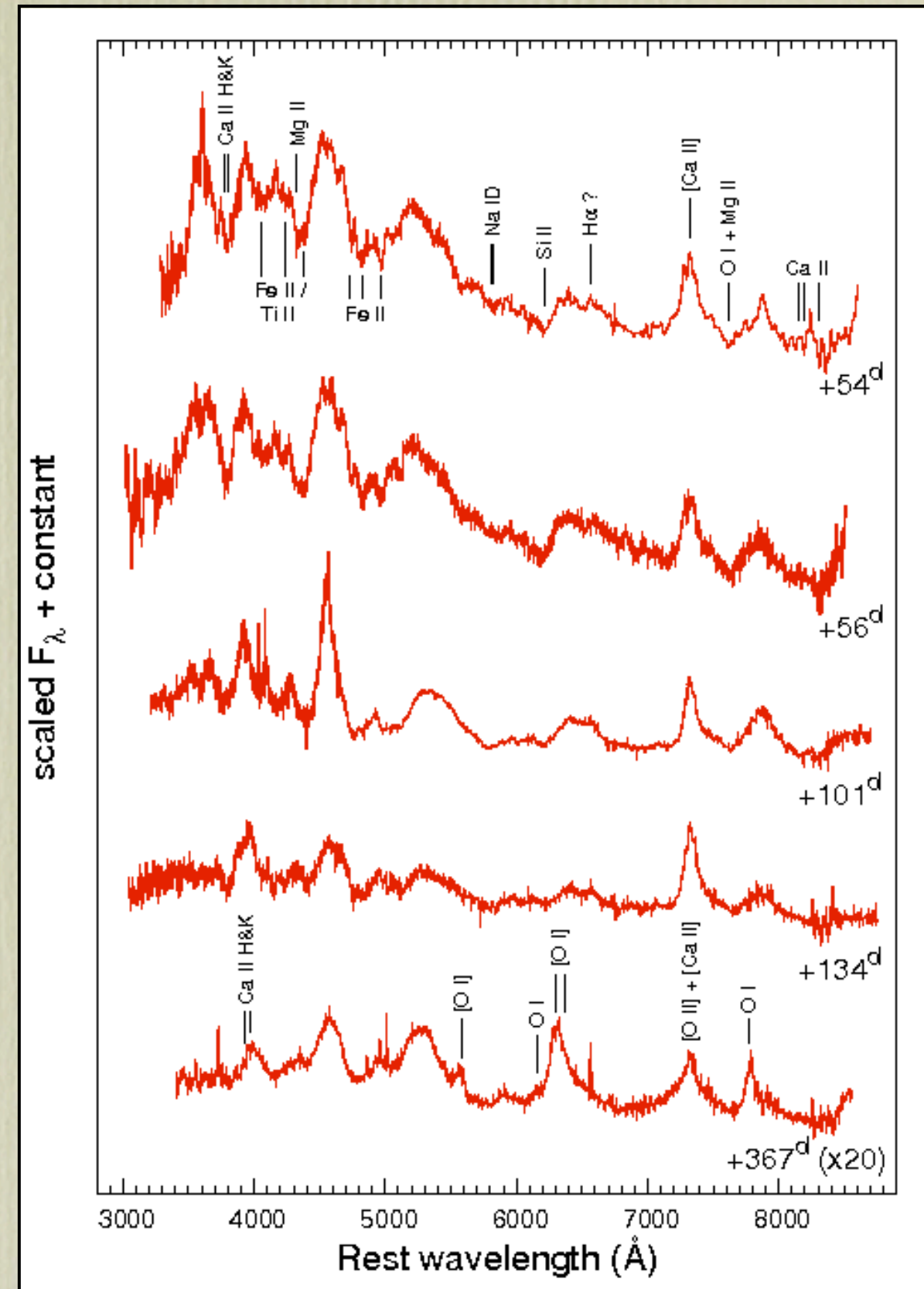
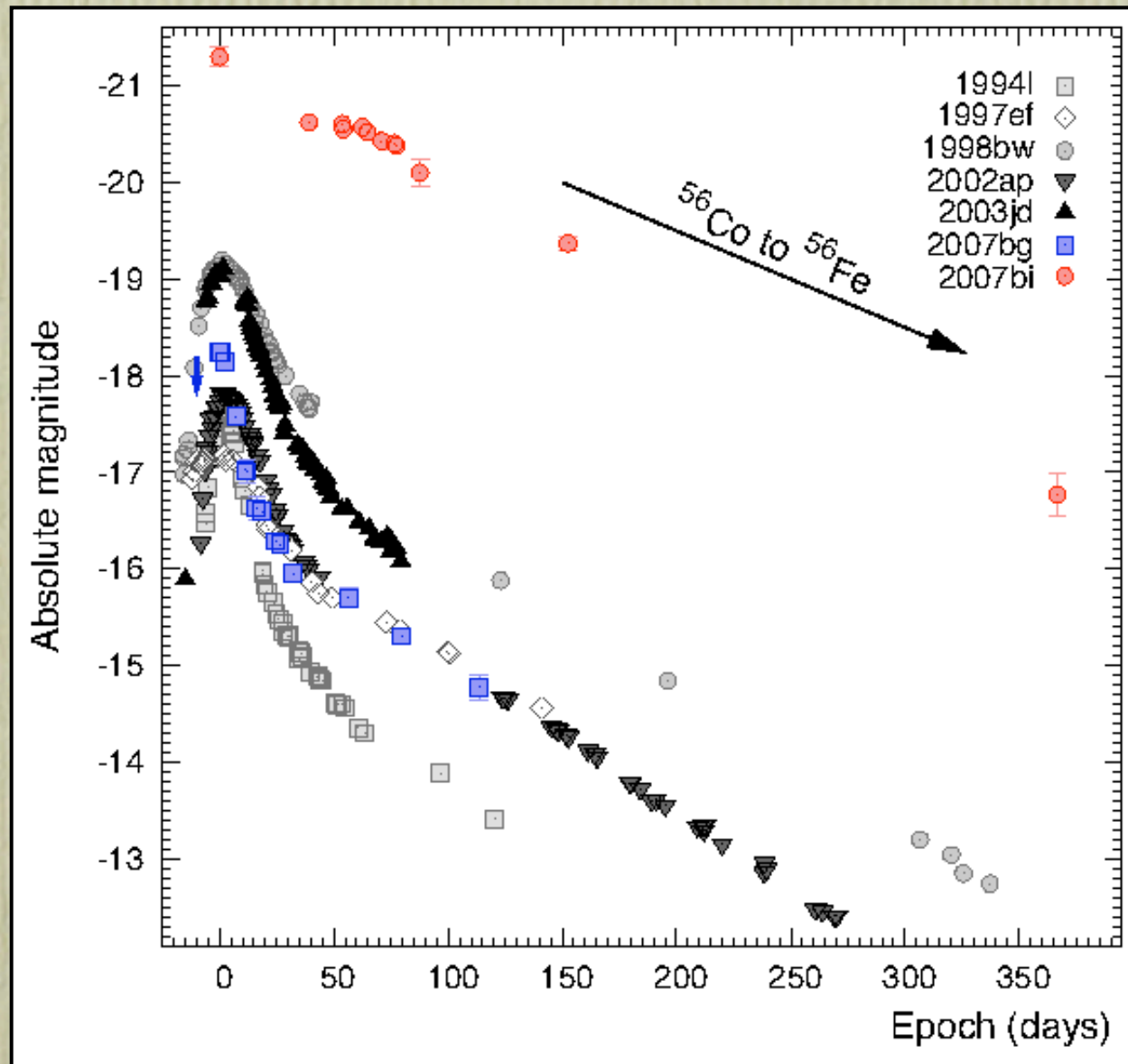


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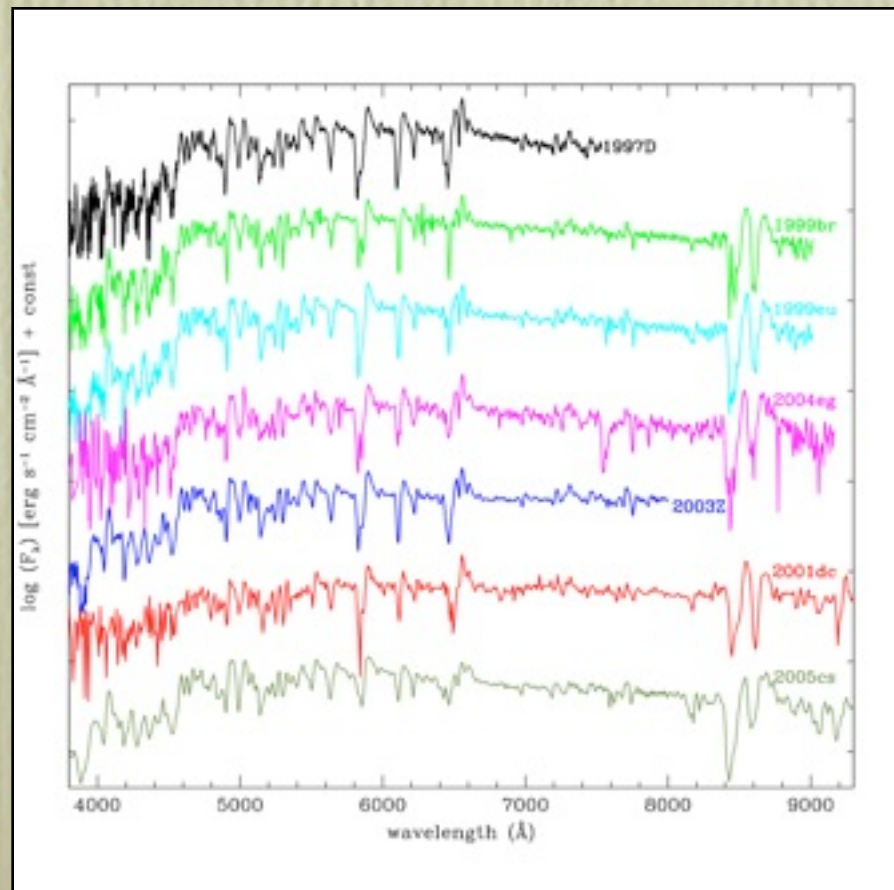
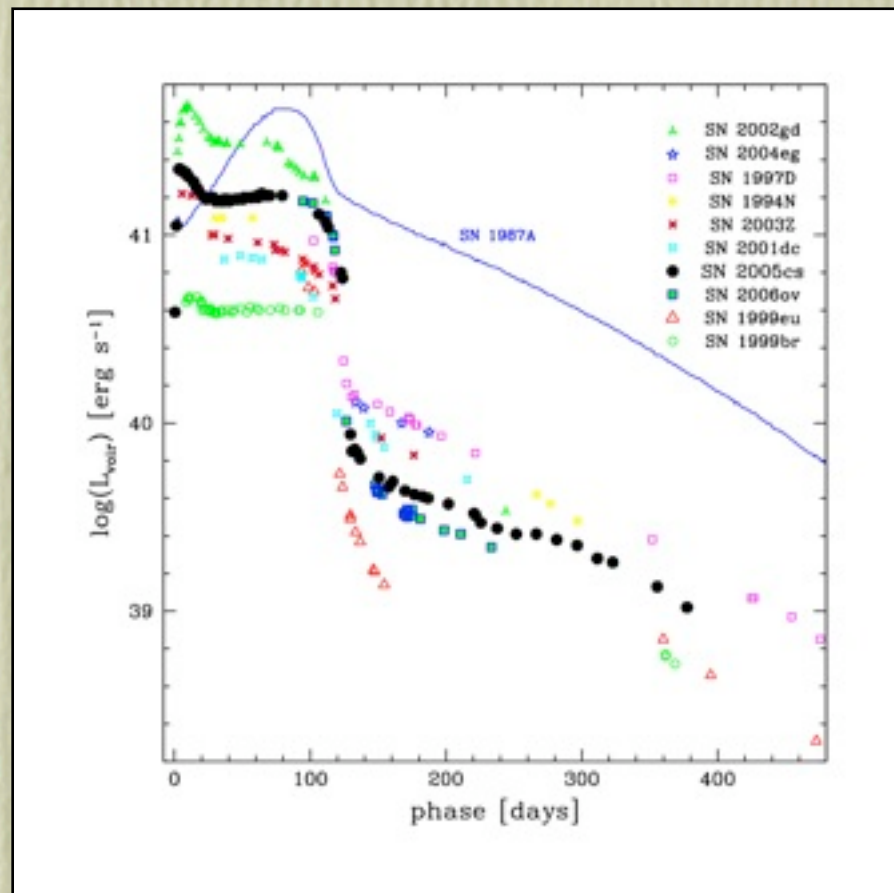
Young et al. 2010, A&A, 512, 70;
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(& Avishay's talk). See Moriya et al. 2010,
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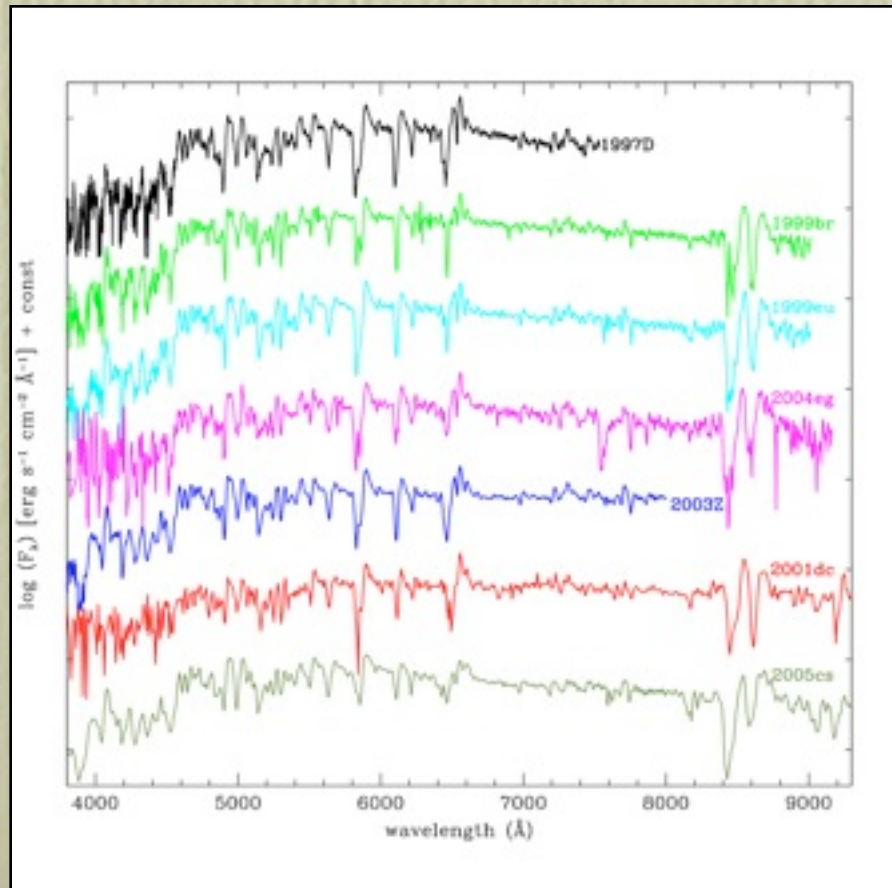
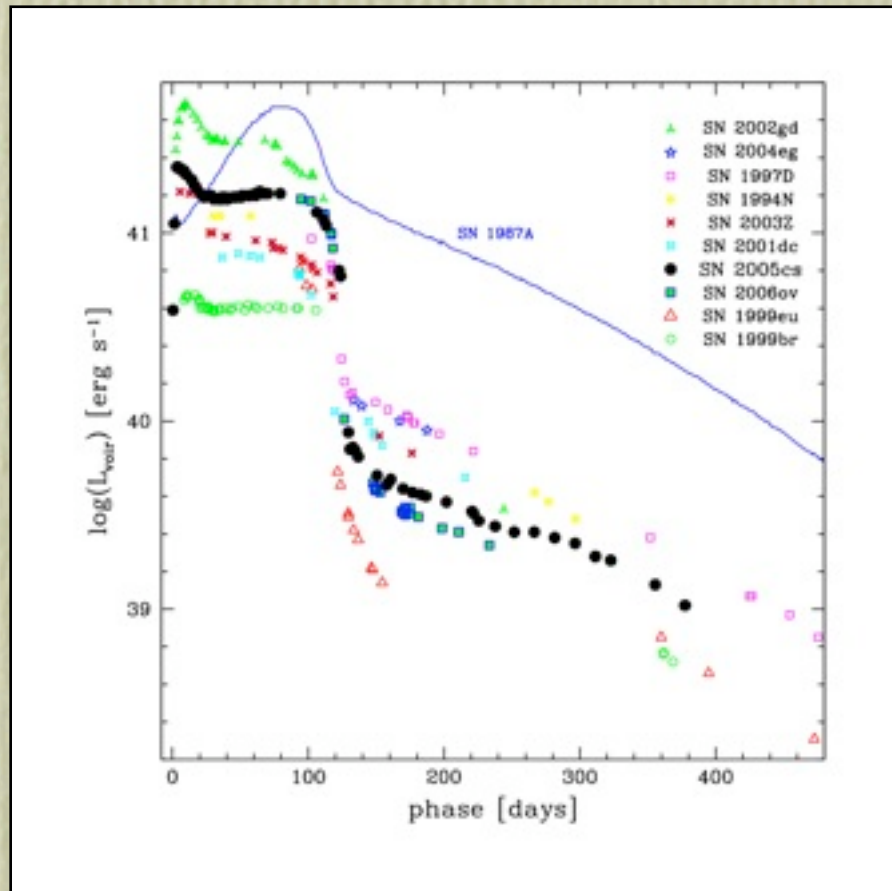
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Sub-luminous type IIP SNe



- Faint plateaux (mag > -16)
- Long-duration plateau (100-120d)
- Red colours
- Faint LC radioactive tail (^{56}Ni mass $\ll 10^{-2}$ Mo)
- Narrow spectral lines ($v_{\text{ph}}=700-1200$ km s⁻¹)
- Prominent Ba II lines
- Fe- and O-poor nebular spectra

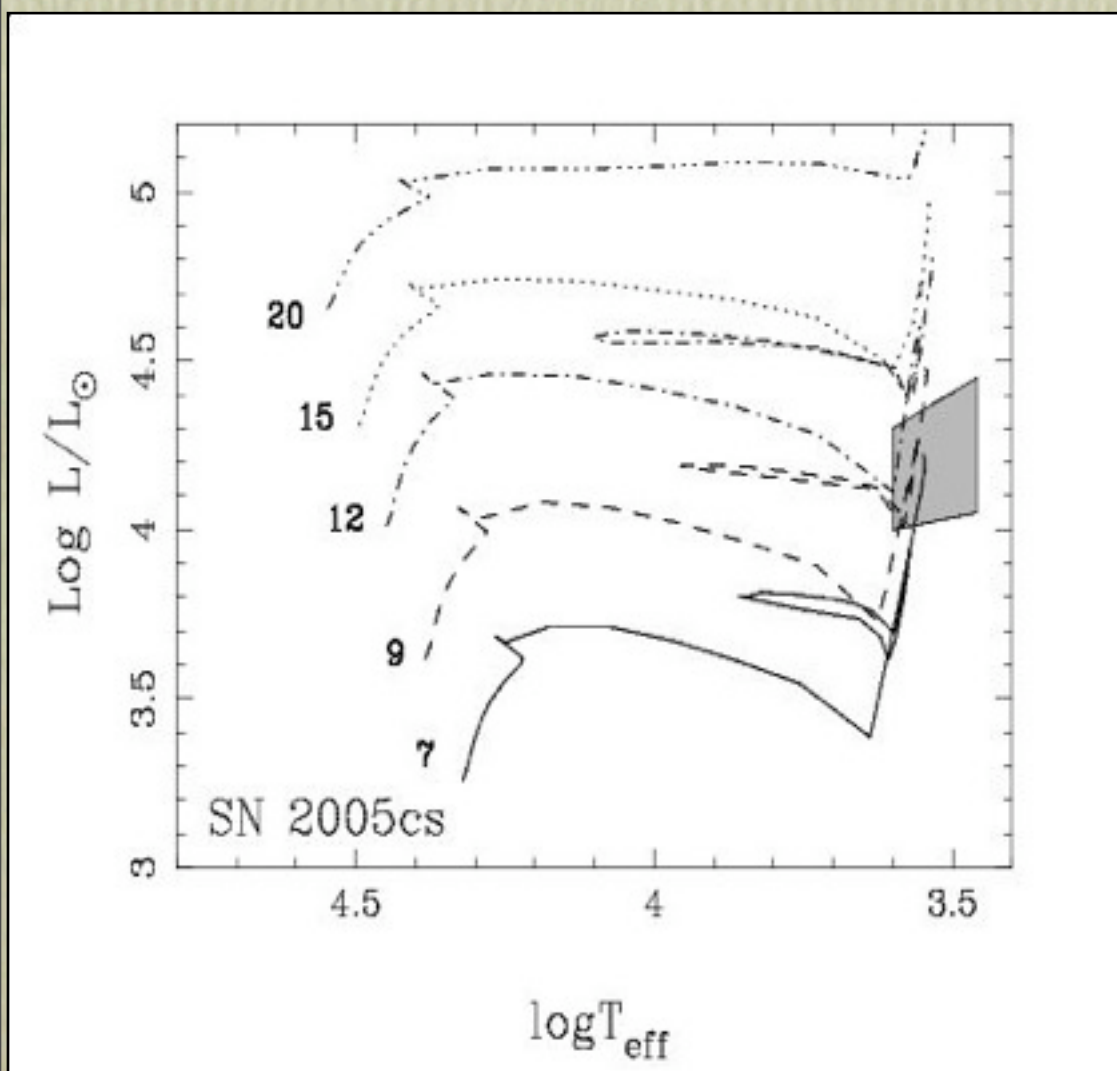
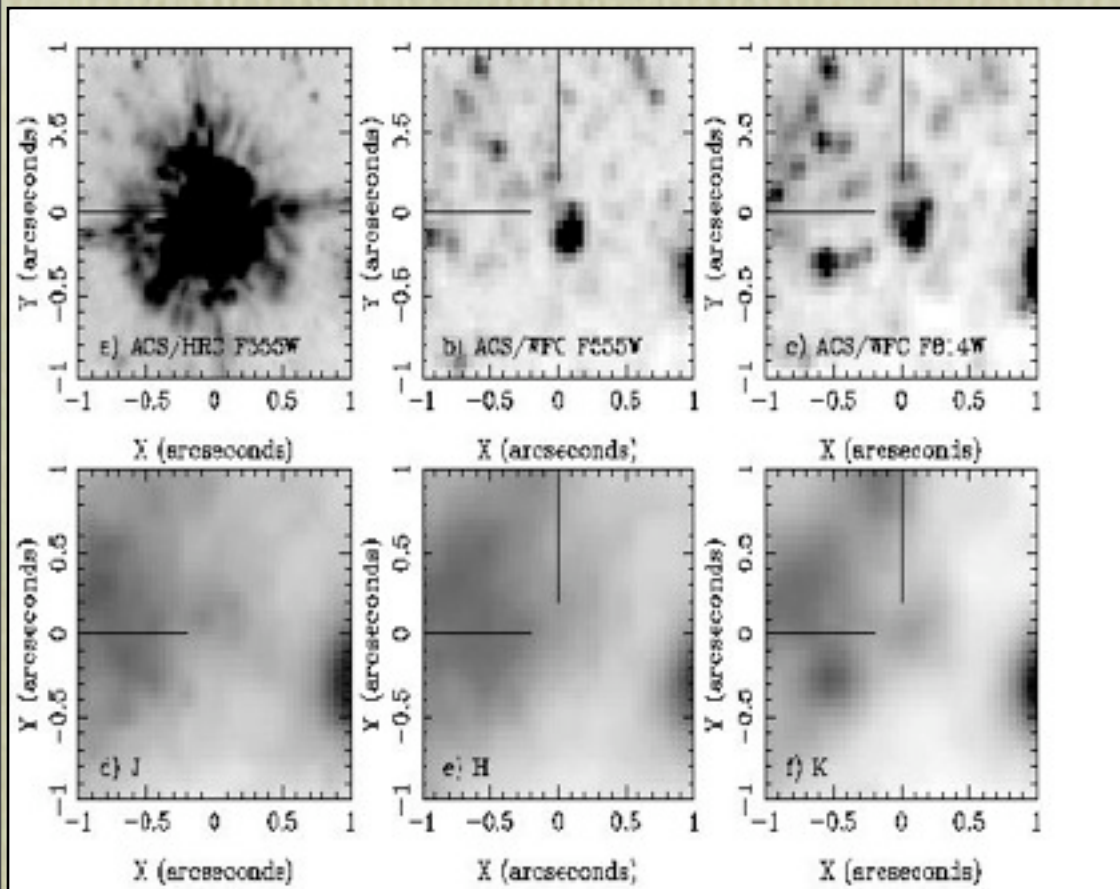
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Turatto et al. 1998; Benetti et al. 2001; Zampieri et al. 2003; Pastorello et al. 2004, 2006, 2009

The progenitors: the case of SN 2005cs



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- 8-10 $M_{\odot}$ (*Maund et al. 2005, Li et al. 2006*)

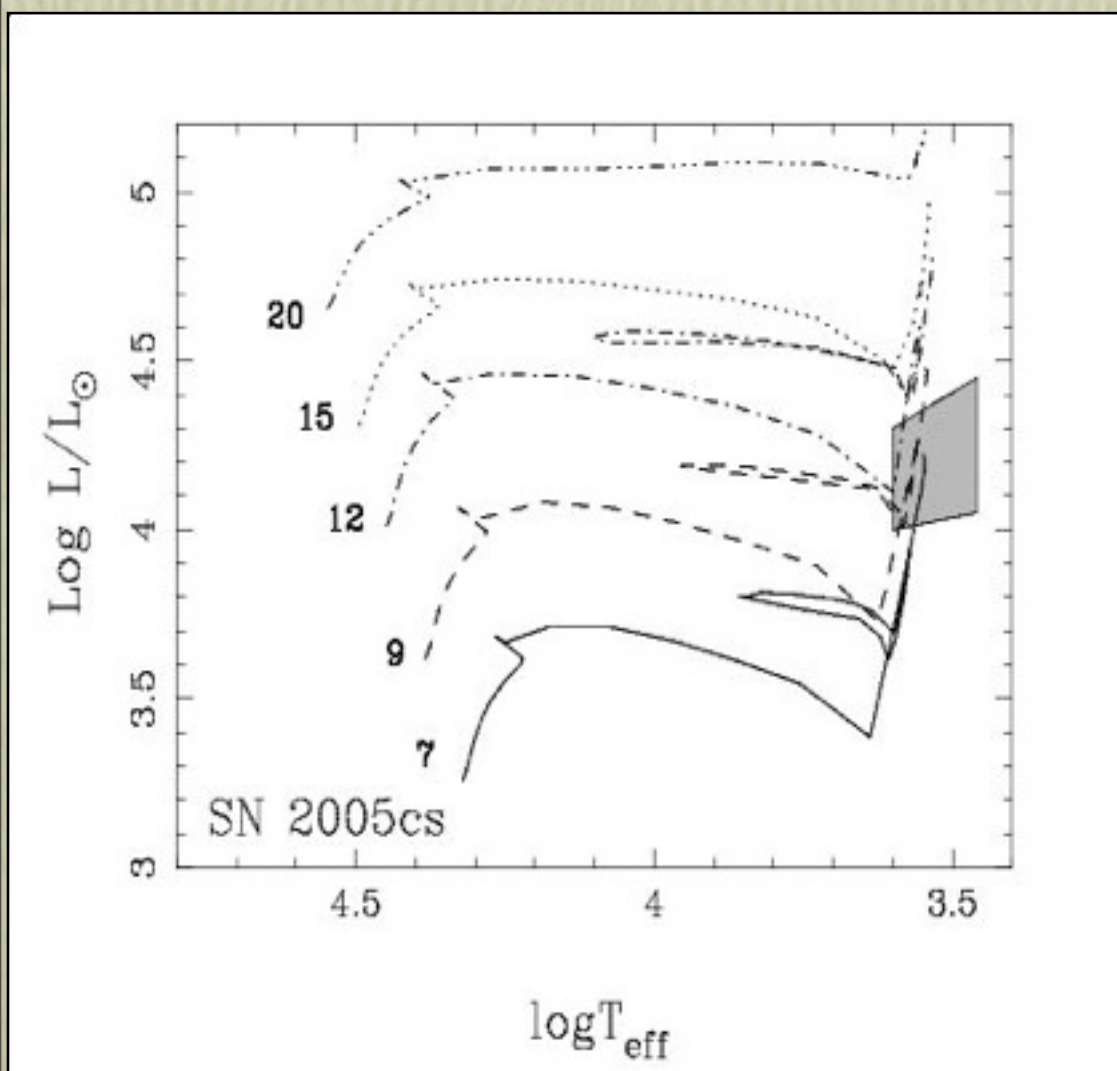
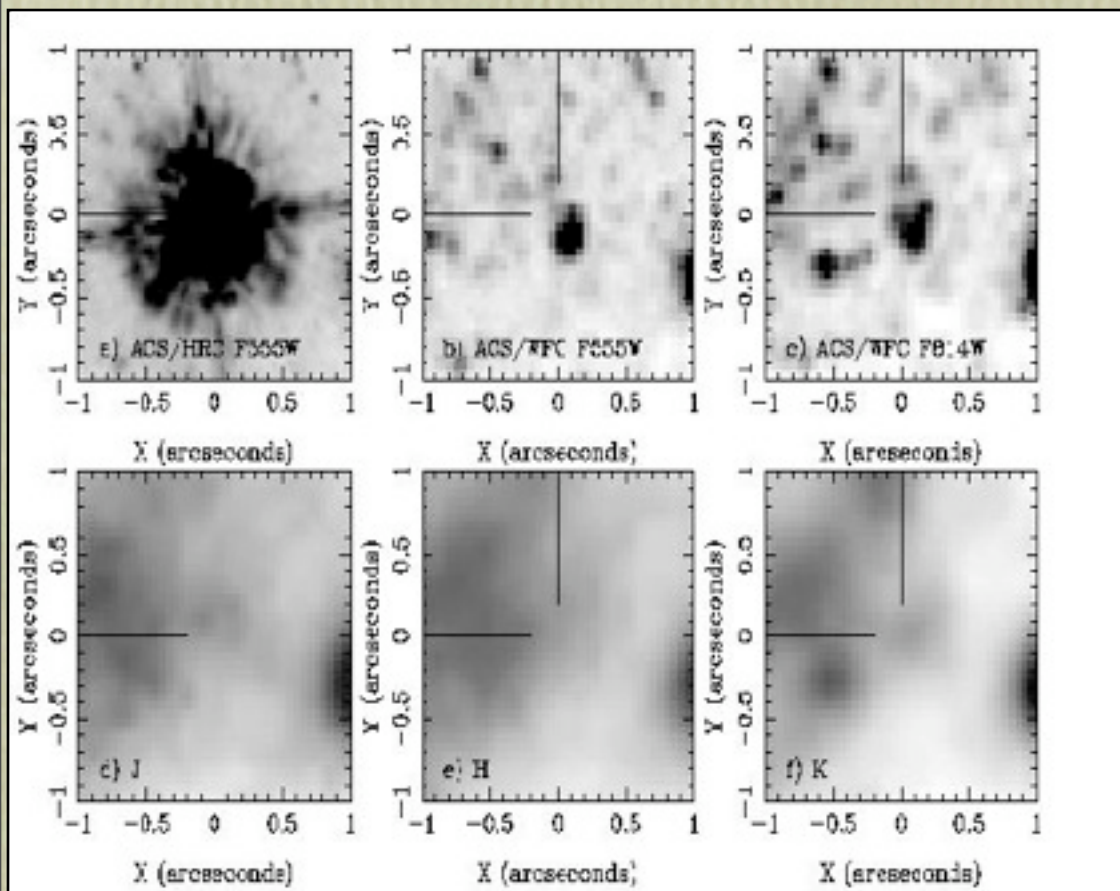
- 6-8 $M_{\odot}$ (*Eldridge et al. 2007*)

- 6-10 $M_{\odot}$ (*Smartt et al. 2009*)

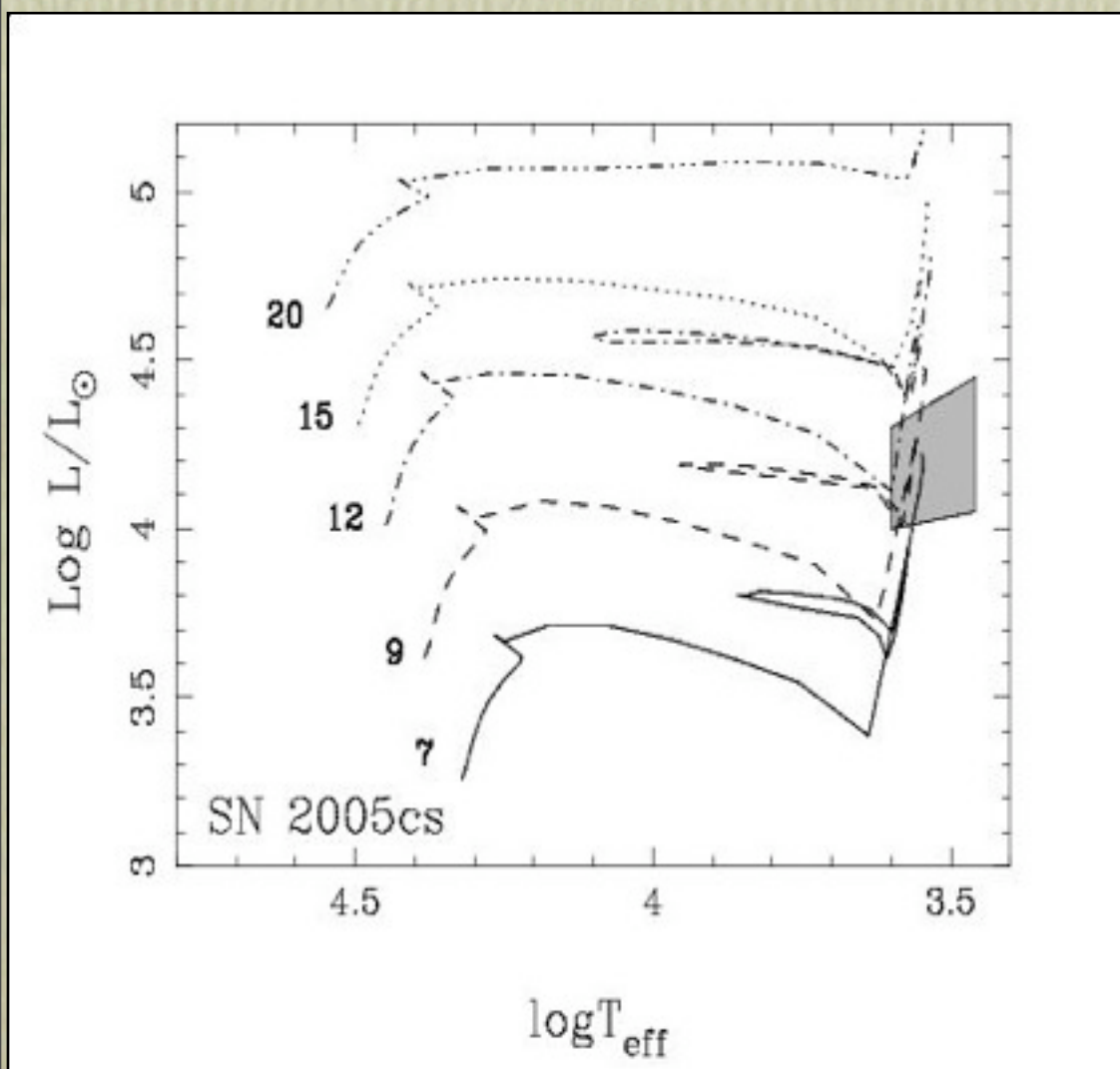
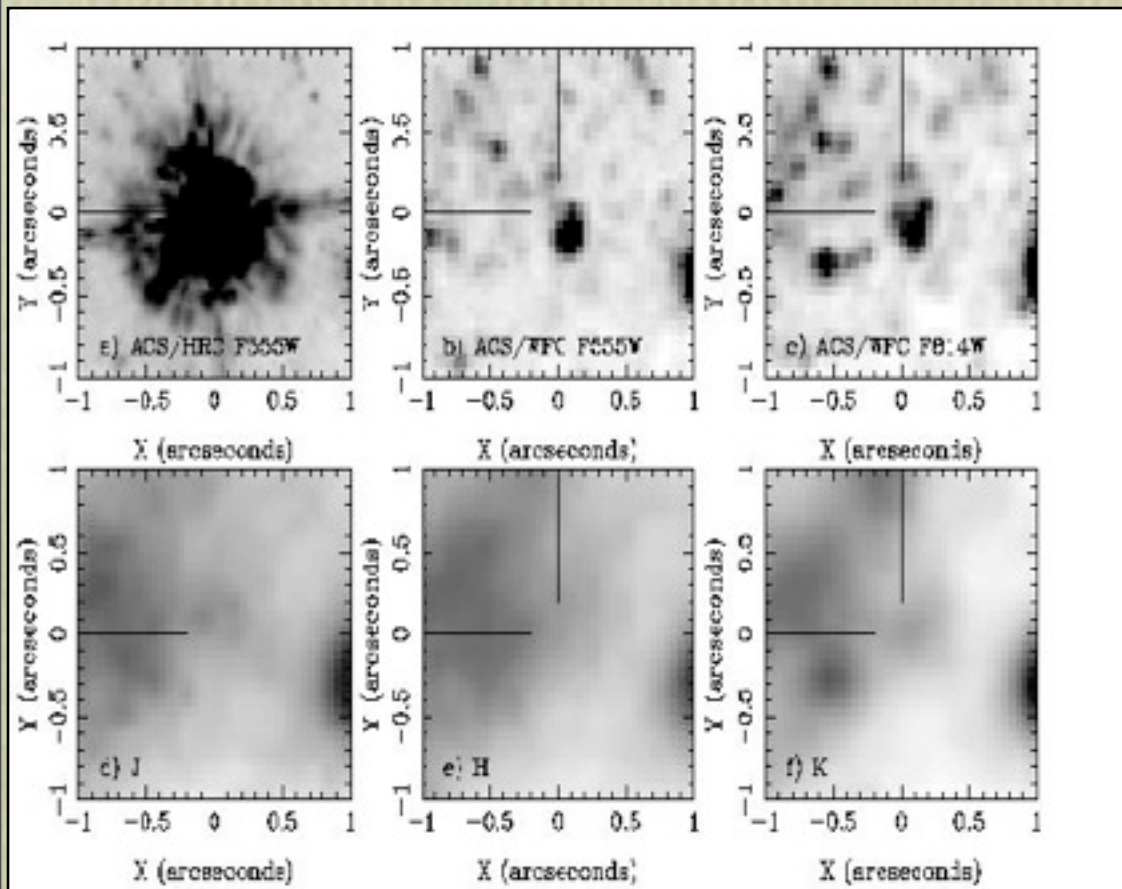
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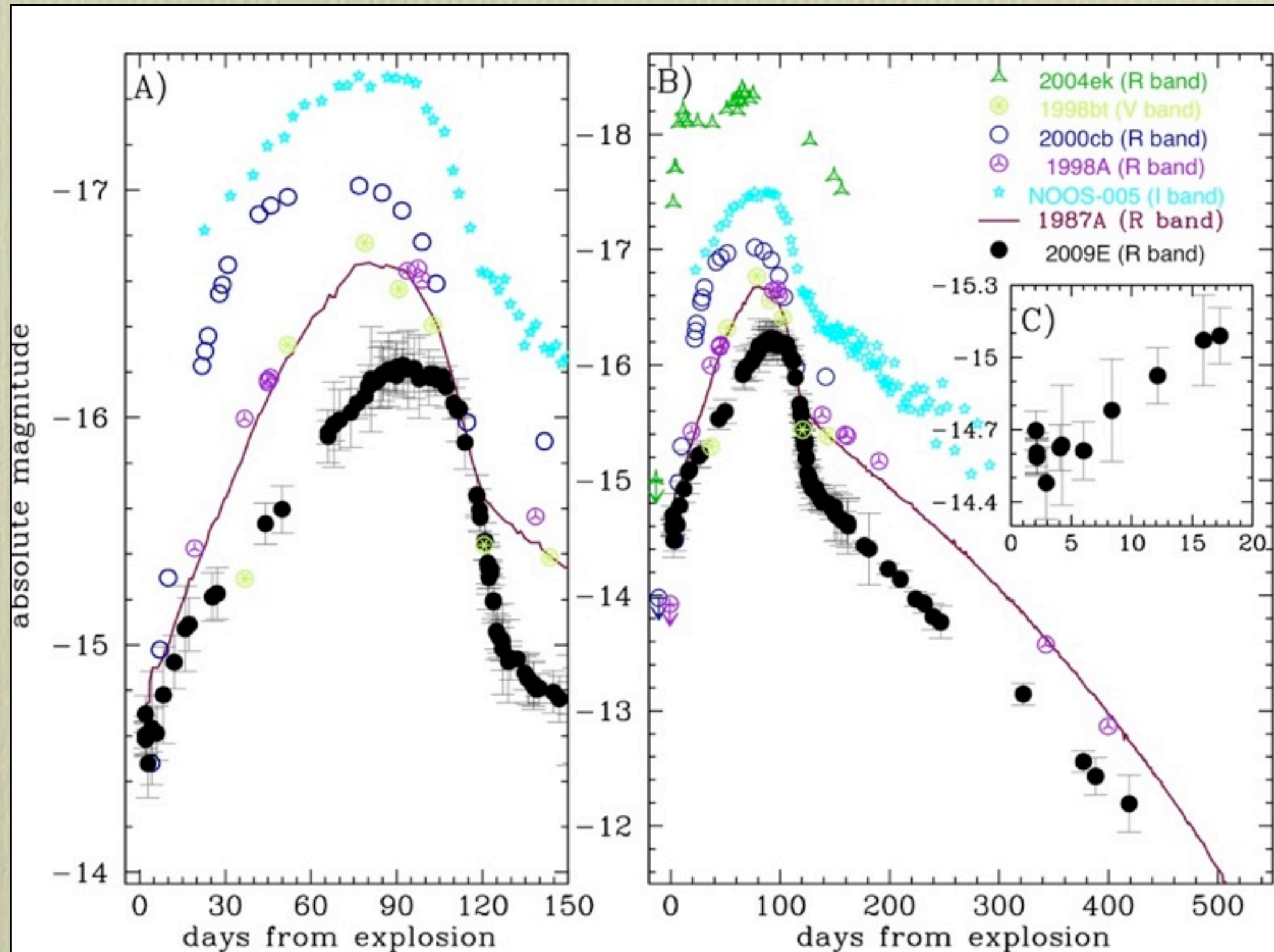
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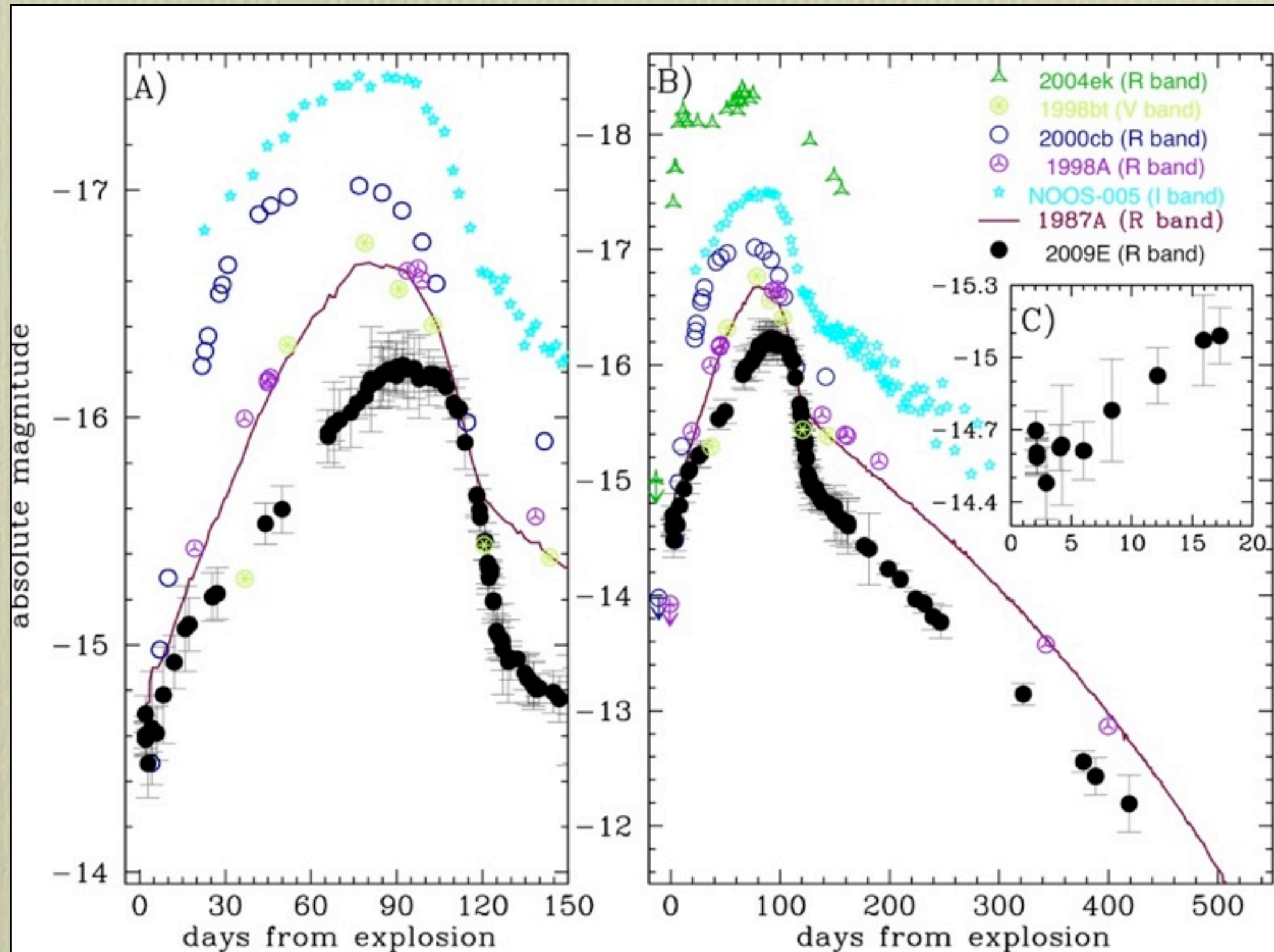
SOME DISCREPANCY

(see Morgan Fraser's talk!)

SN 2009E - a faint clone of SN 1987A

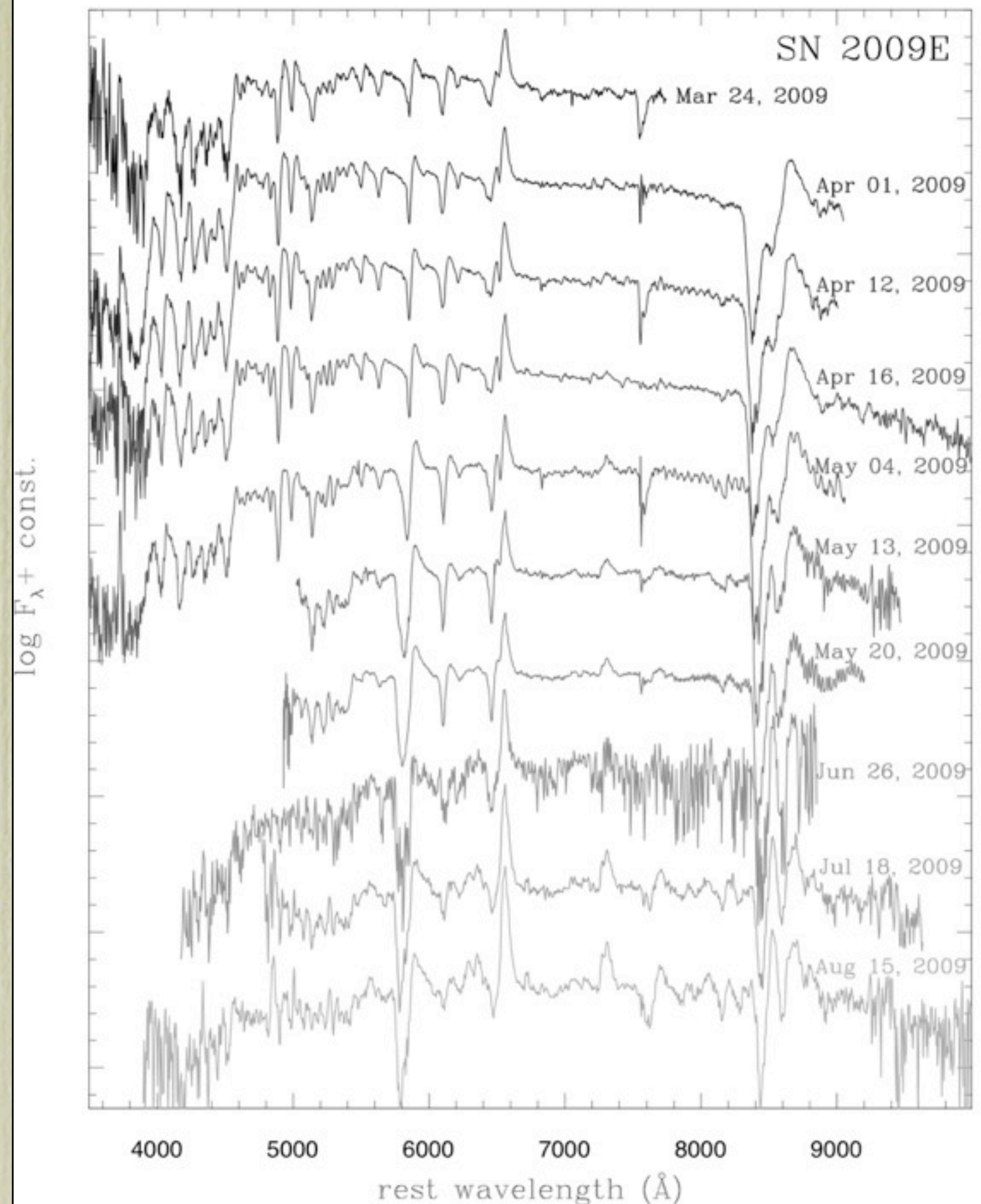


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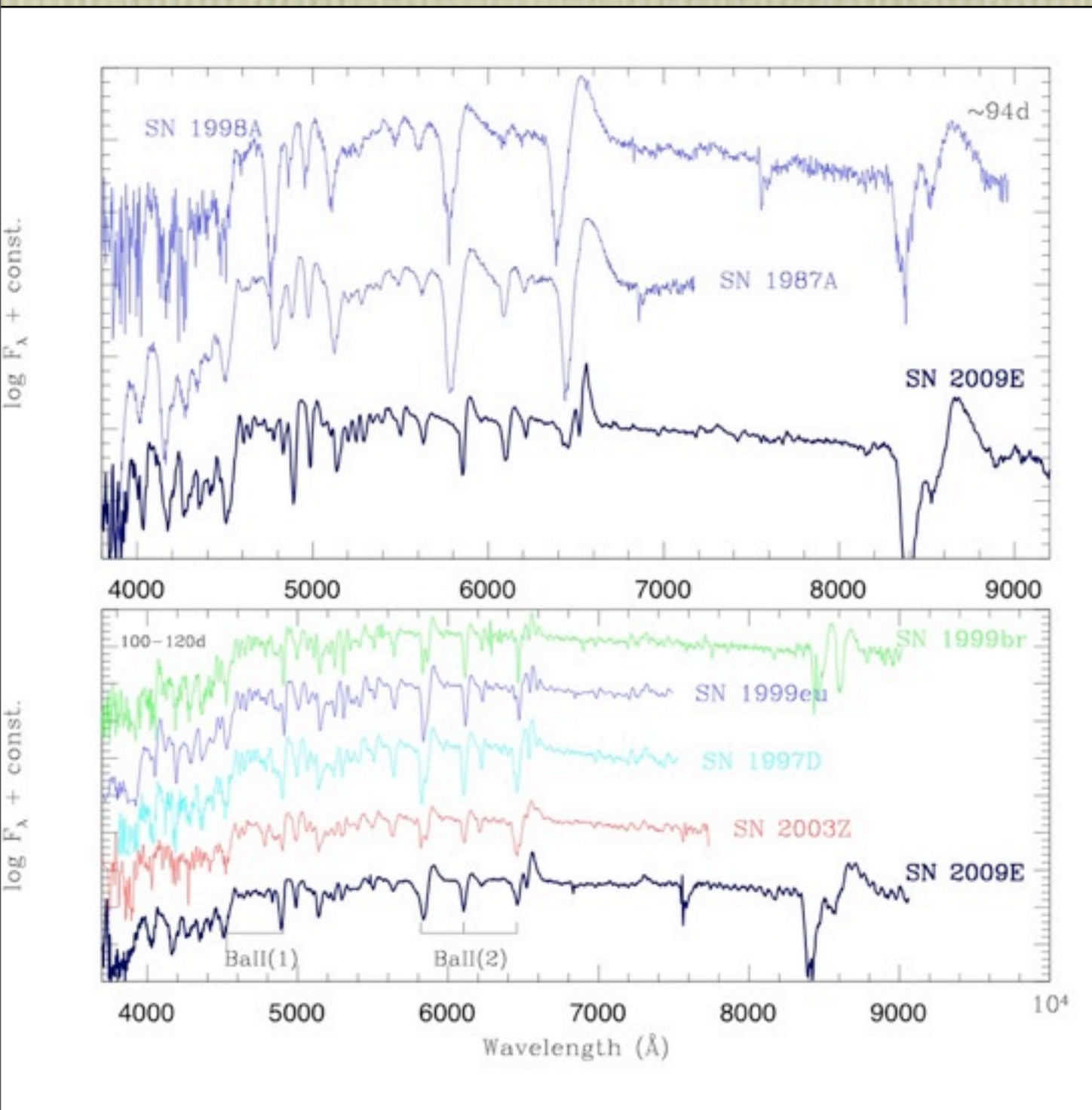


Pastorello et al.
(to be submitted)

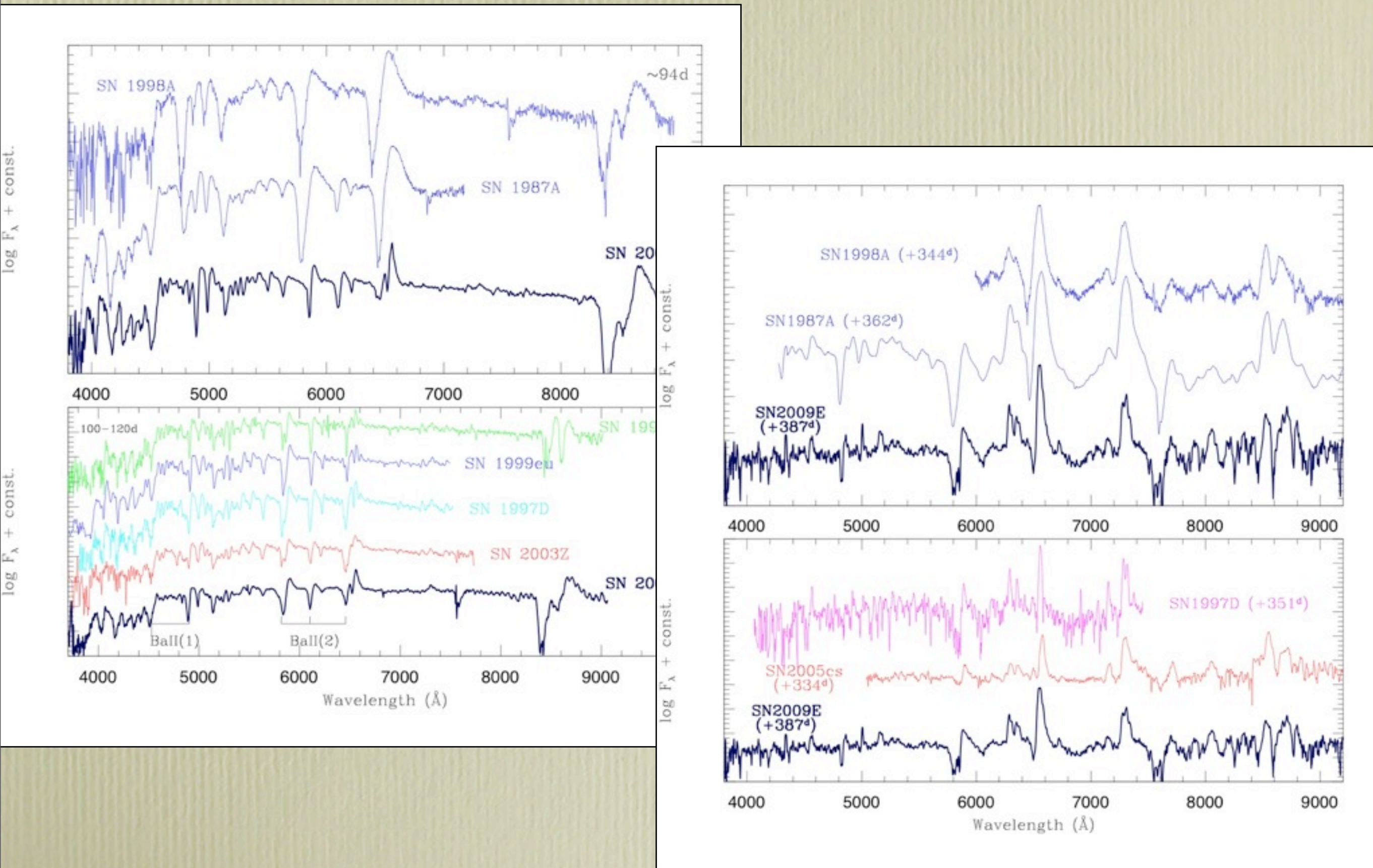
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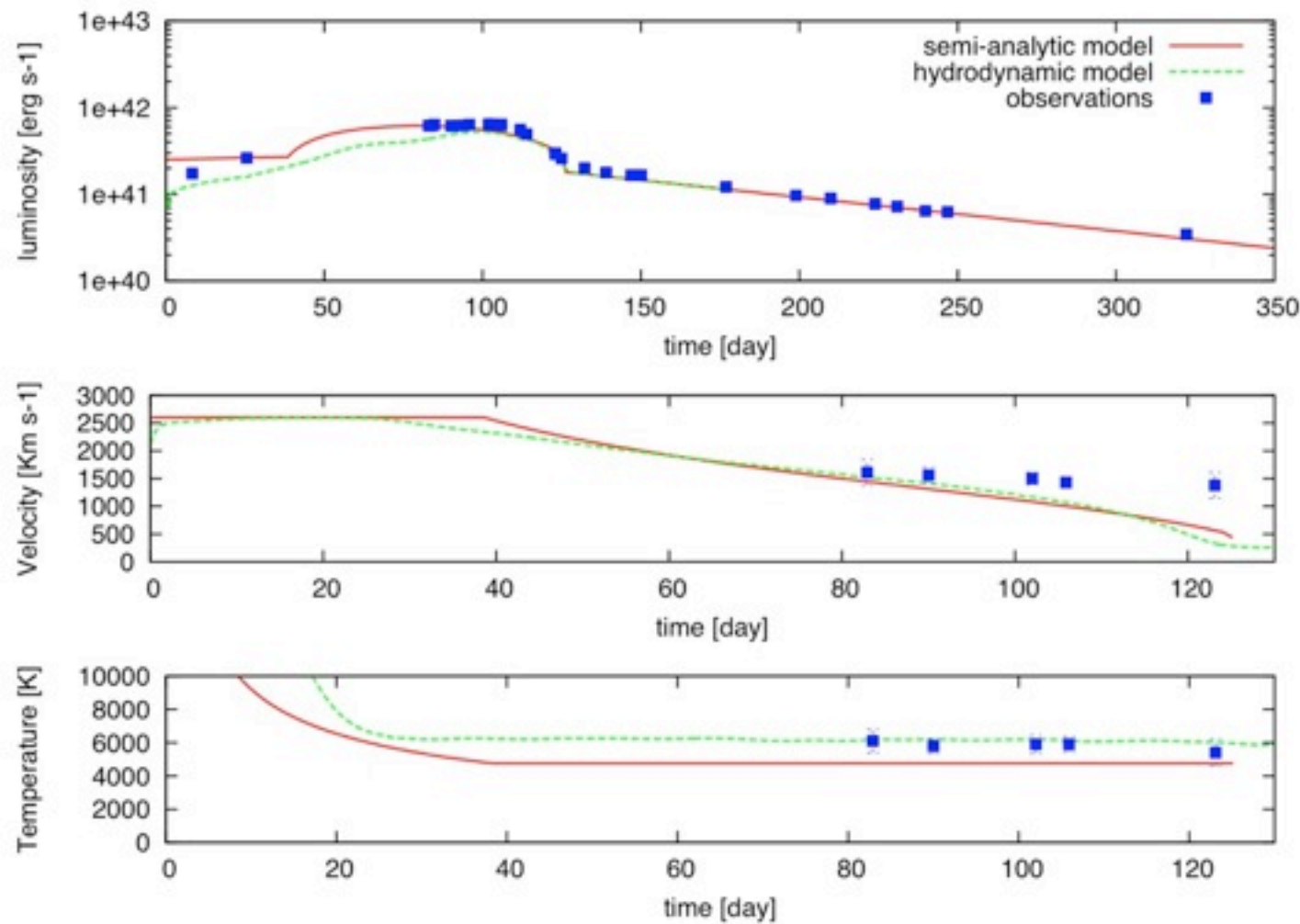
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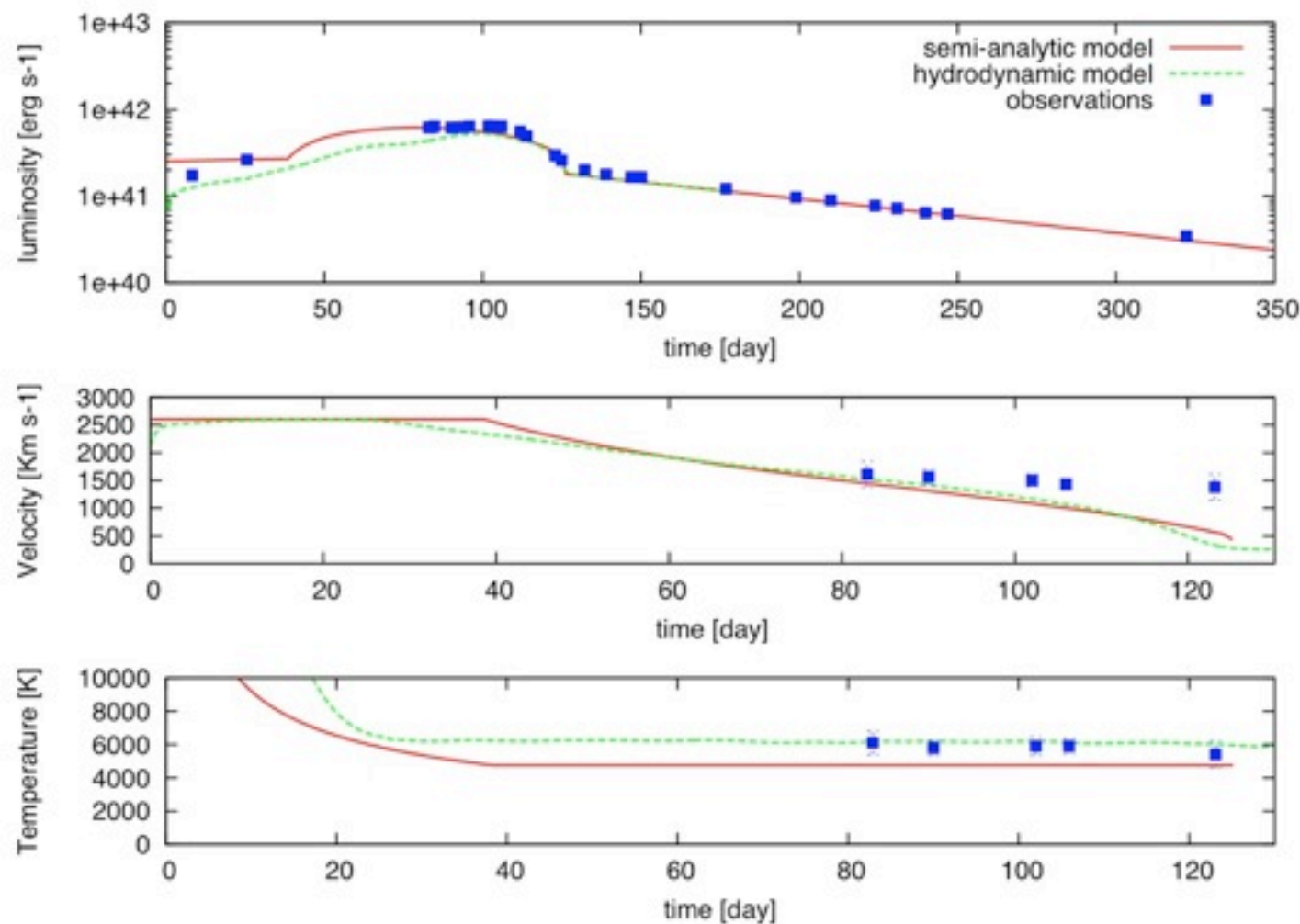


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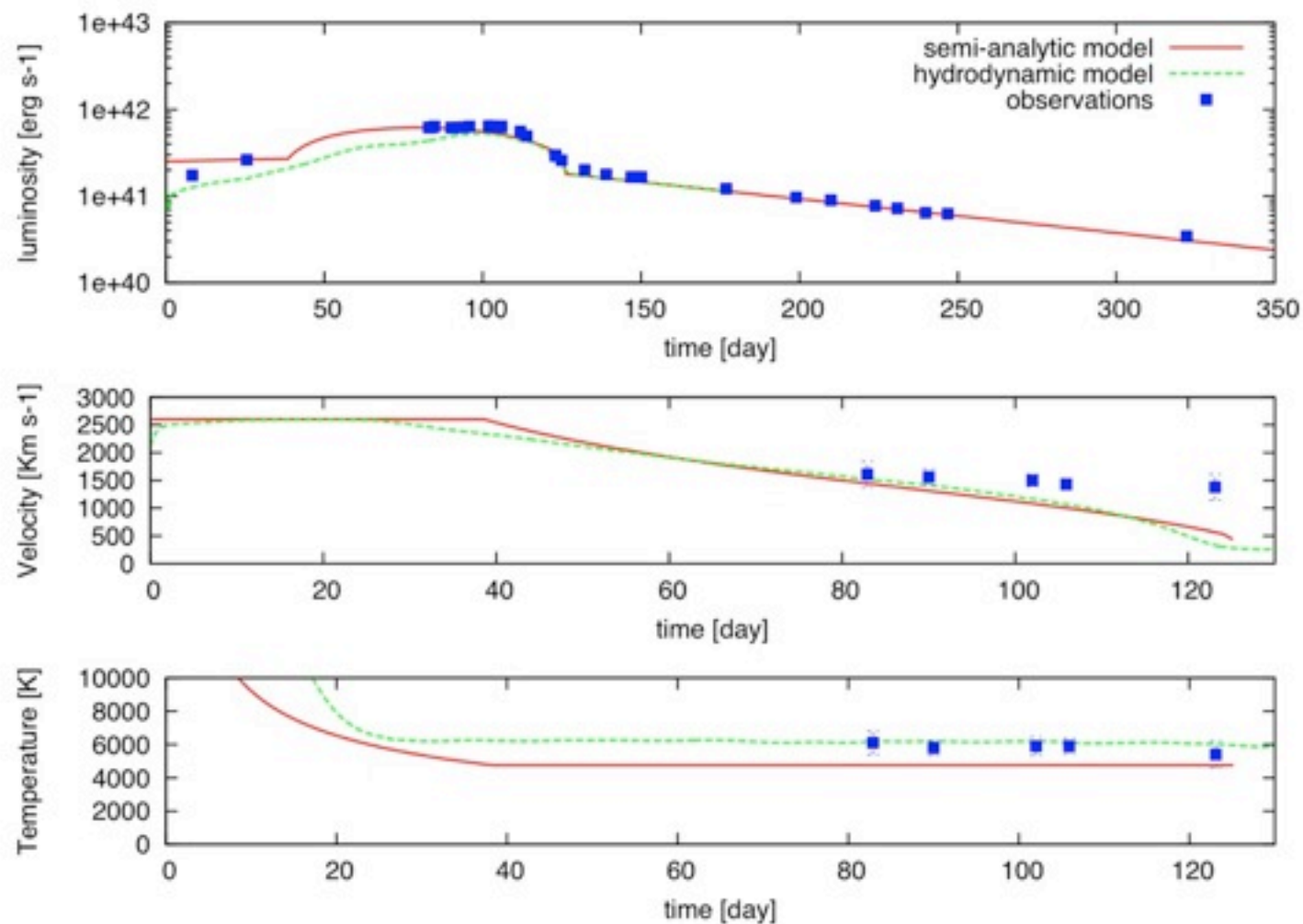
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Pastorello et al. (to be submitted)

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 - $E_k = 1.3$ foe
 - $R_o = 6 \times 10^{12}$ cm
 - $M_{ej} = 26 M_o$
 - $M(^{56}\text{Ni}) = 0.039 M_o$

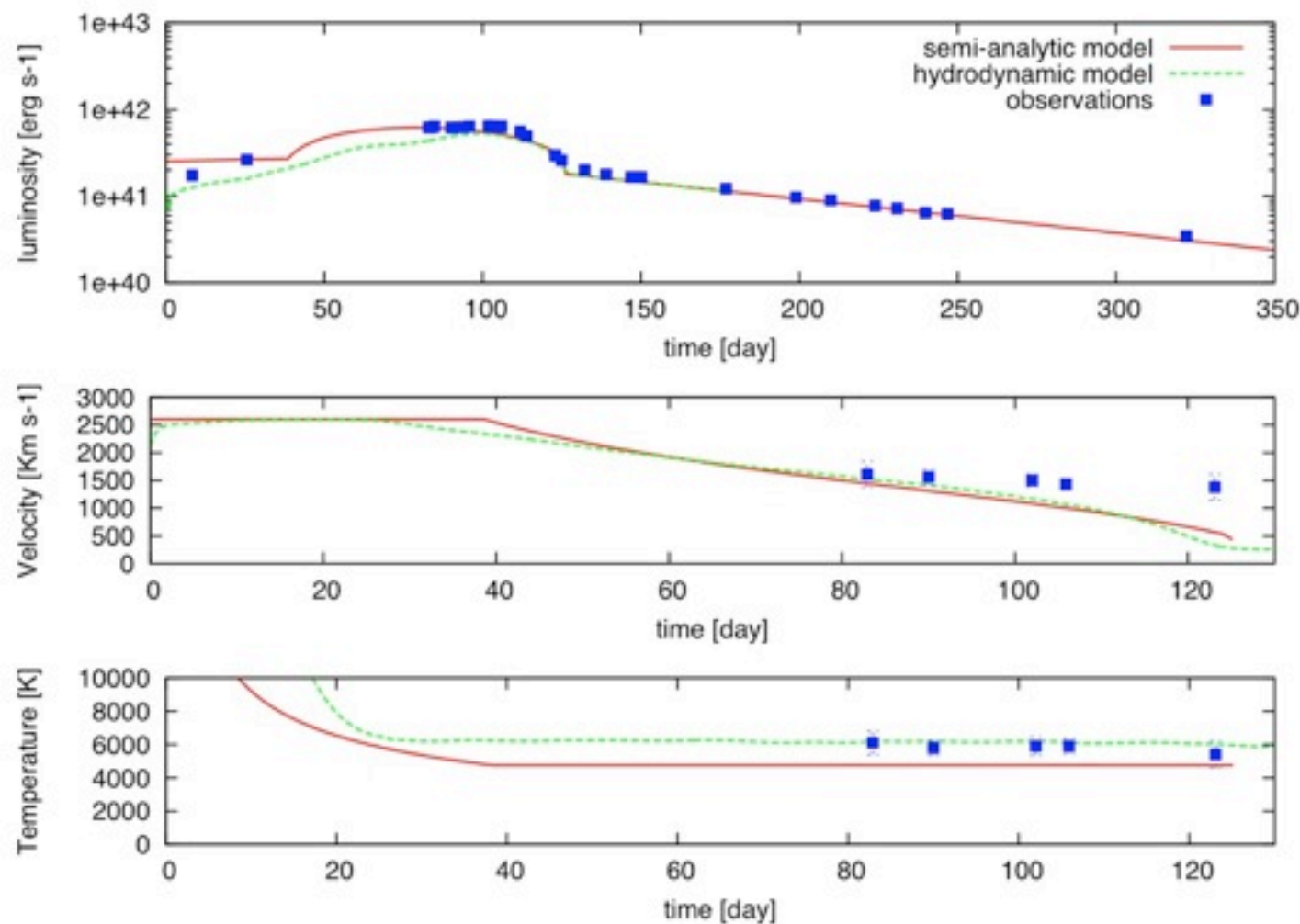
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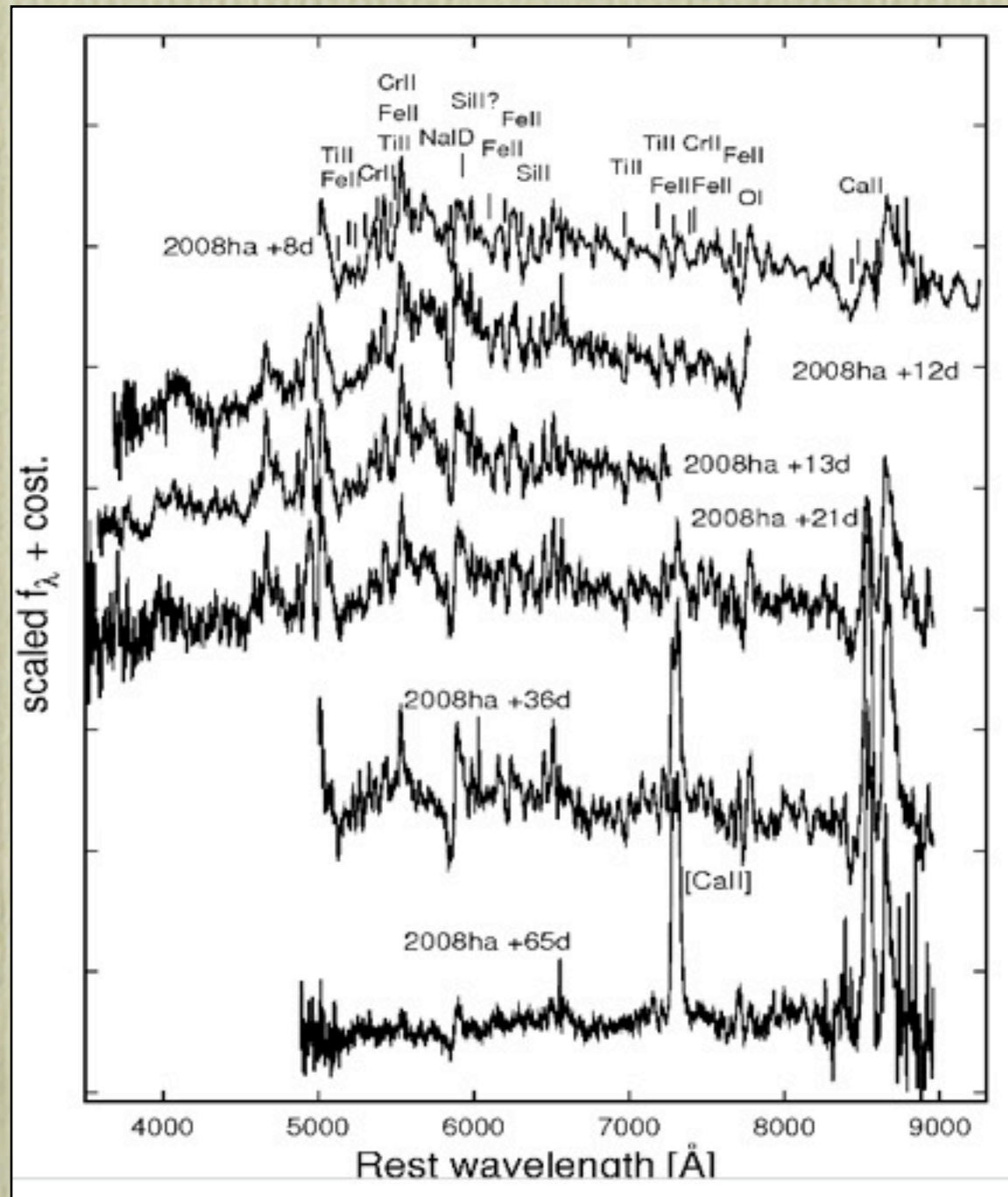
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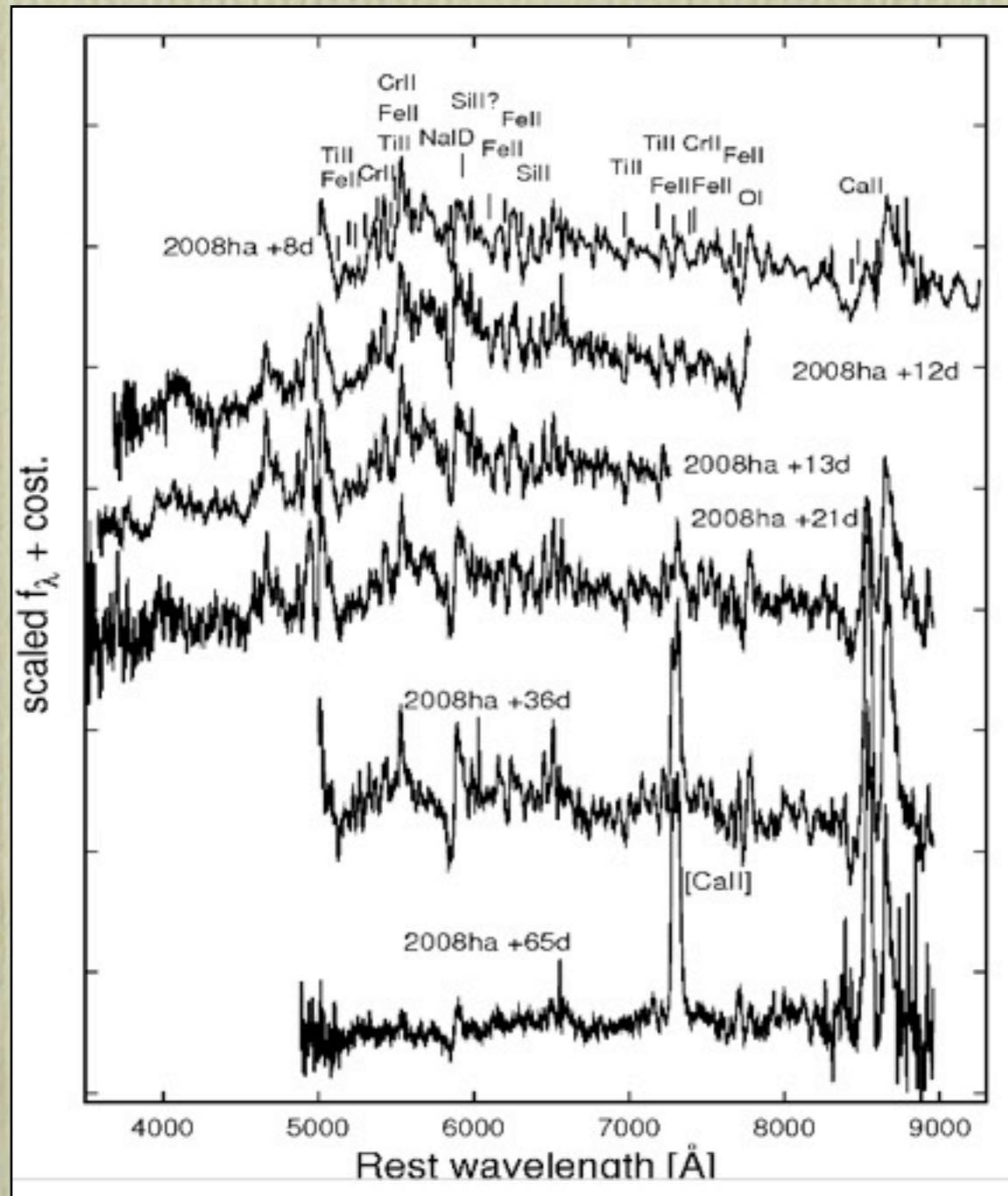
PARAMETERS SIMILAR TO THOSE OF 1987A!

(see posters of Io Kleiser and Francesco Taddia!)

Sub-luminous stripped-envelope SNe

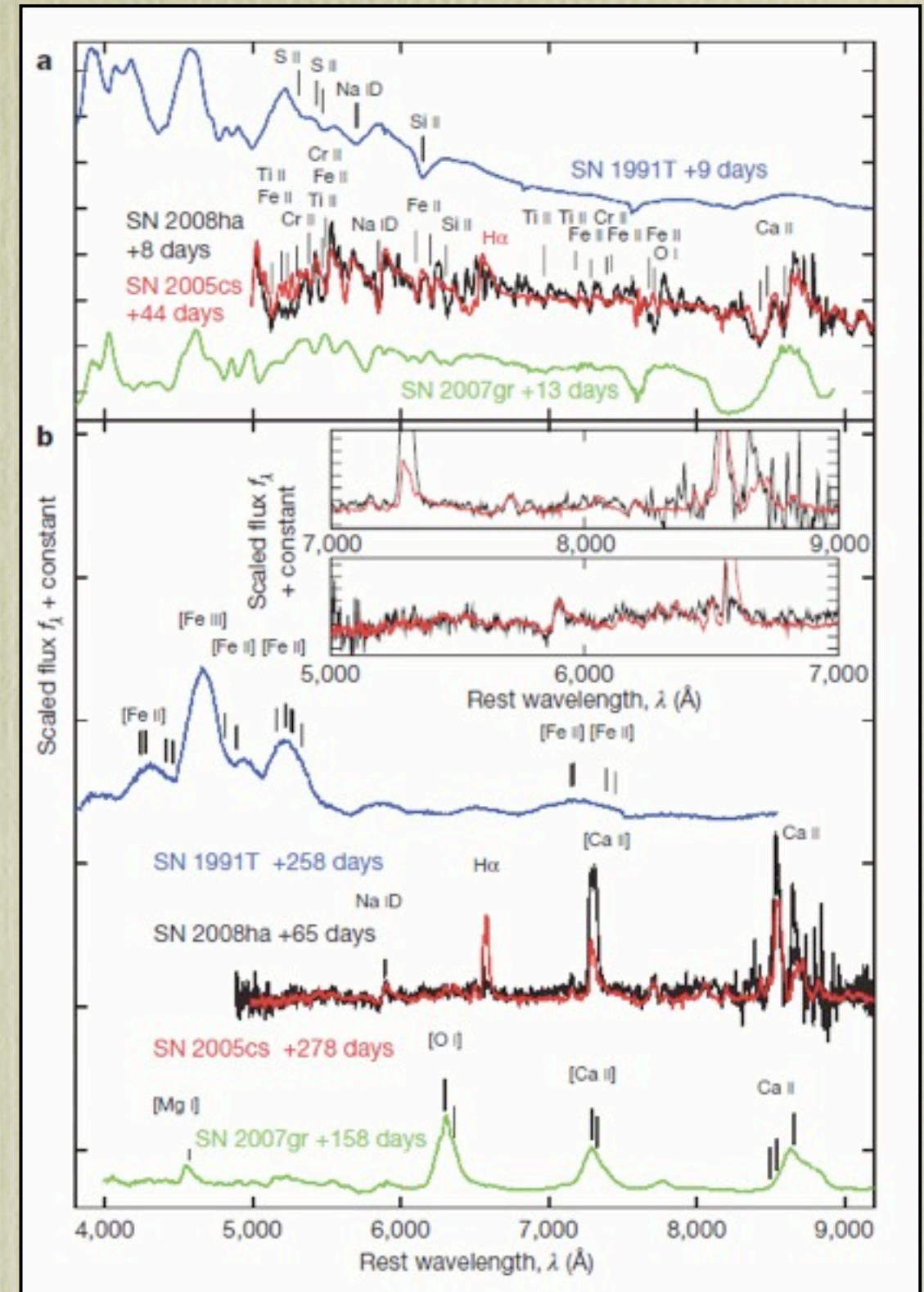
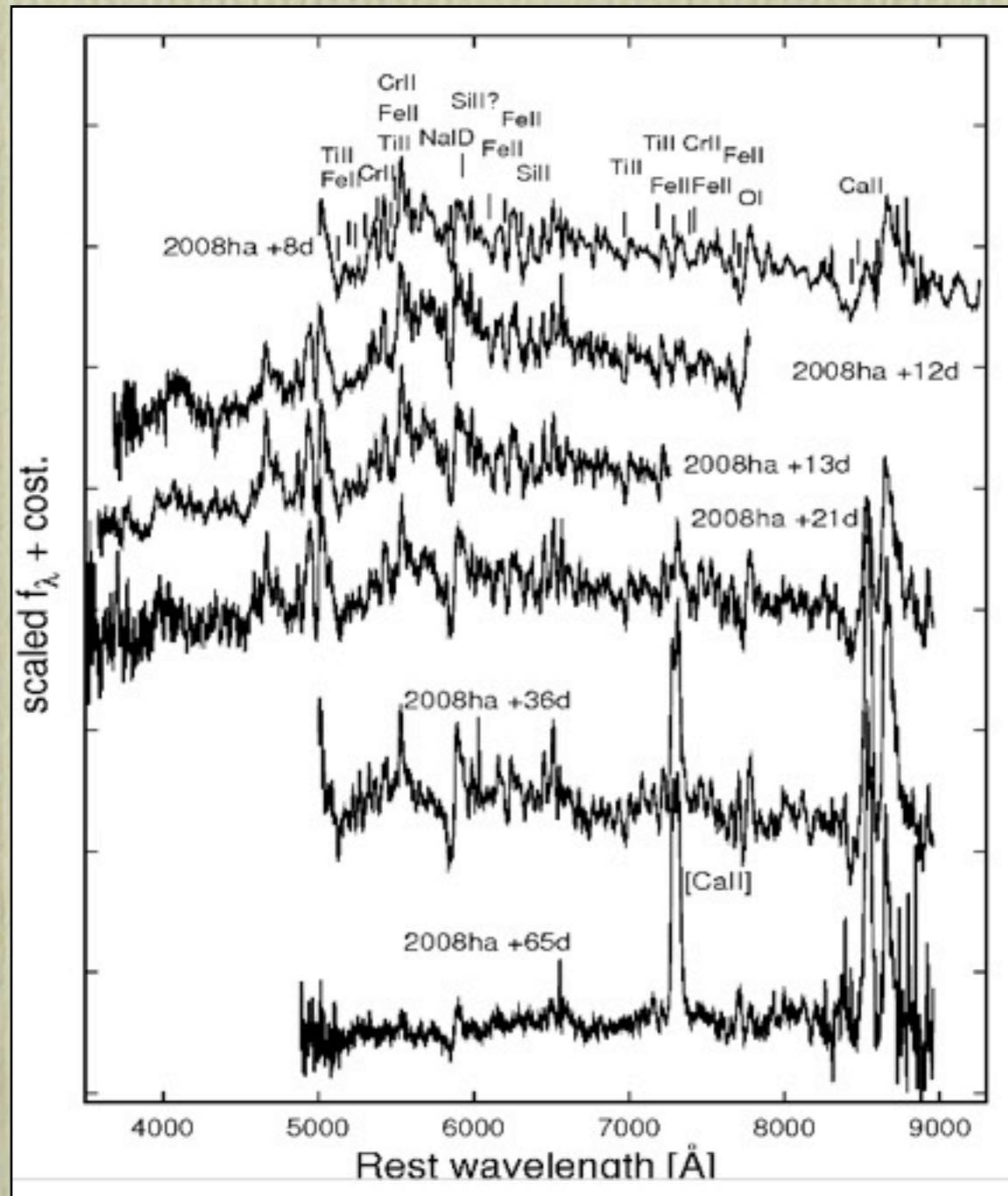


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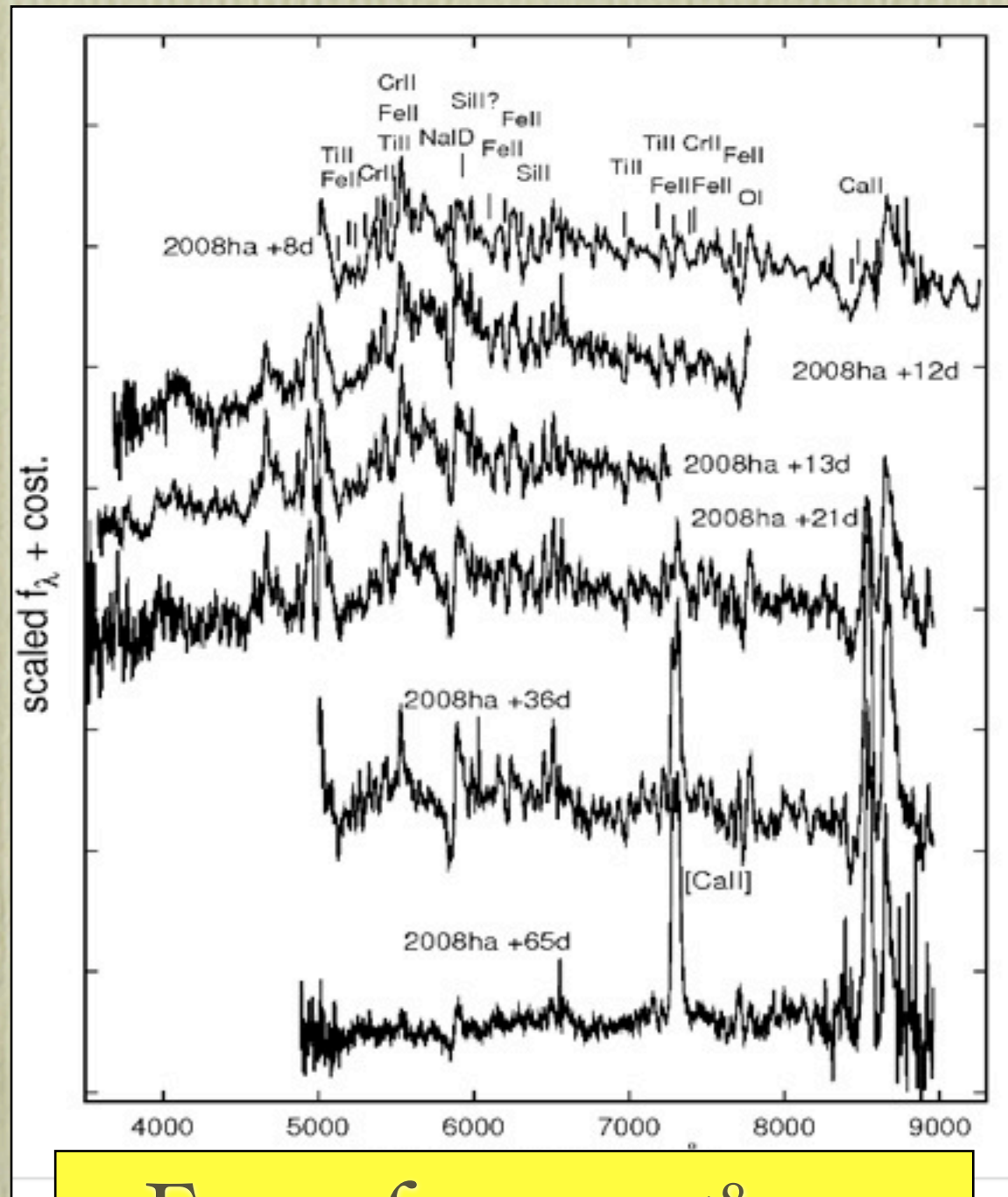
*Valenti et al. 2009; also Foley et al. 2009, 2010
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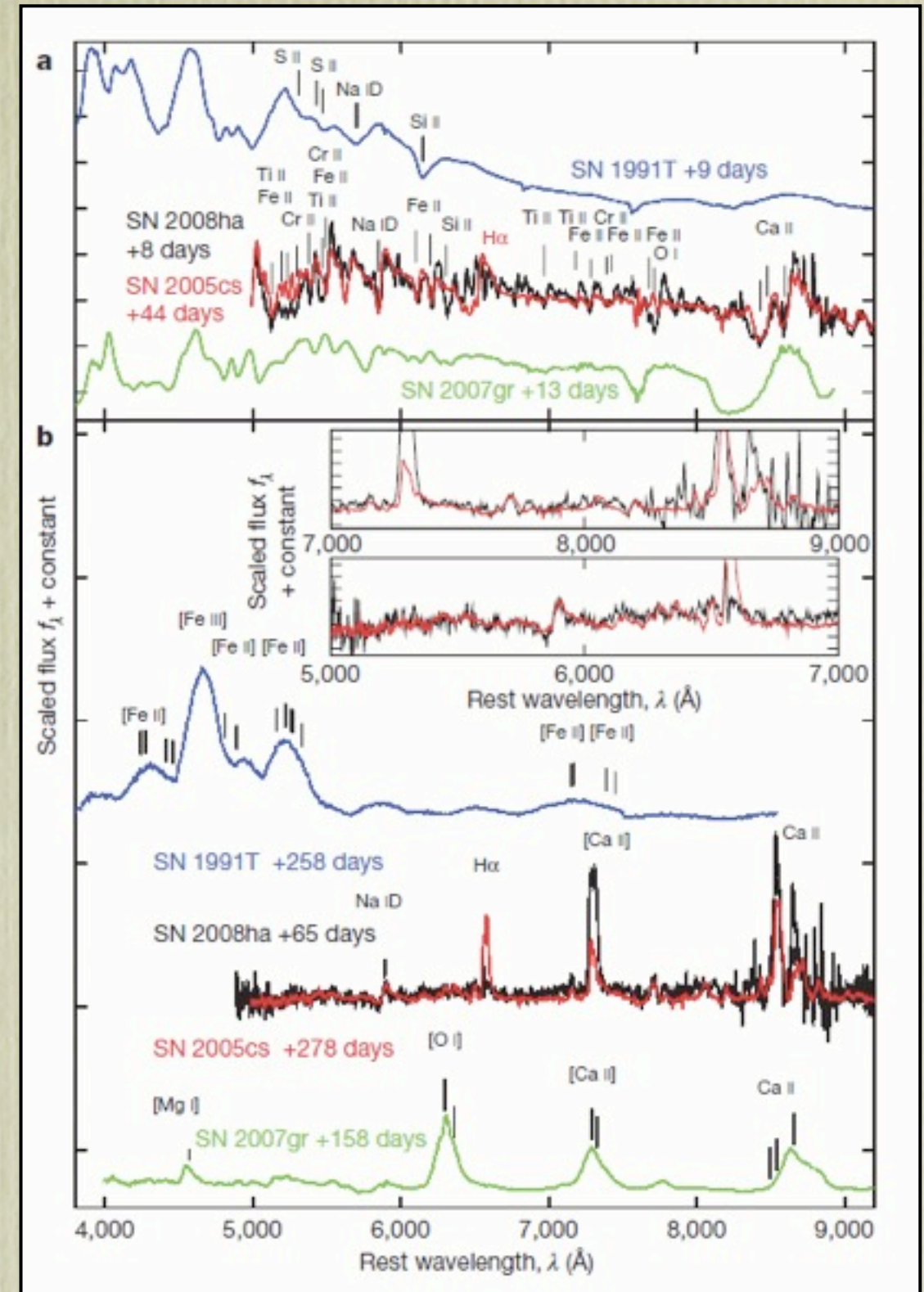
Sub-luminous stripped-envelope SNe



$$E_k = \text{a few} \times 10^{48} \text{ erg}$$

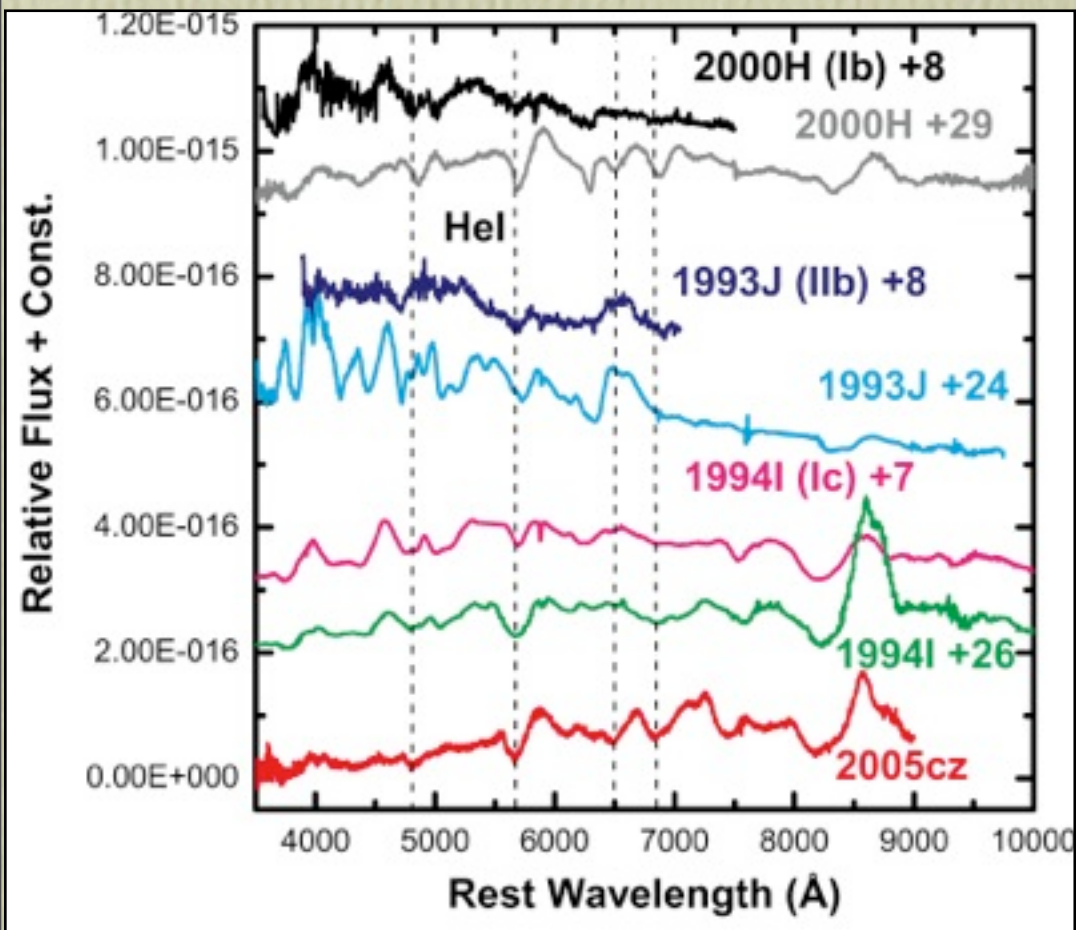
$$M_{\text{ej}} \approx 0.07\text{--}0.15 M_\odot$$

$$M(^{56}\text{Ni}) = 3\text{--}5 \times 10^{-3} M_\odot$$

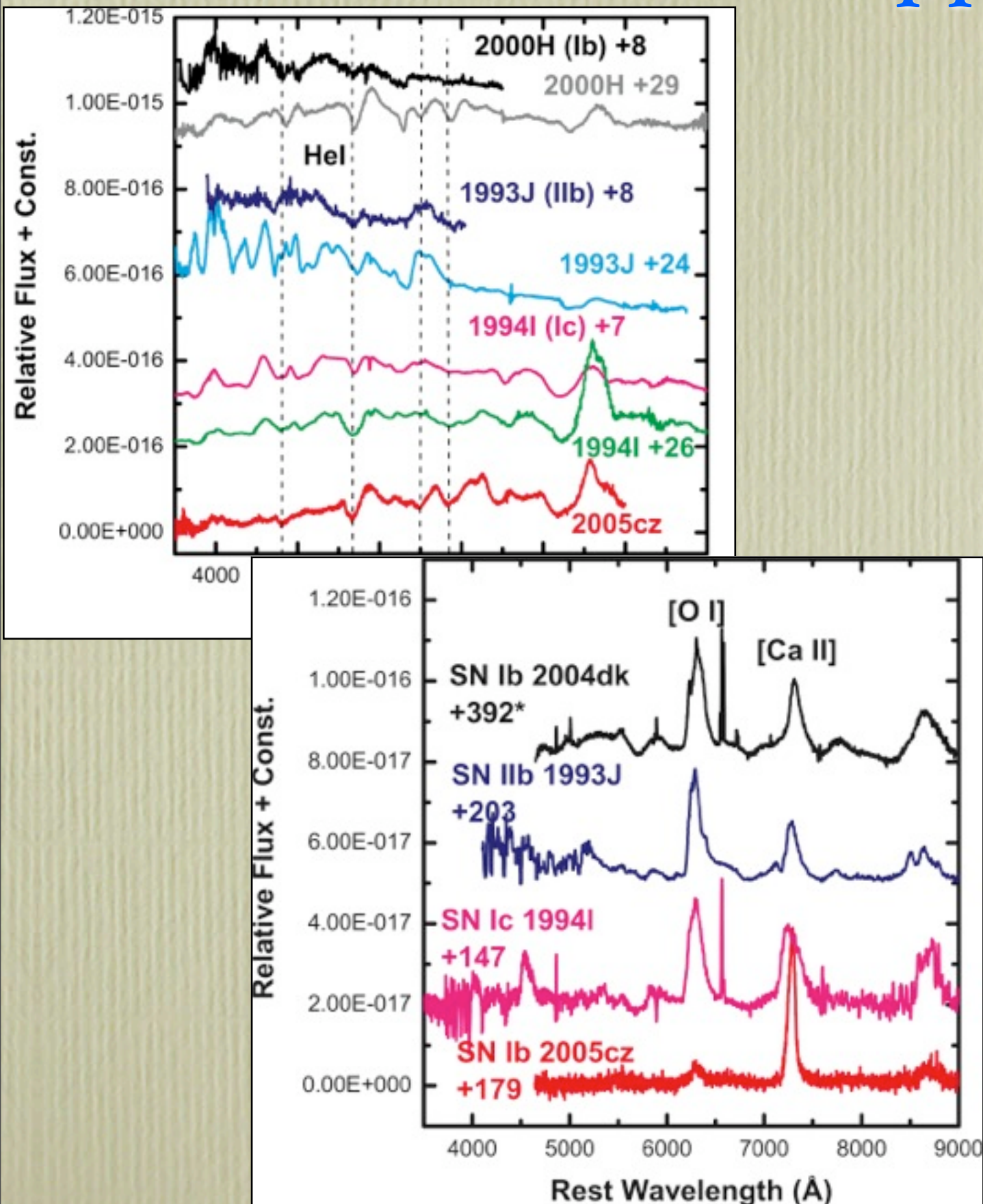


*Valenti et al. 2009; also Foley et al. 2009, 2010
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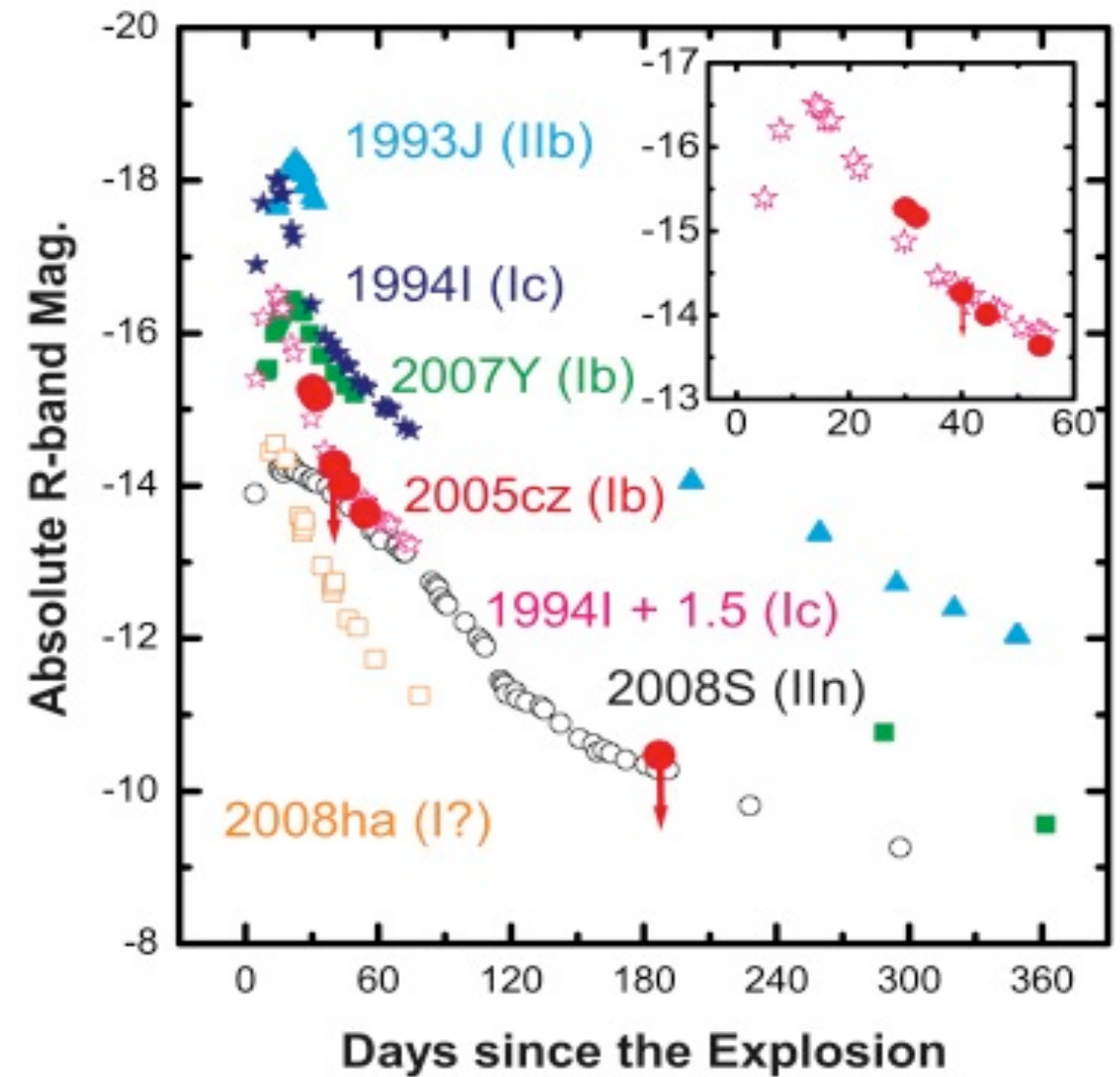
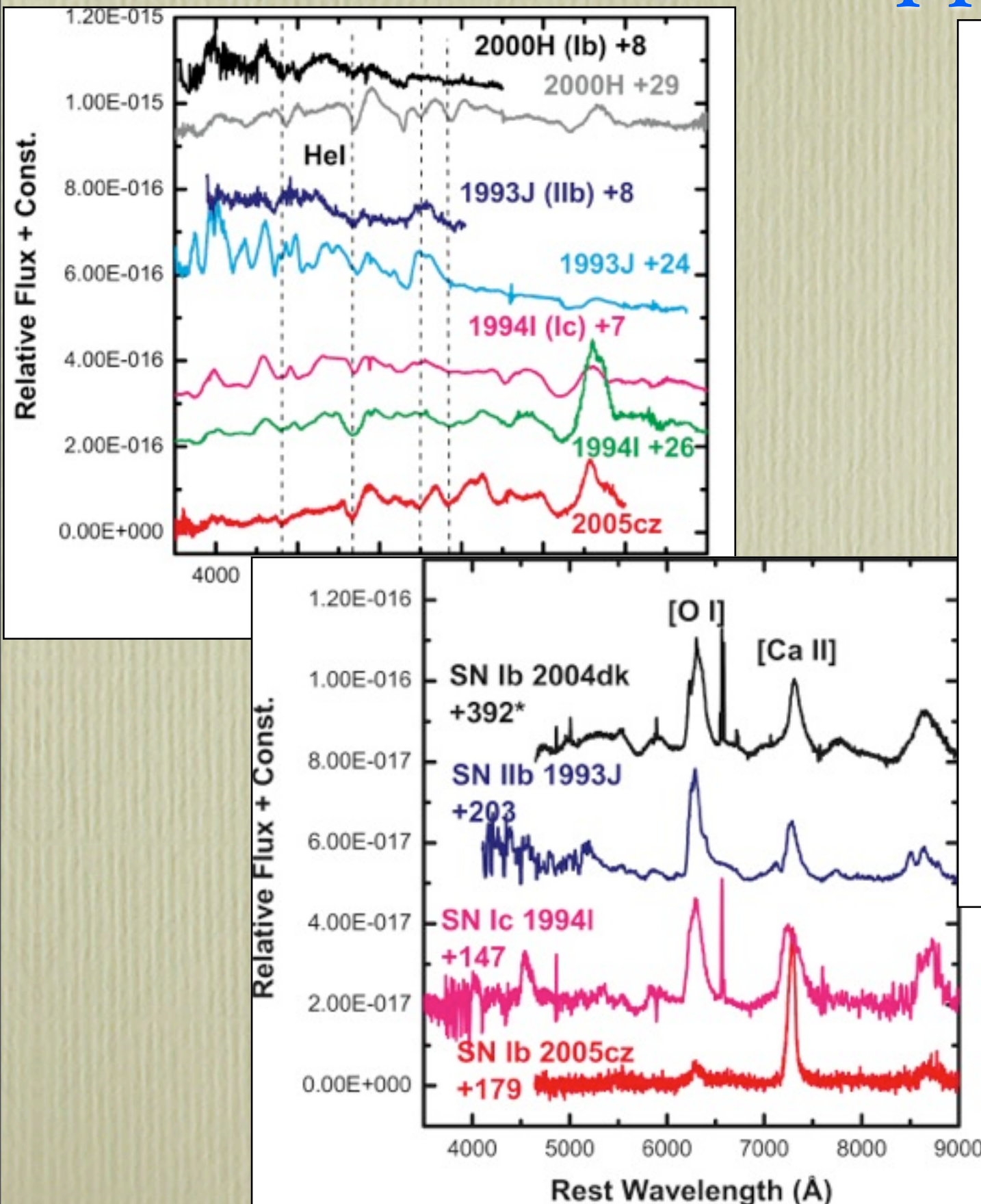
Sub-luminous stripped-envelope SNe



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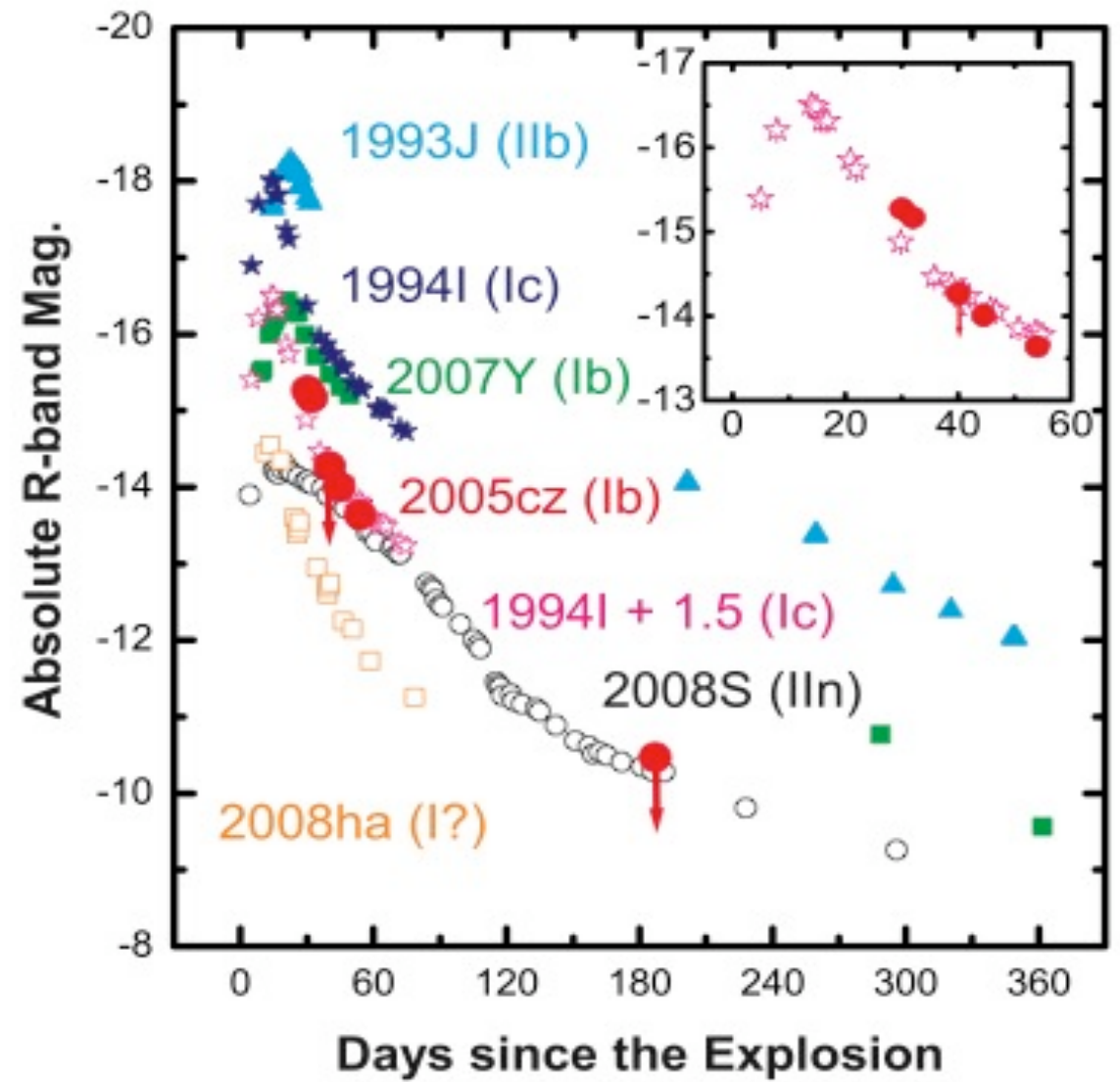
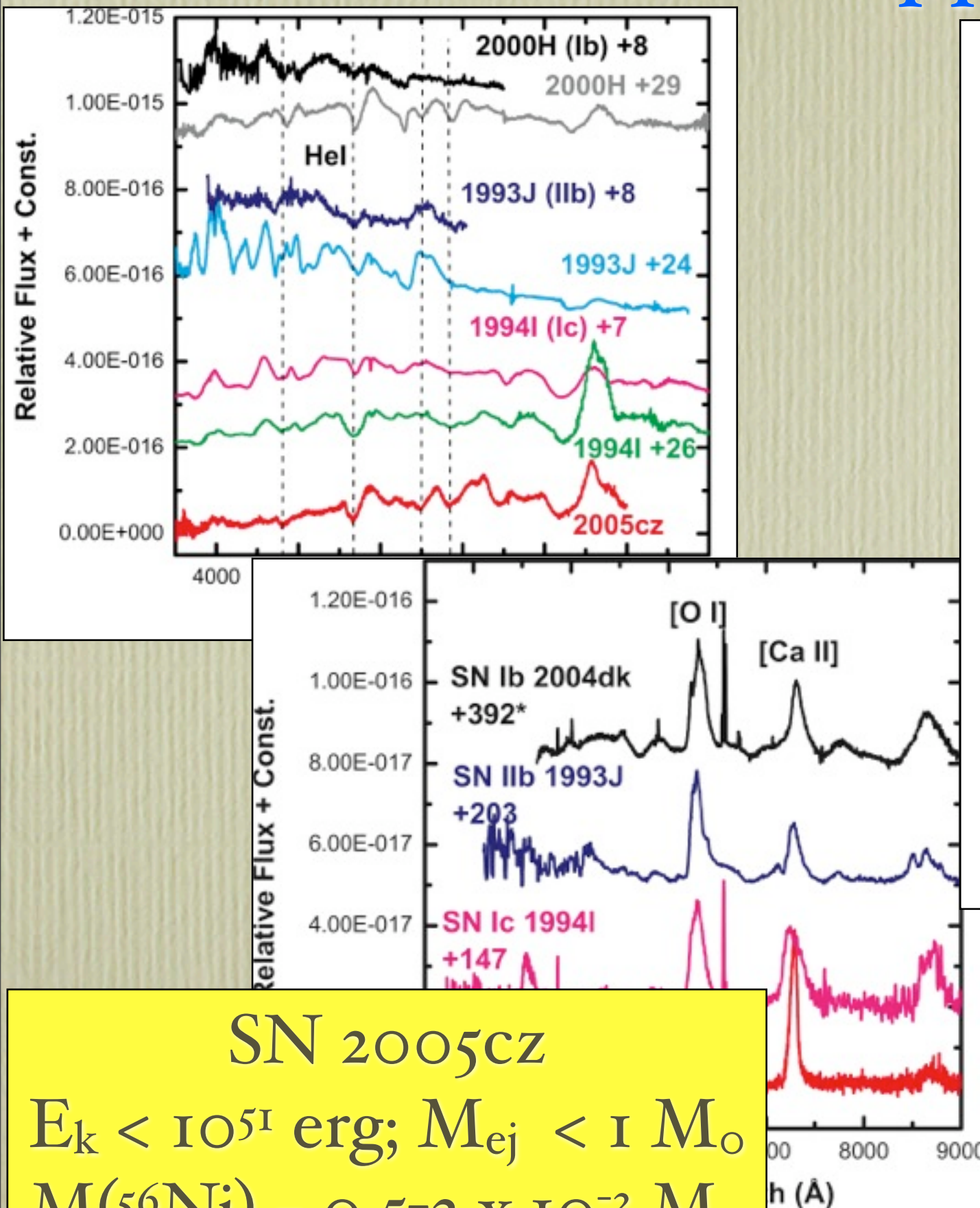


Sub-luminous stripped-envelope SNe



Kawabata et al. 2010, Nature 265, 326

Sub-luminous stripped-envelope SNe



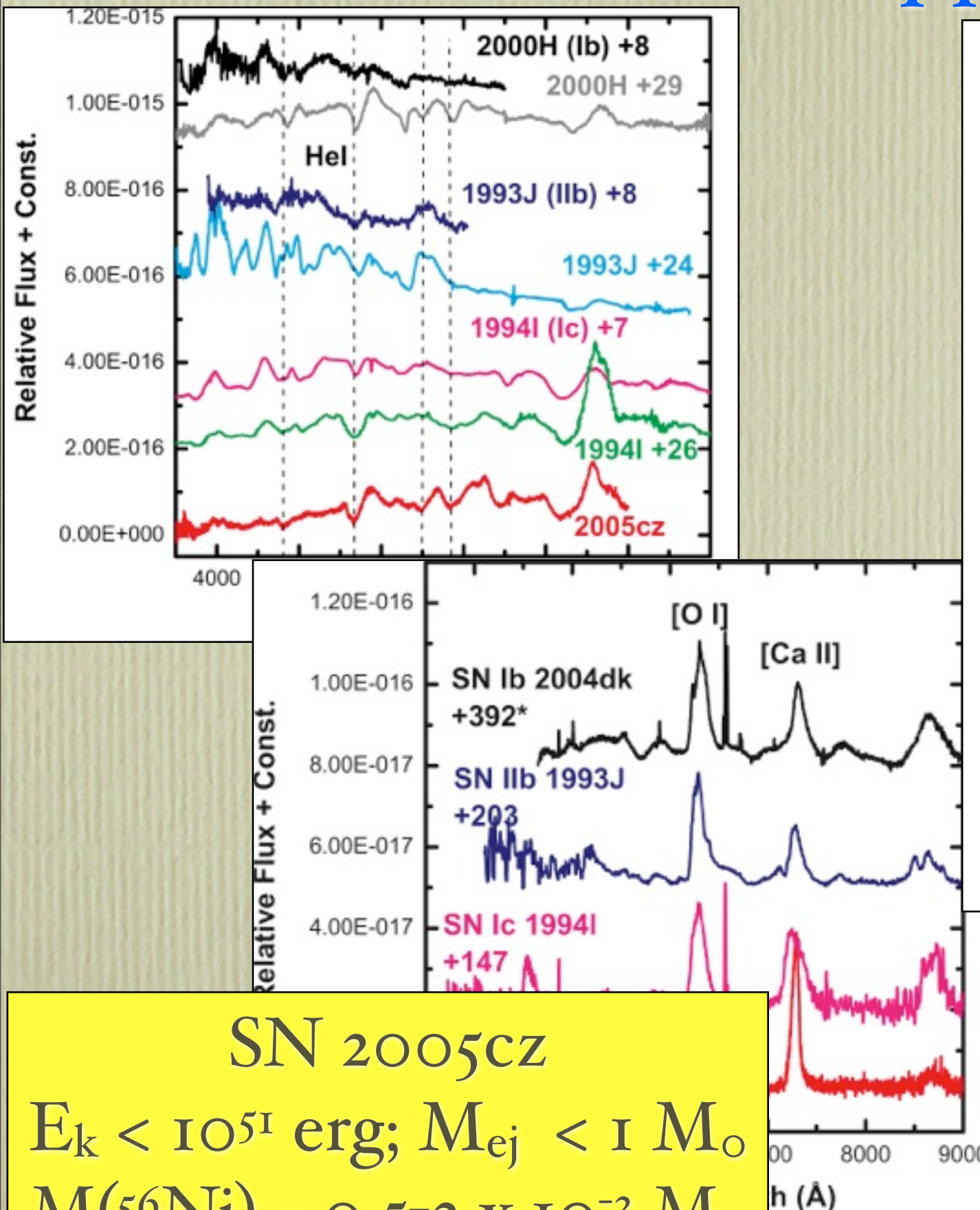
Karwabata et al. 2010, Nature 265, 326

SN 2005cz

$$E_k < 10^{51} \text{ erg}; M_{\text{ej}} < 1 M_{\odot}$$

$$M(^{56}\text{Ni}) = 0.5\text{--}2 \times 10^{-2} M_{\odot}$$

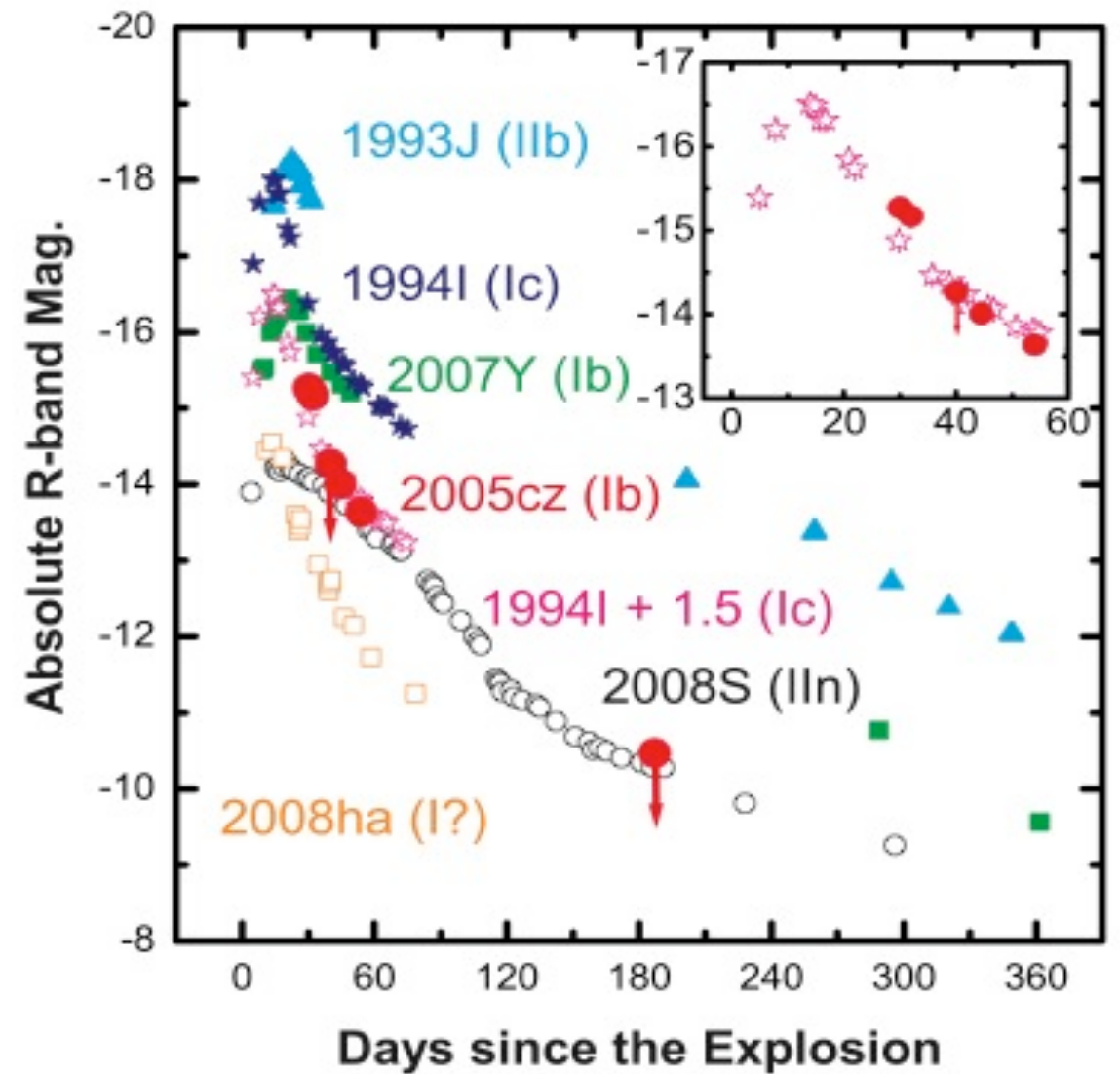
Sub-luminous stripped-envelope SNe



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Kawabata et al. 2010, Nature 265, 326

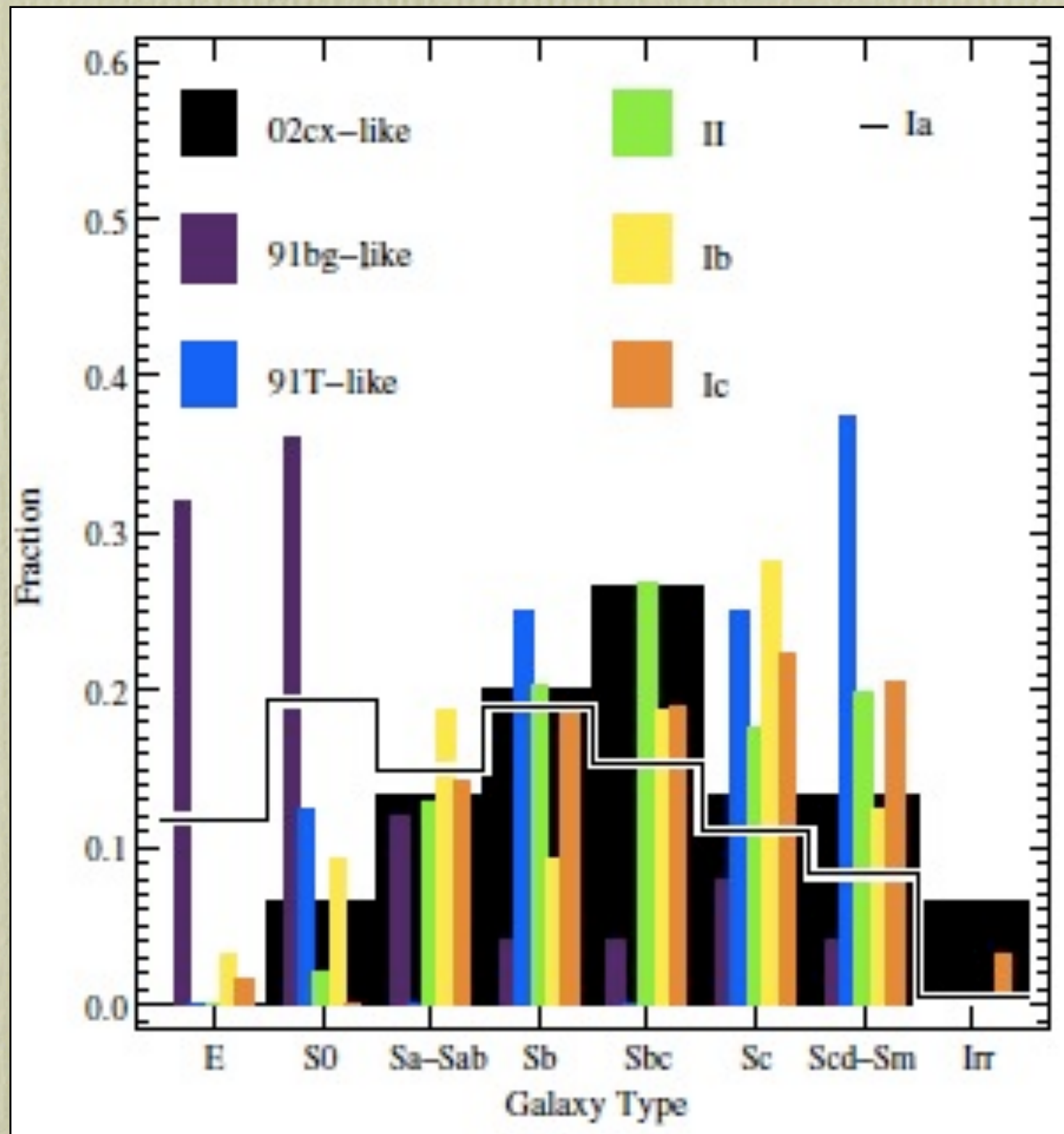
SN 2005E

(Peretz et al, 2010, Nature 265, 322)

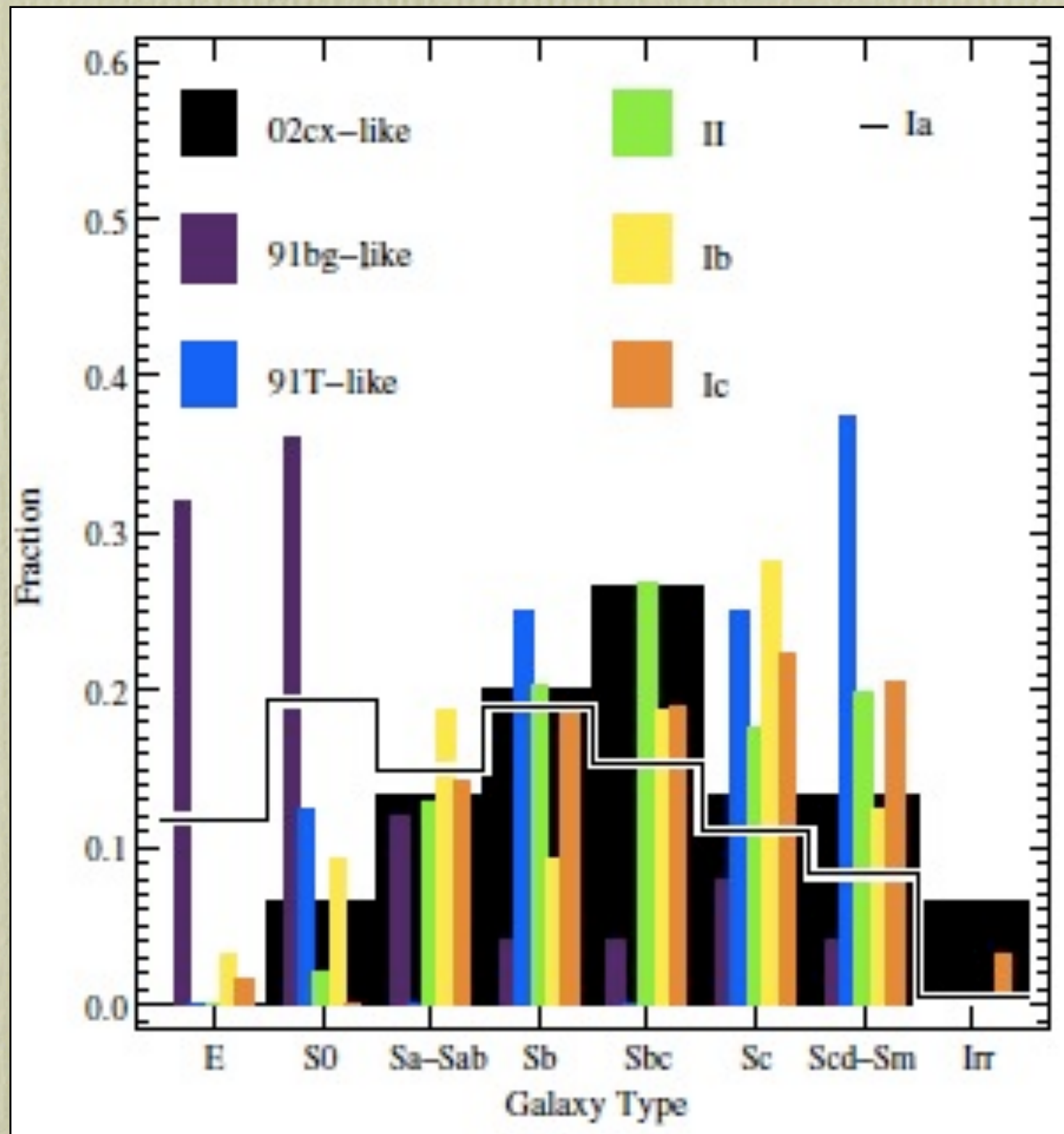
$$E_k \sim 5 \times 10^{50} \text{ erg}; M_{ej} \sim 0.3 M_{\odot}$$

$$M(^{56}\text{Ni}) = 3 \times 10^{-3} M_{\odot}$$

SUB-LUMINOUS STRIPPED-ENVELOPE SNE

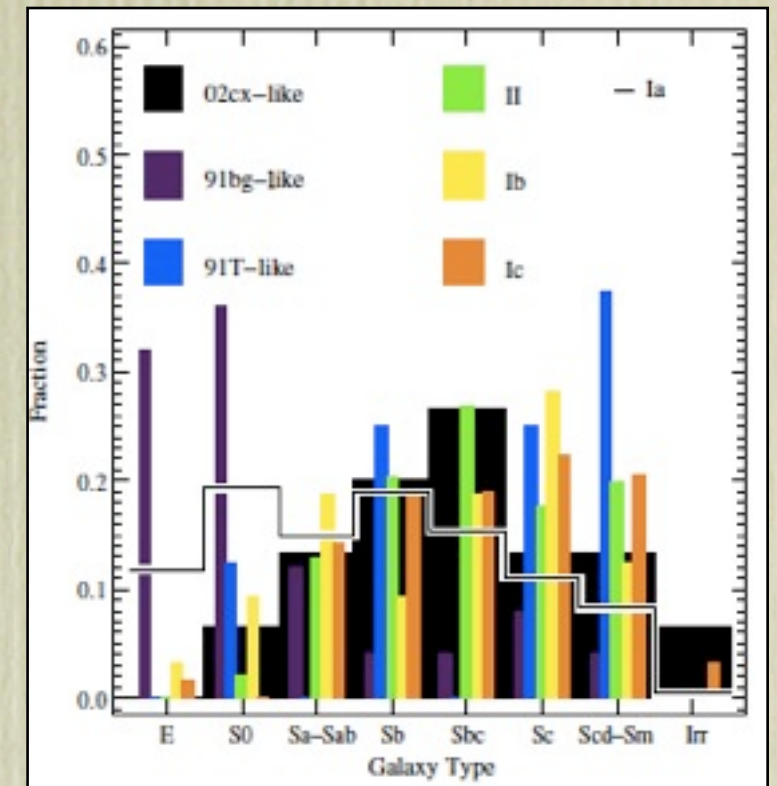
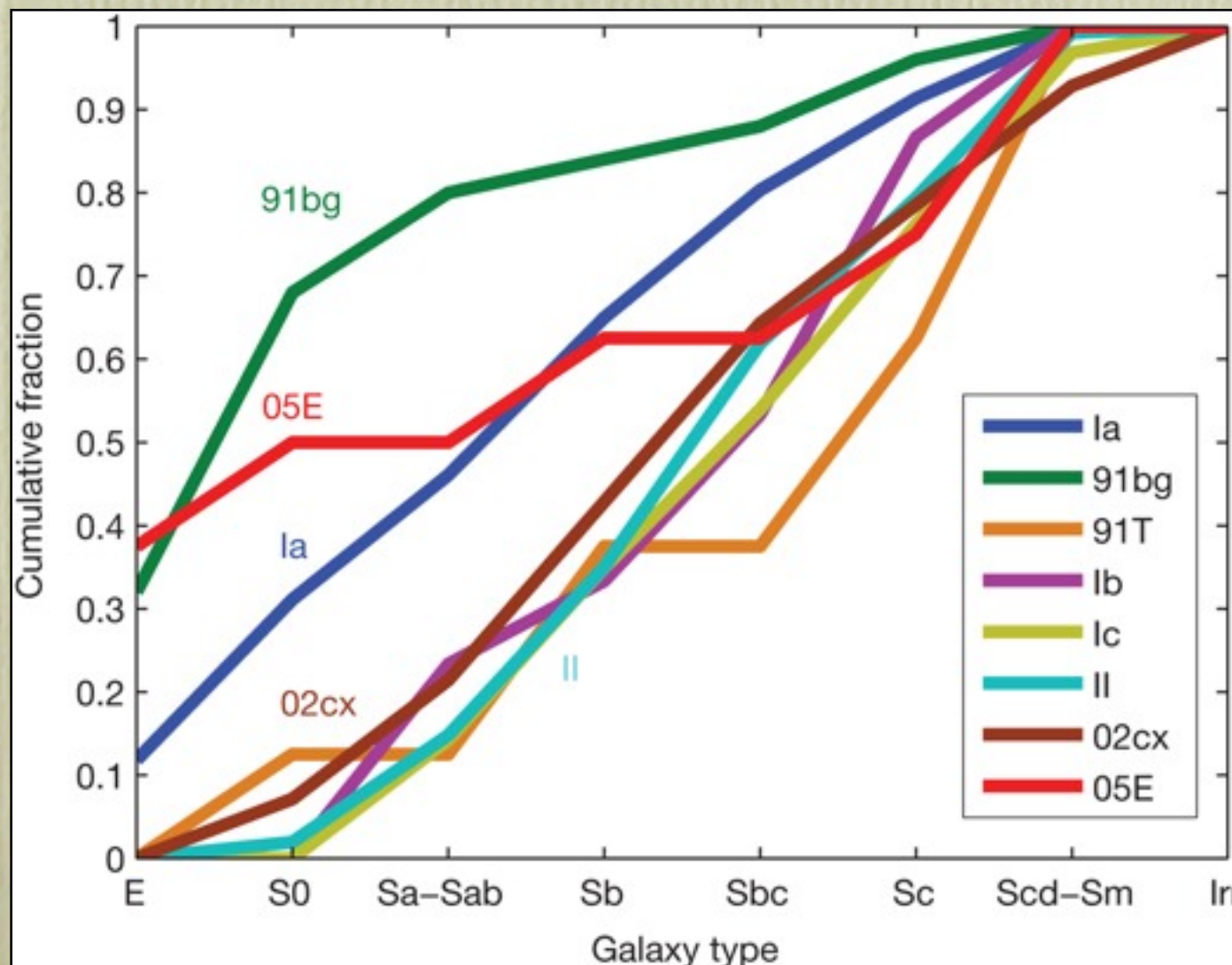


SUB-LUMINOUS STRIPPED-ENVELOPE SNE



Foley et al, 2009

SUB-LUMINOUS STRIPPED-ENVELOPE SNE



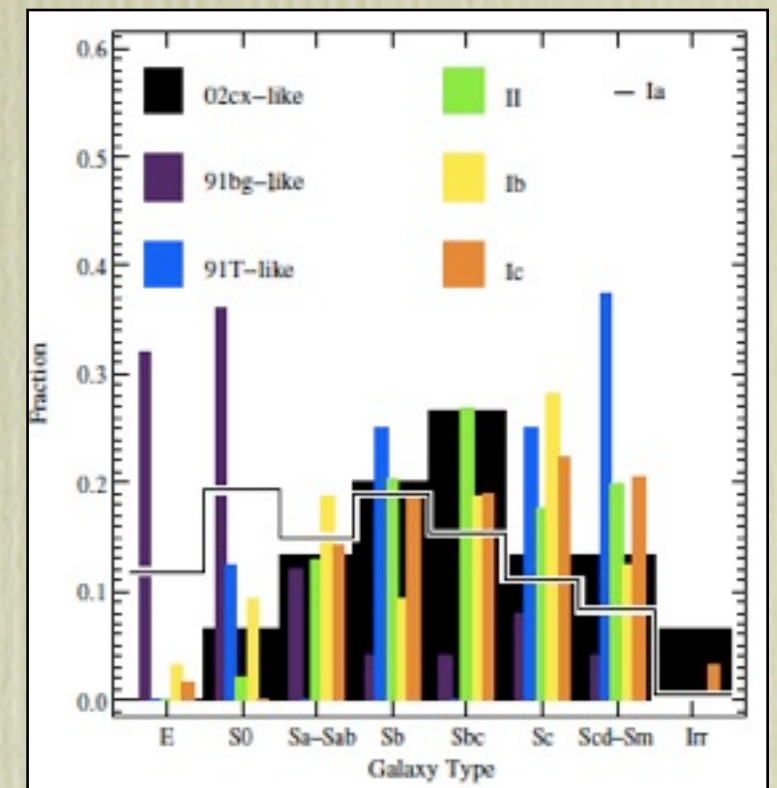
Foley et al, 2009

Peretz et al, 2010

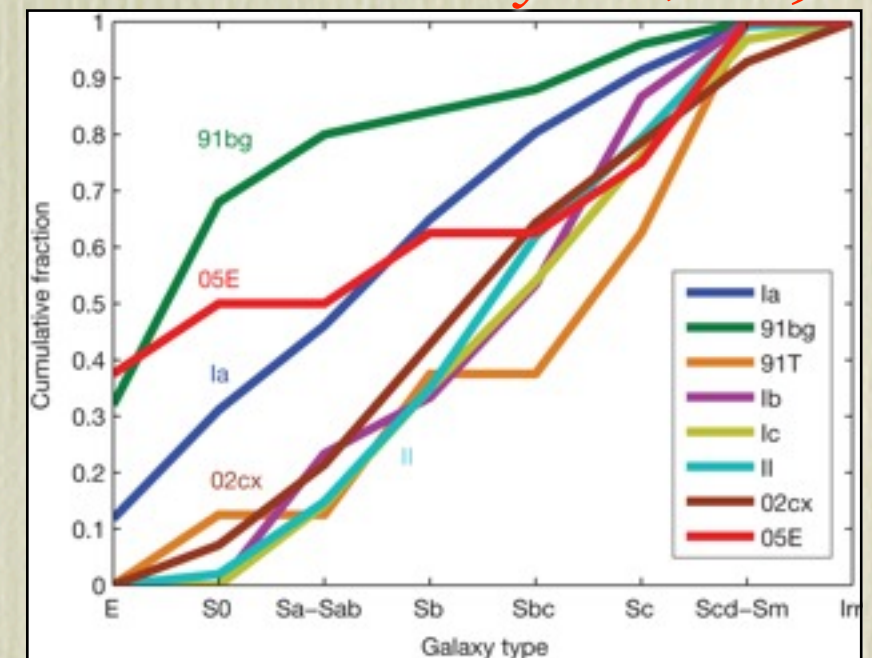
SUB-LUMINOUS STRIPPED-ENVELOPE SNE

SN 2008ha (and other SE-SNe)

- Deflagration of sub-Chandrasekhar mass WDs (*e.g. Branch et al. 2004*); a failed deflagration for SN 2008ha (*Foley et al. 2009*)
- He shells detonation in close WD binaries (.Ia SNe) - unburned He in the ejecta! (*Bildsten et al. 2007, Shen et al. 2010*)
- WD - NS/BH mergers (*Metzger 2011*)
- Accretion-induced collapses (*Darbha et al. 2010*)
- EC-SNe (Ibc-type) from $\sim 9 M_{\odot}$ super-AGB stars (*Pumo et al. 2010*)
- Faint CC-SNe from $> 20\text{-}25 M_{\odot}$ stars + fall-back (*Moriya et al. 2011*)



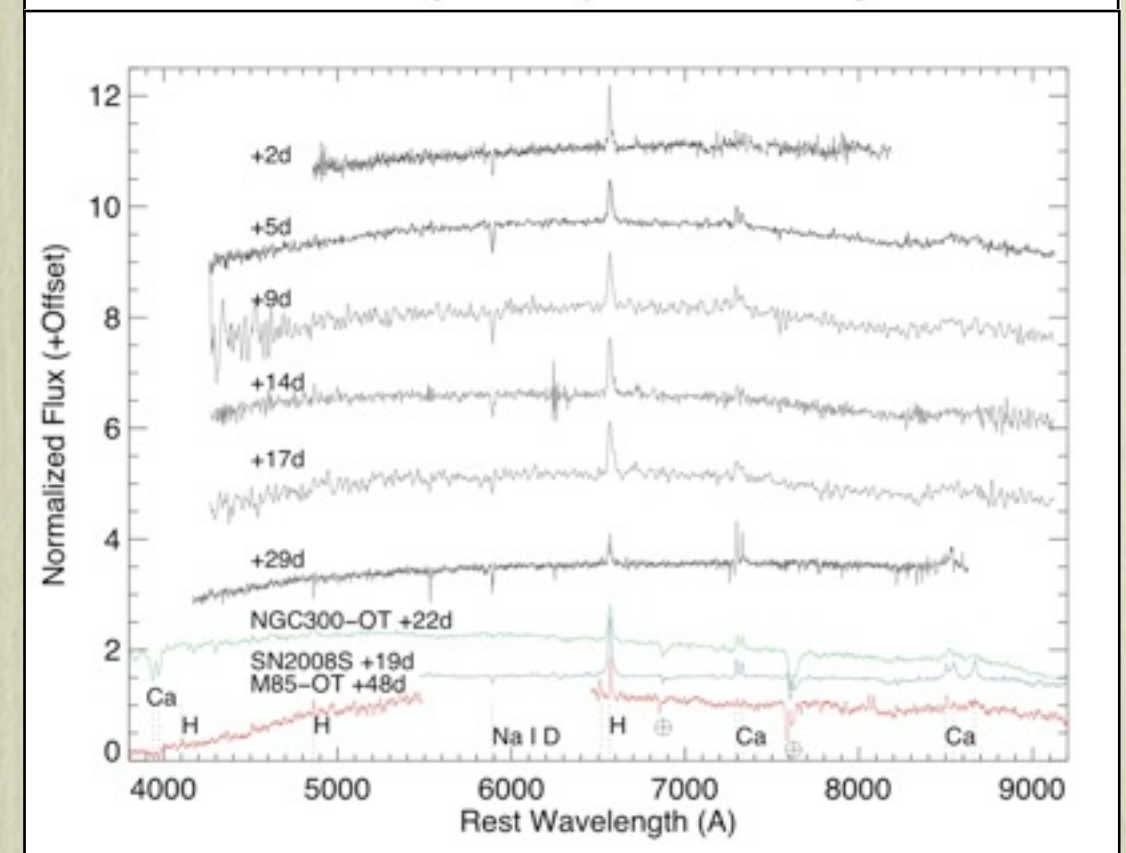
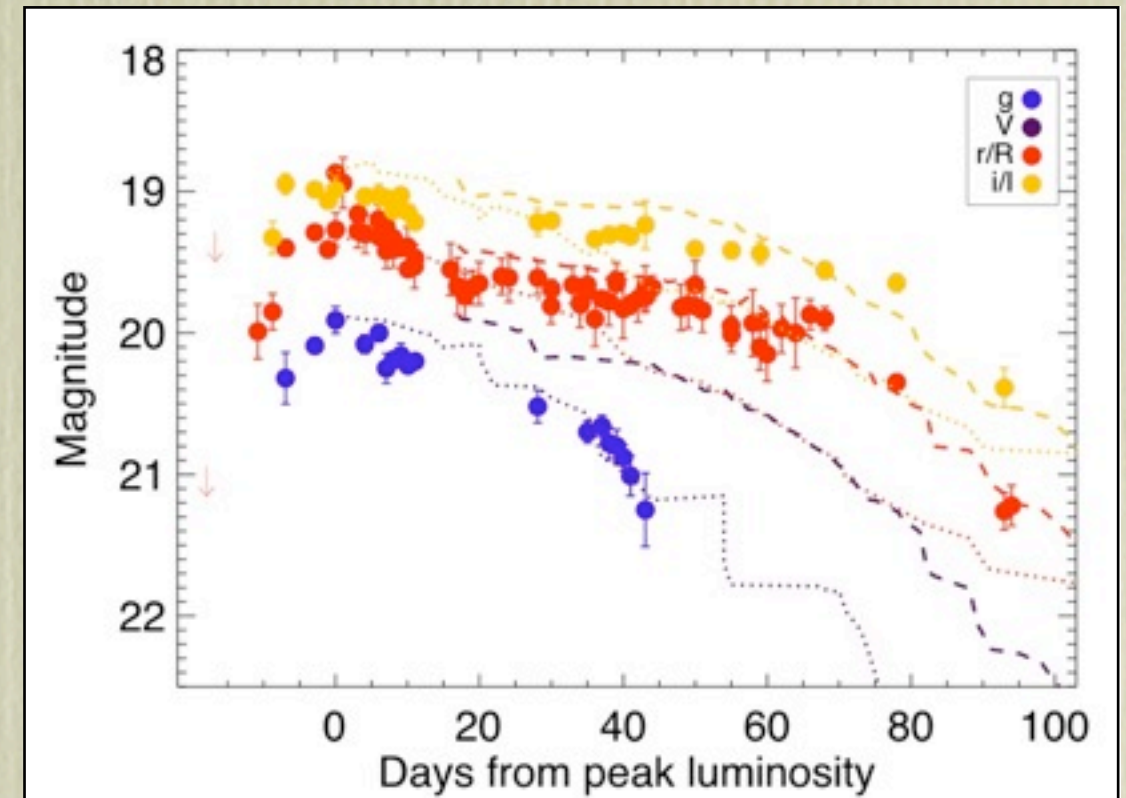
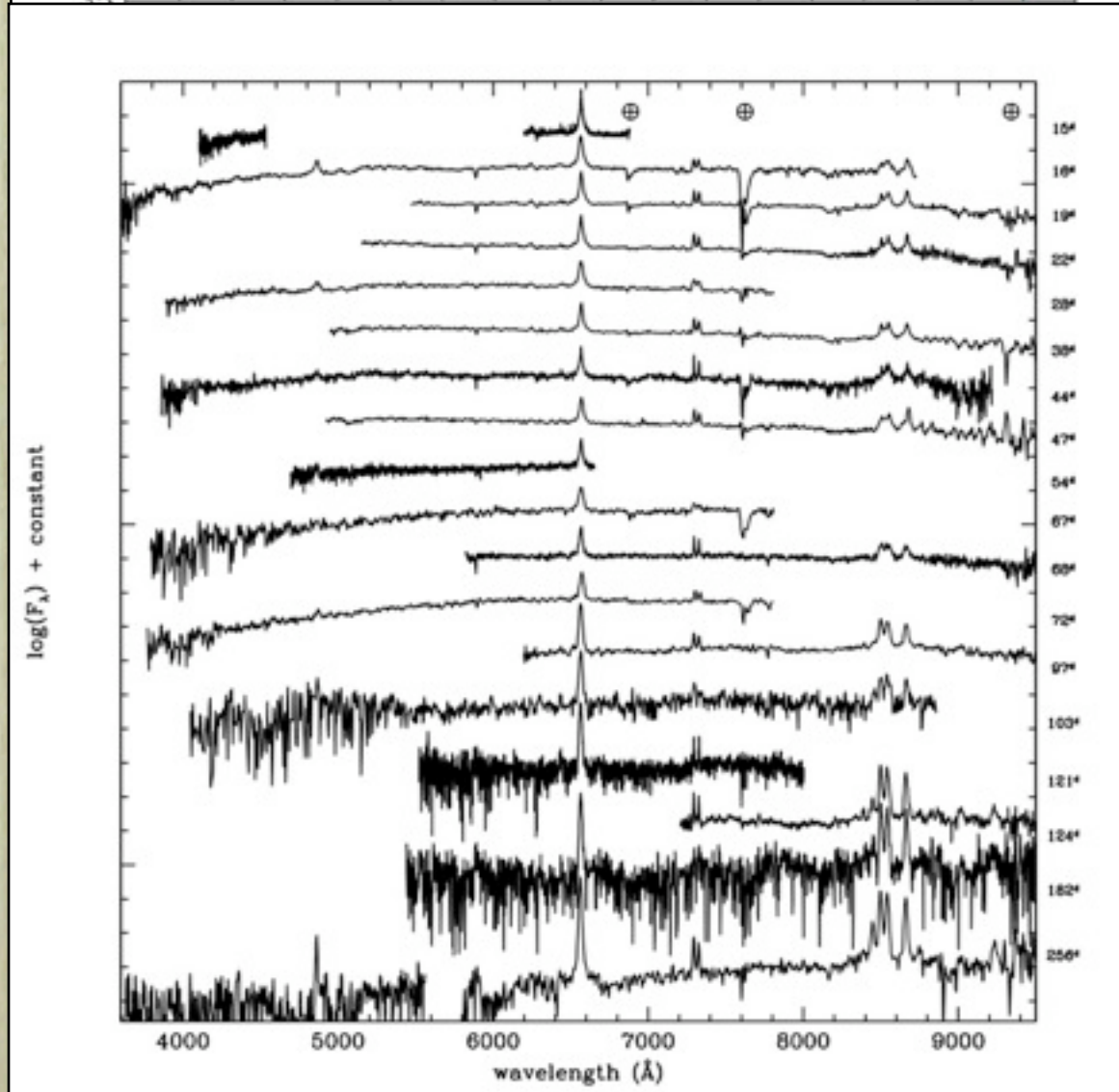
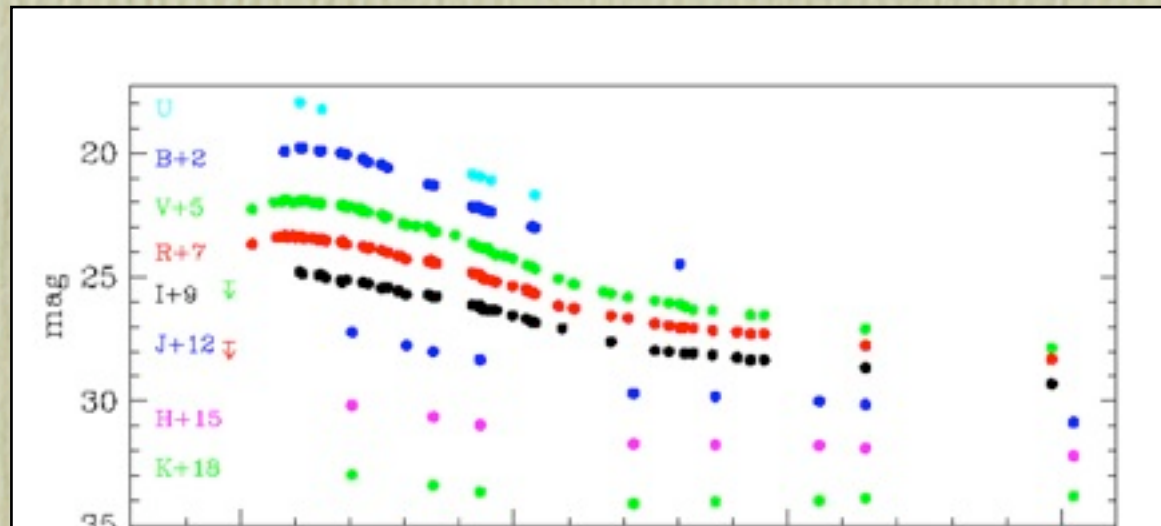
Foley et al, 2009



Peretz et al, 2010

SN impostors or ultrafaint SNe?

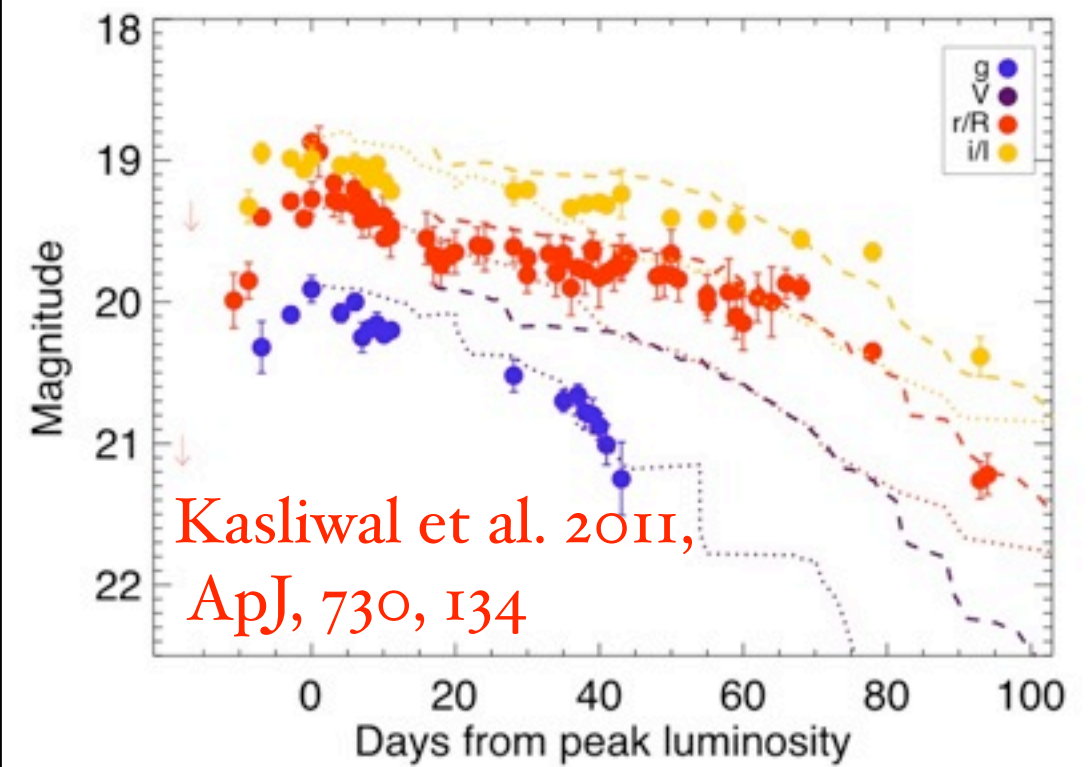
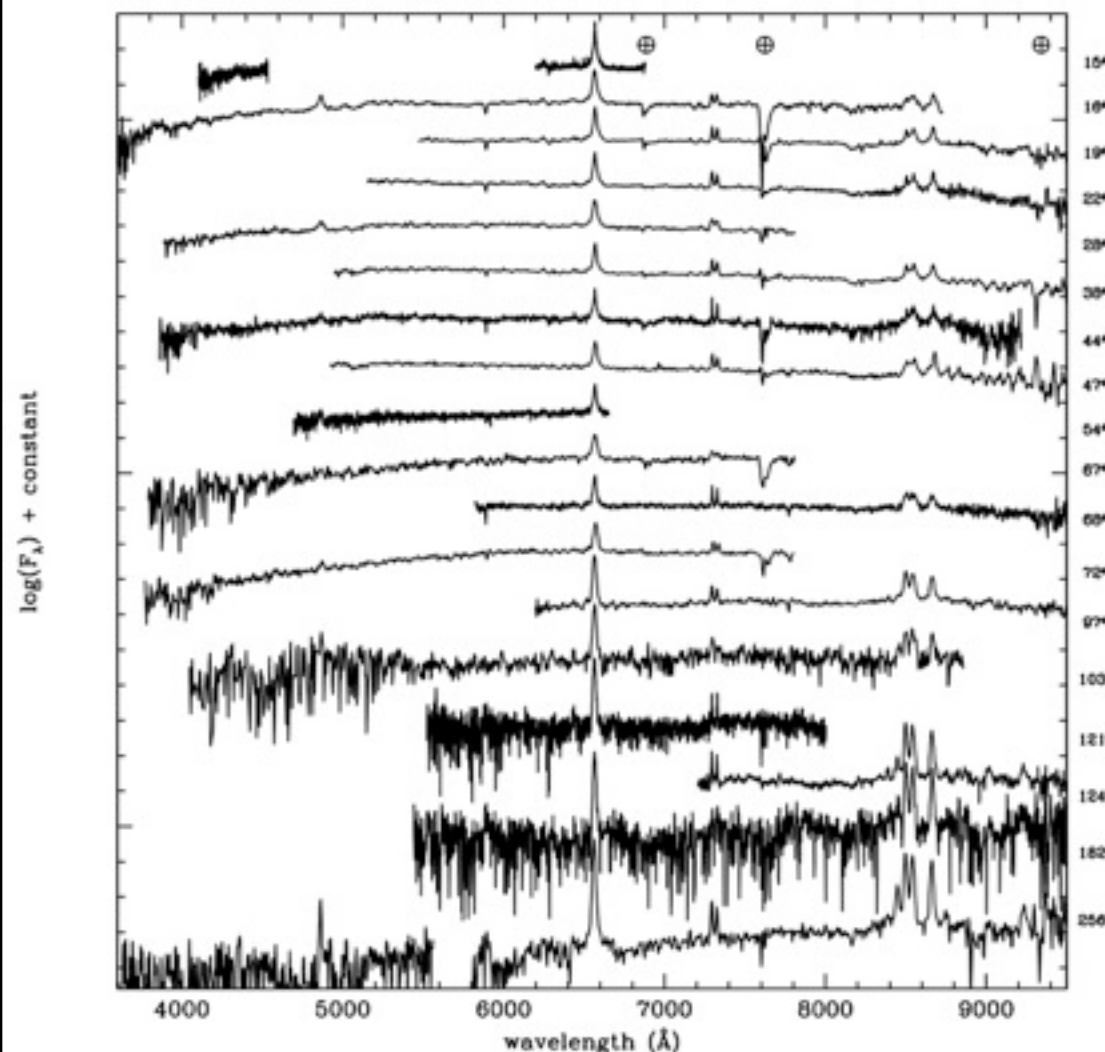
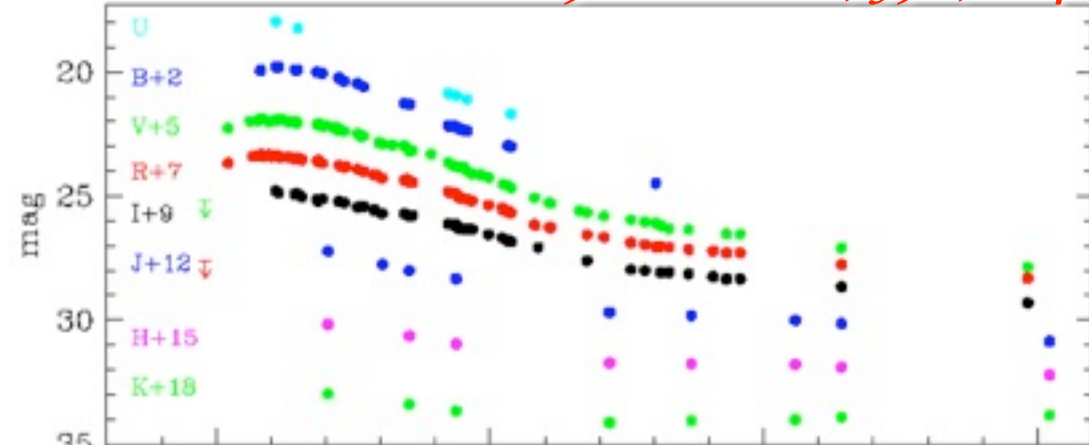
SN 2008S, PFT10fqs....



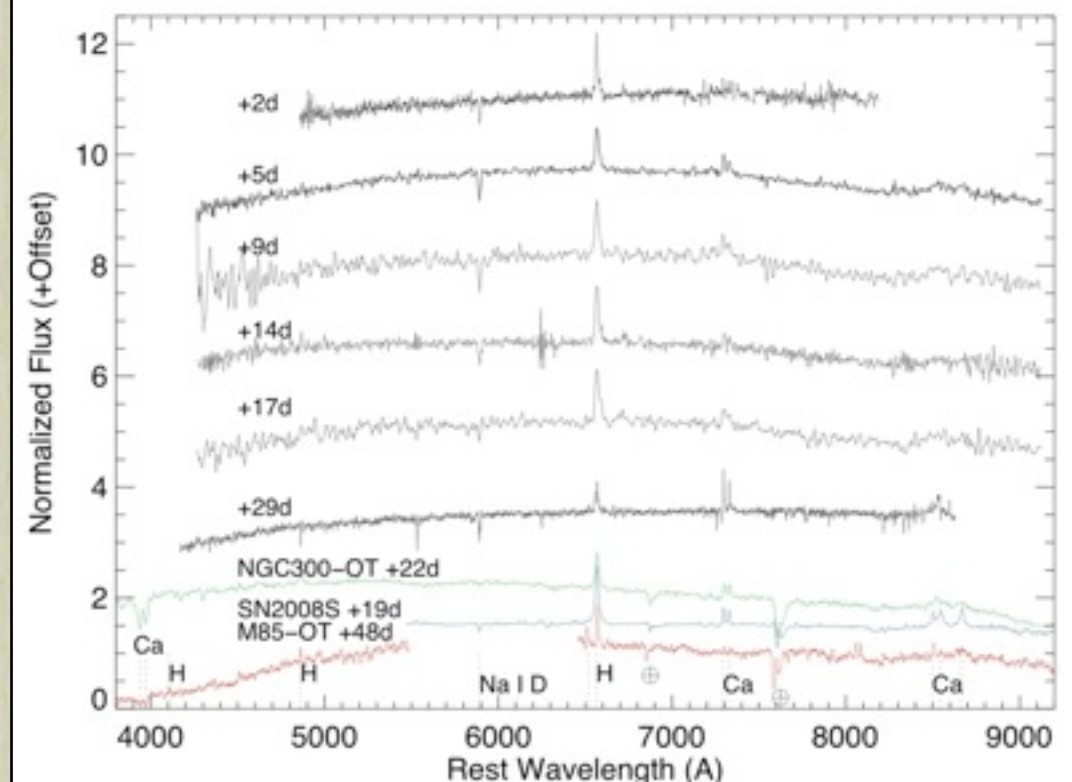
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SN 2008S, PFT10fqs....

Botticella et al. 2009 MNRAS, 398, 1041

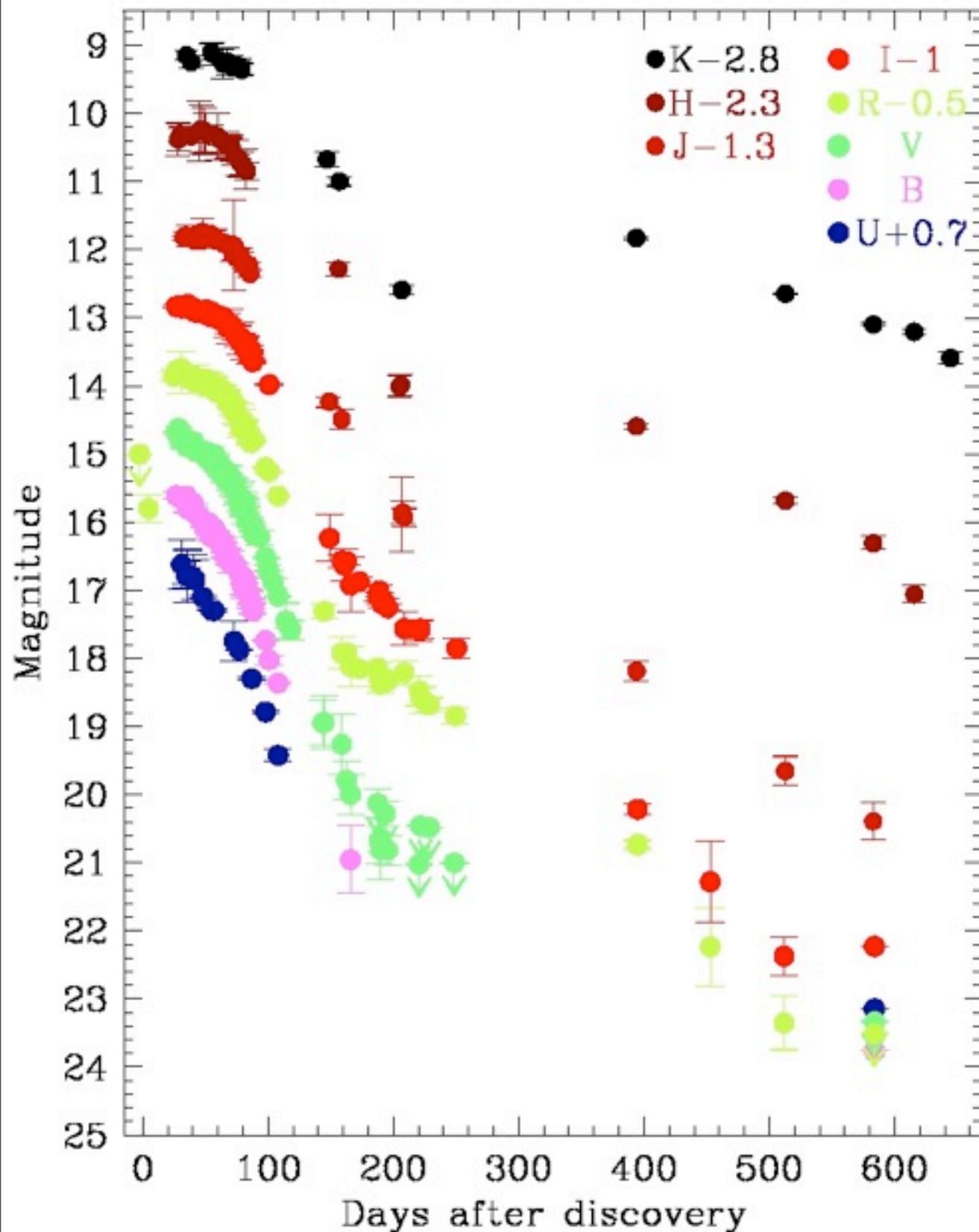


Kasliwal et al. 2011, ApJ, 730, 134



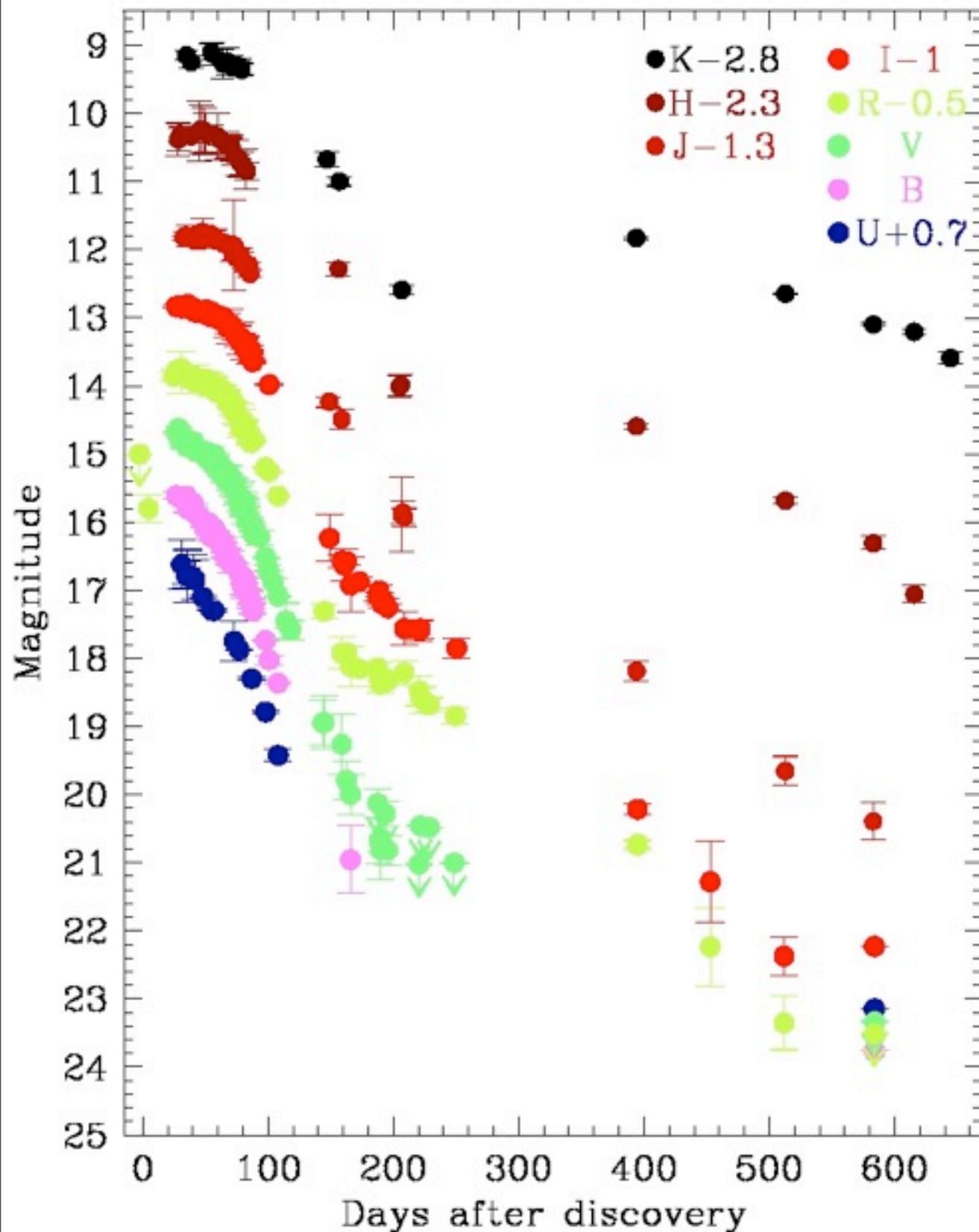
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NGC300-2008OT



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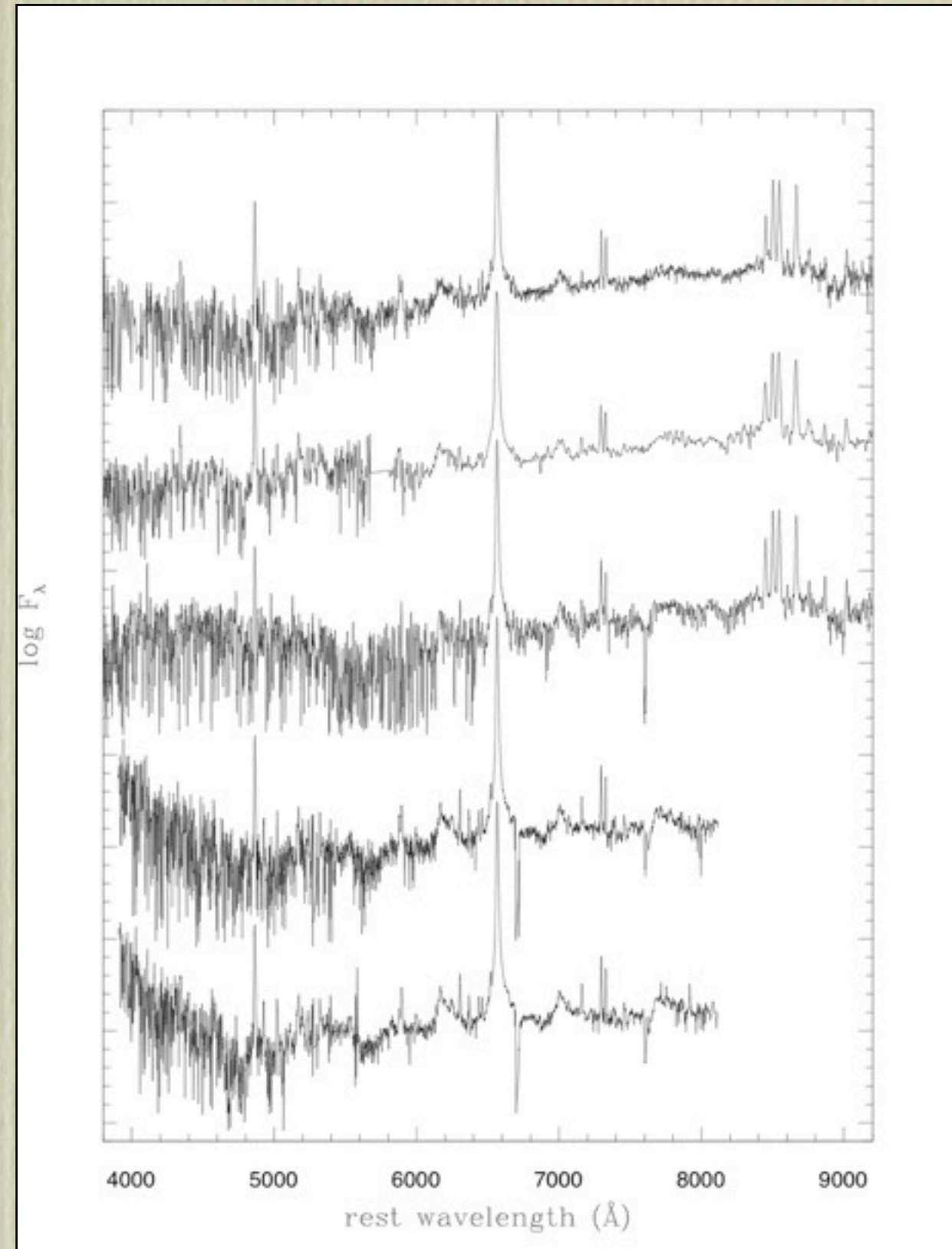
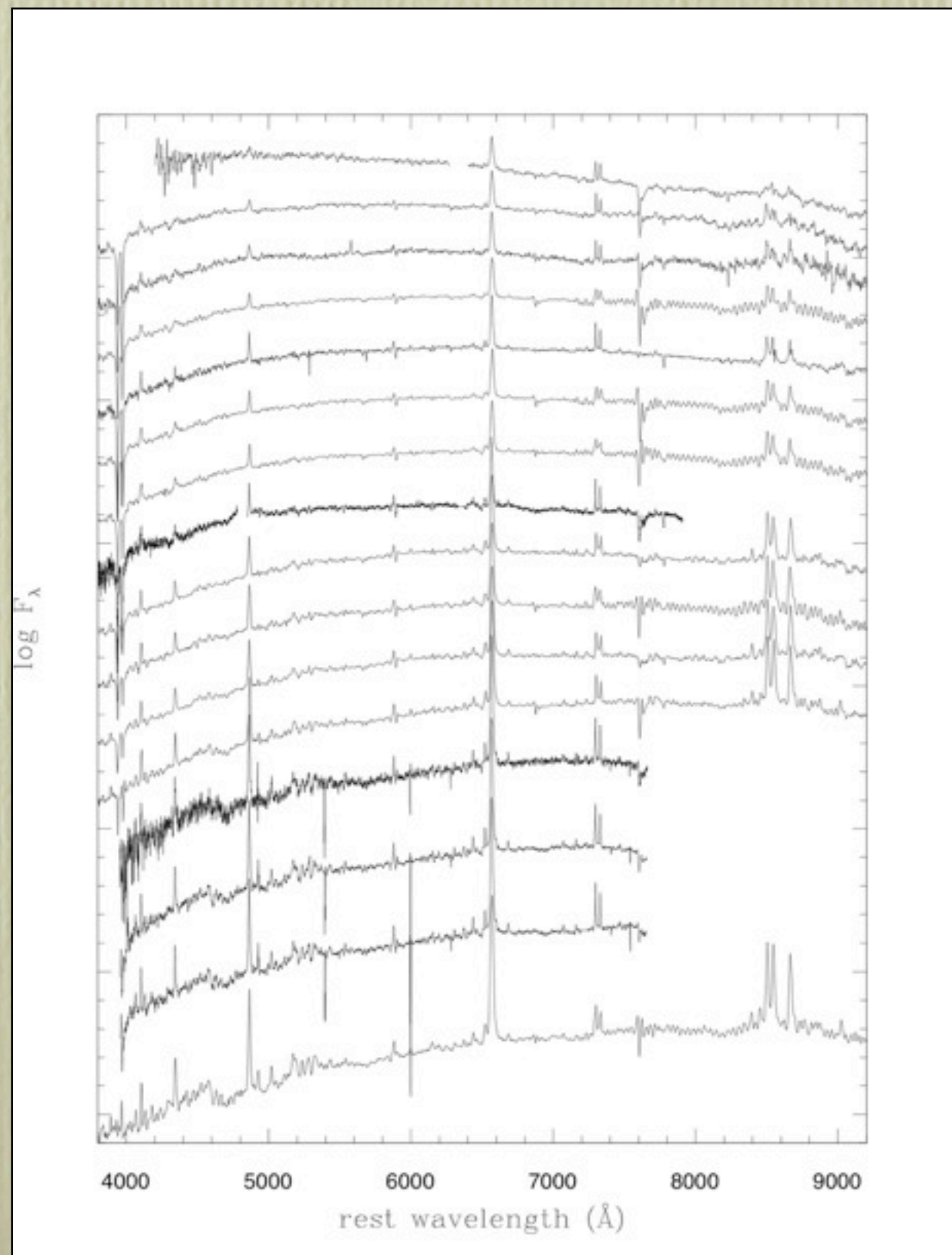
NGC300-2008OT



Pastorello et al. in prep. (see also
Bond et al. 2008; Berger et al. 2008)

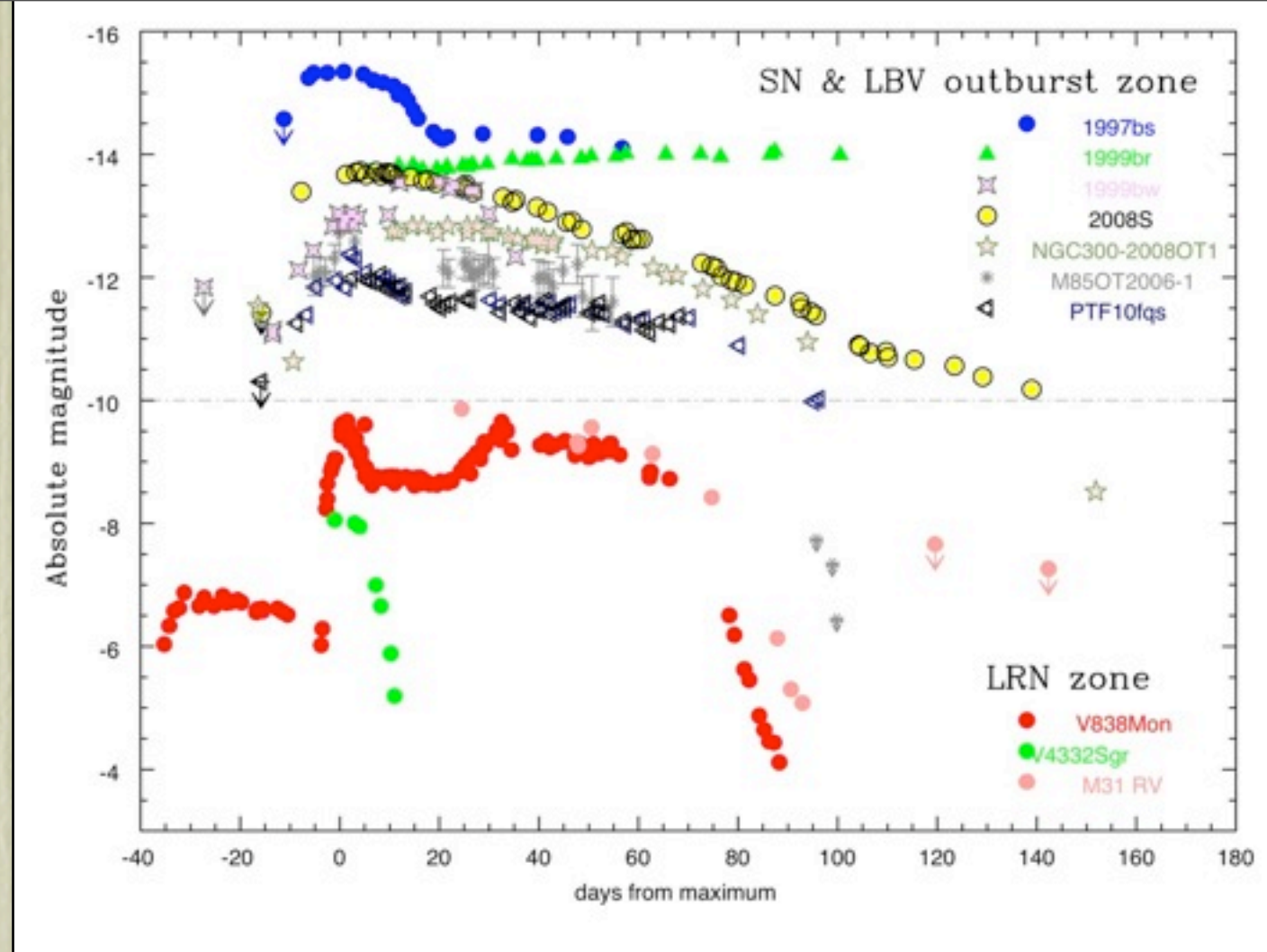
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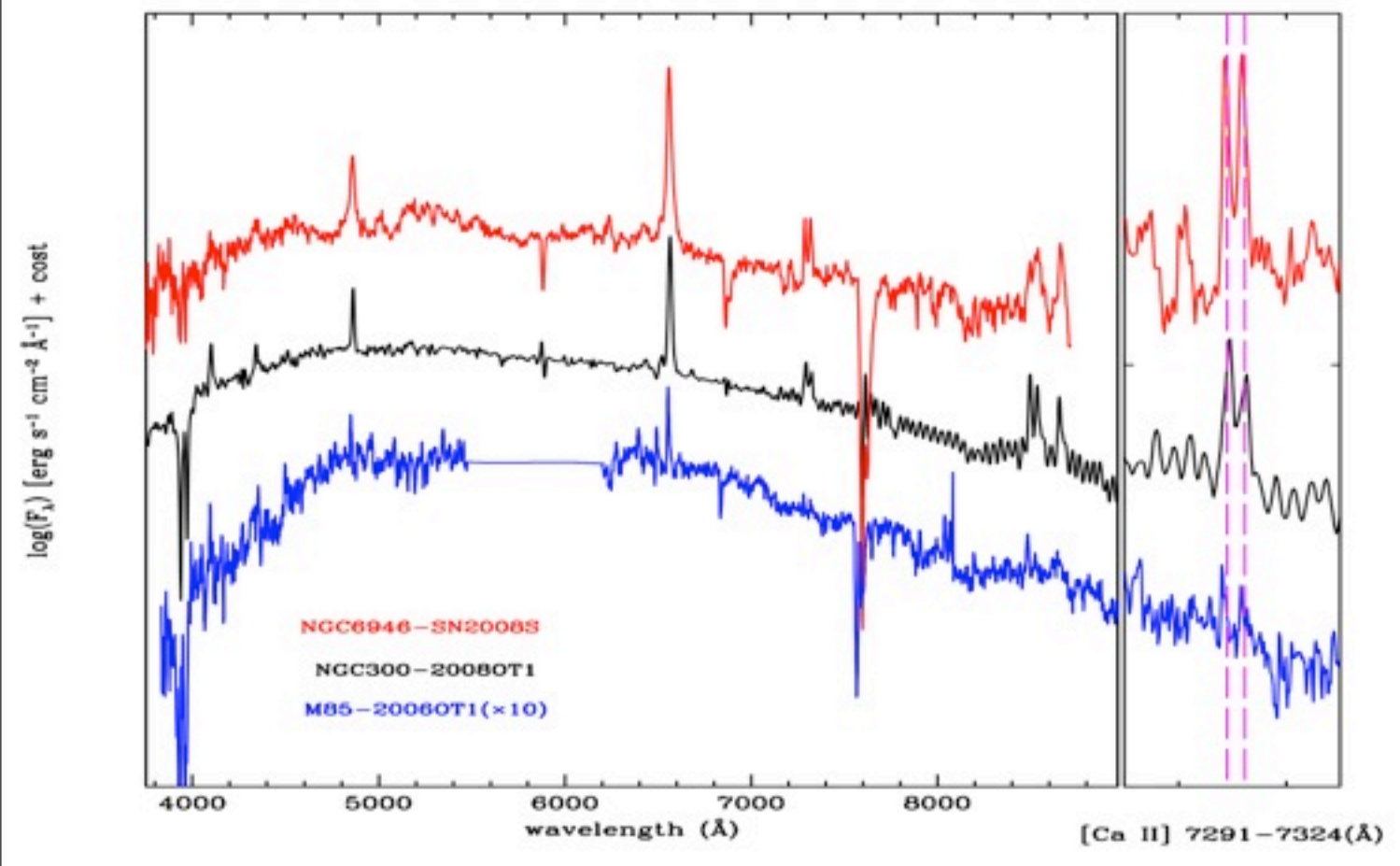
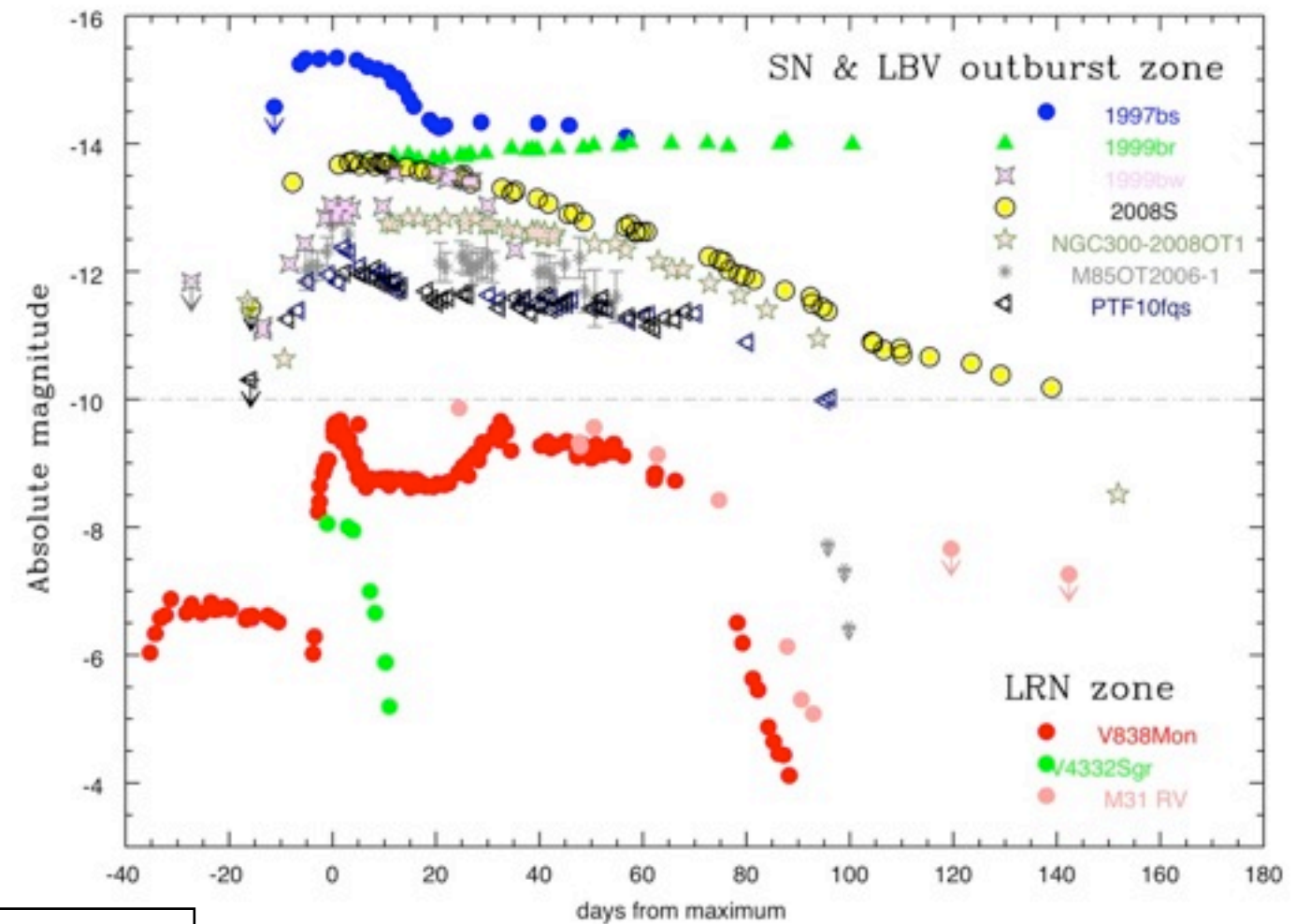
The family

SN1999bw, M85-2006OT,
SN2008S, NGC300-2008OT,
SN2010dn, PTF10fqs.

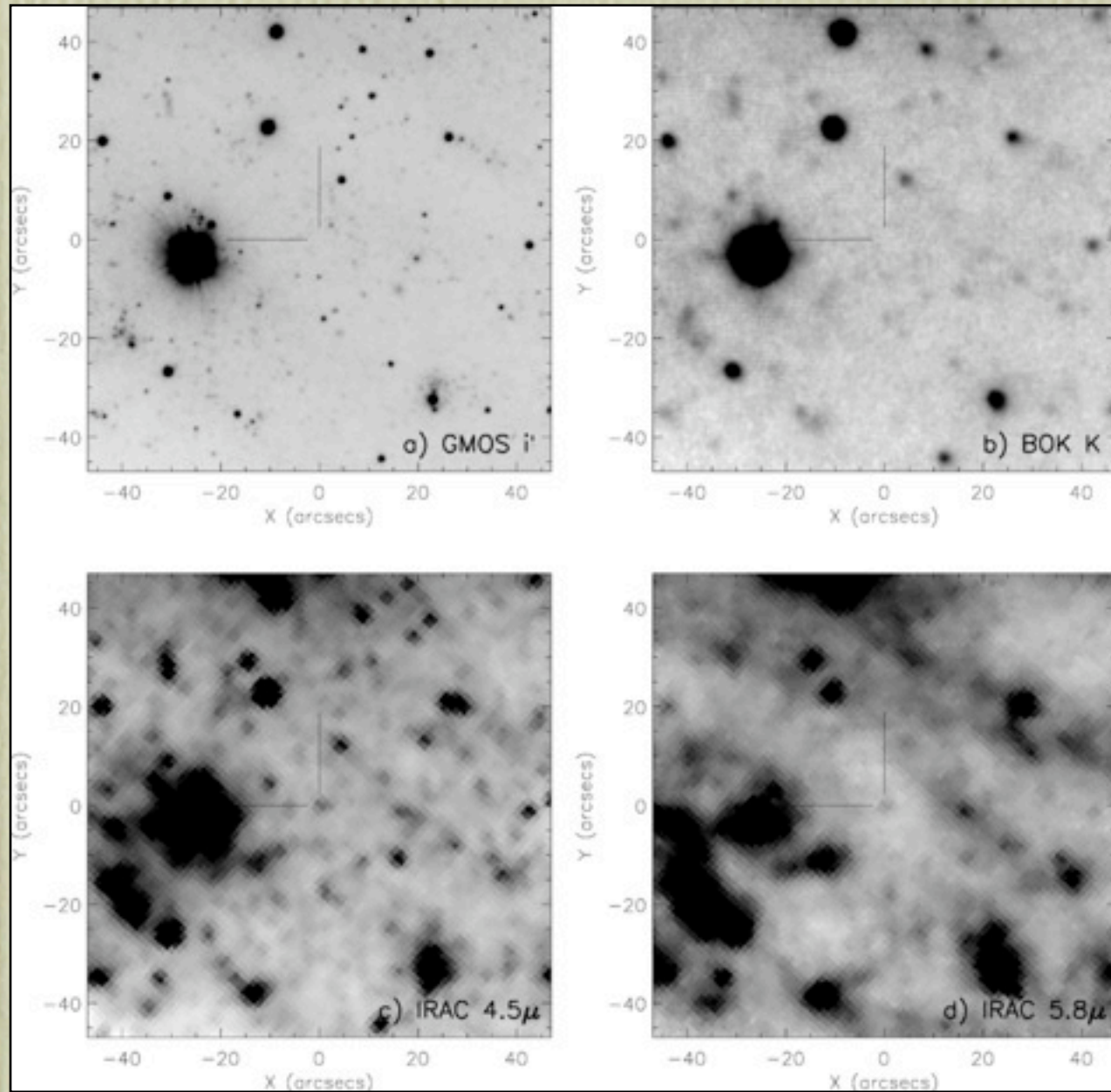


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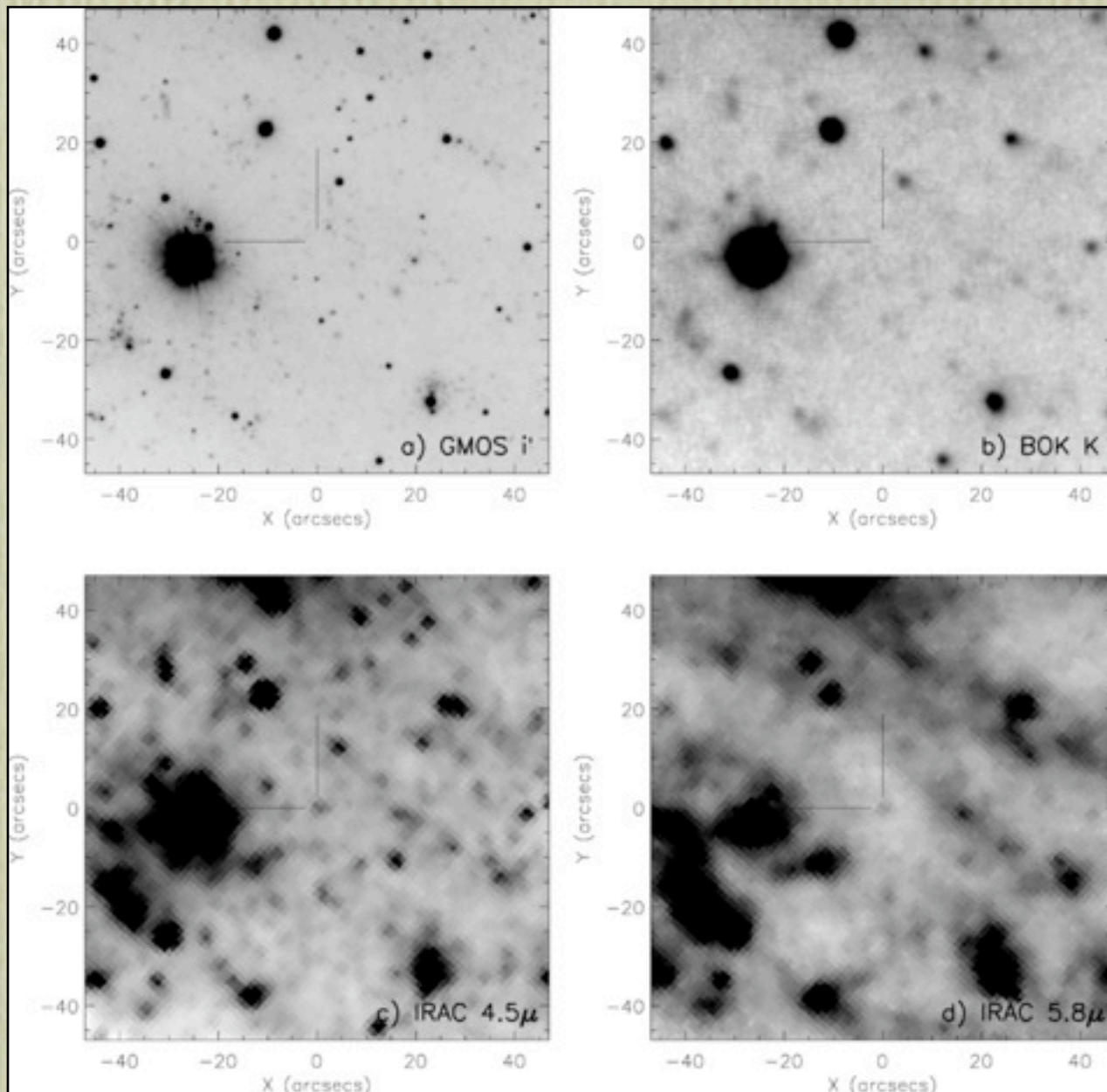
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Detection of the progenitors



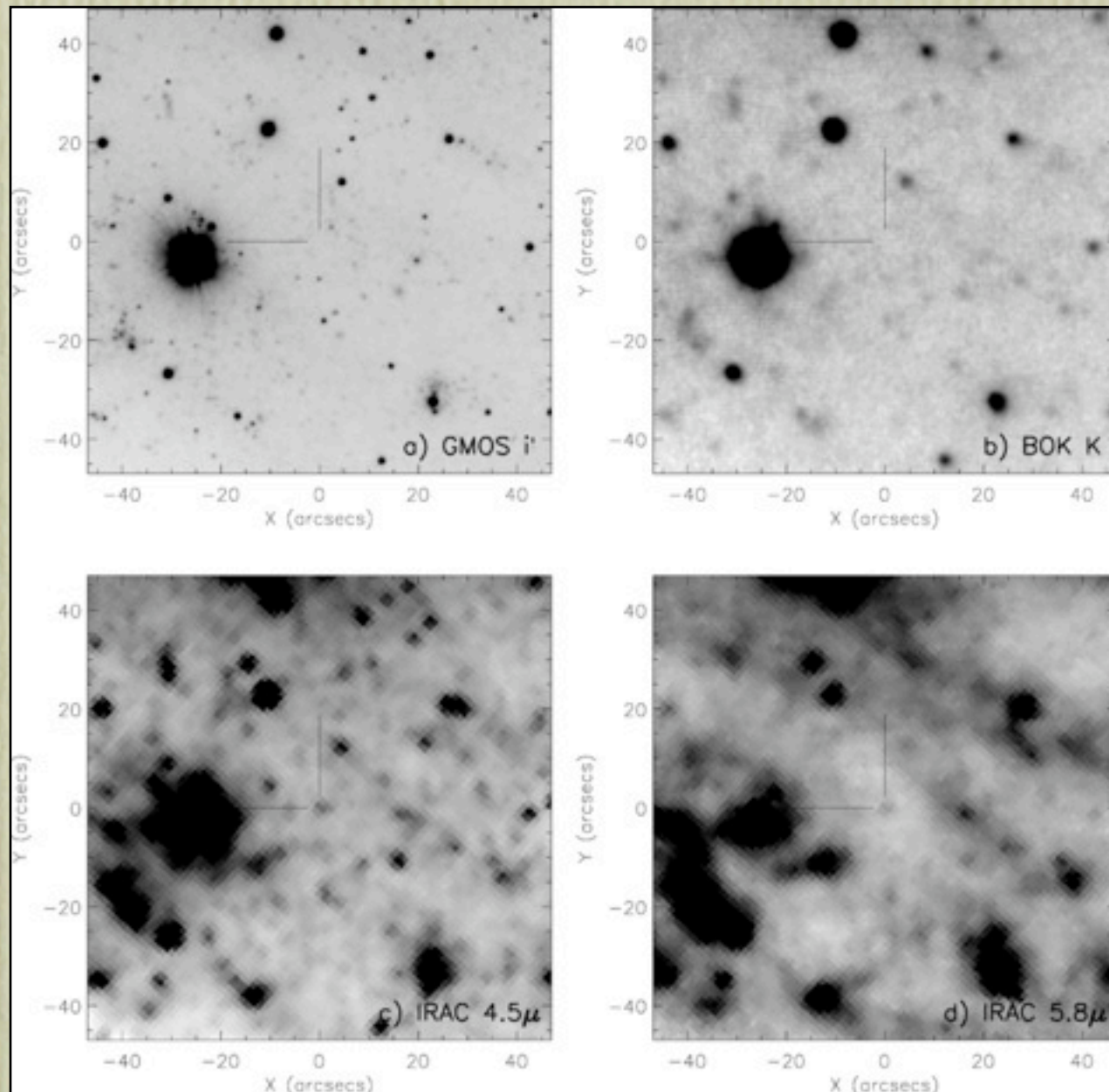
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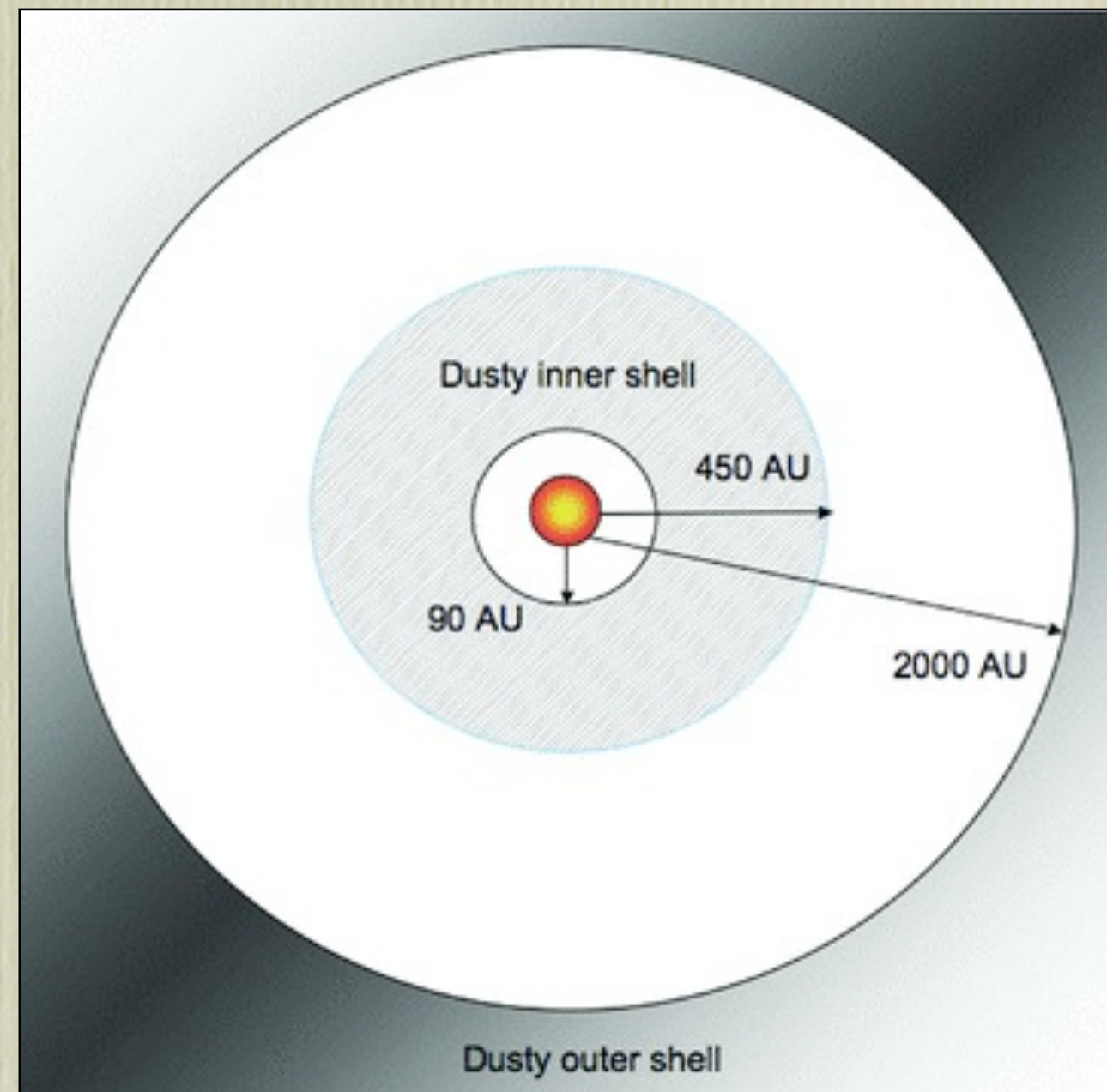
Thompson et al. 2009; see also Prieto et al. 2008; 2009, 2010; Smith et al. 2009; Bond et al. 2009; Botticella et al. 2009; Gogarten et al. 2009; Berger et al. 2009, Khan et al. 2010; Bonanos et al. 2010; Wesson et al. 2010; Ohsawa et al. 2010

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Botticella et al. 2009



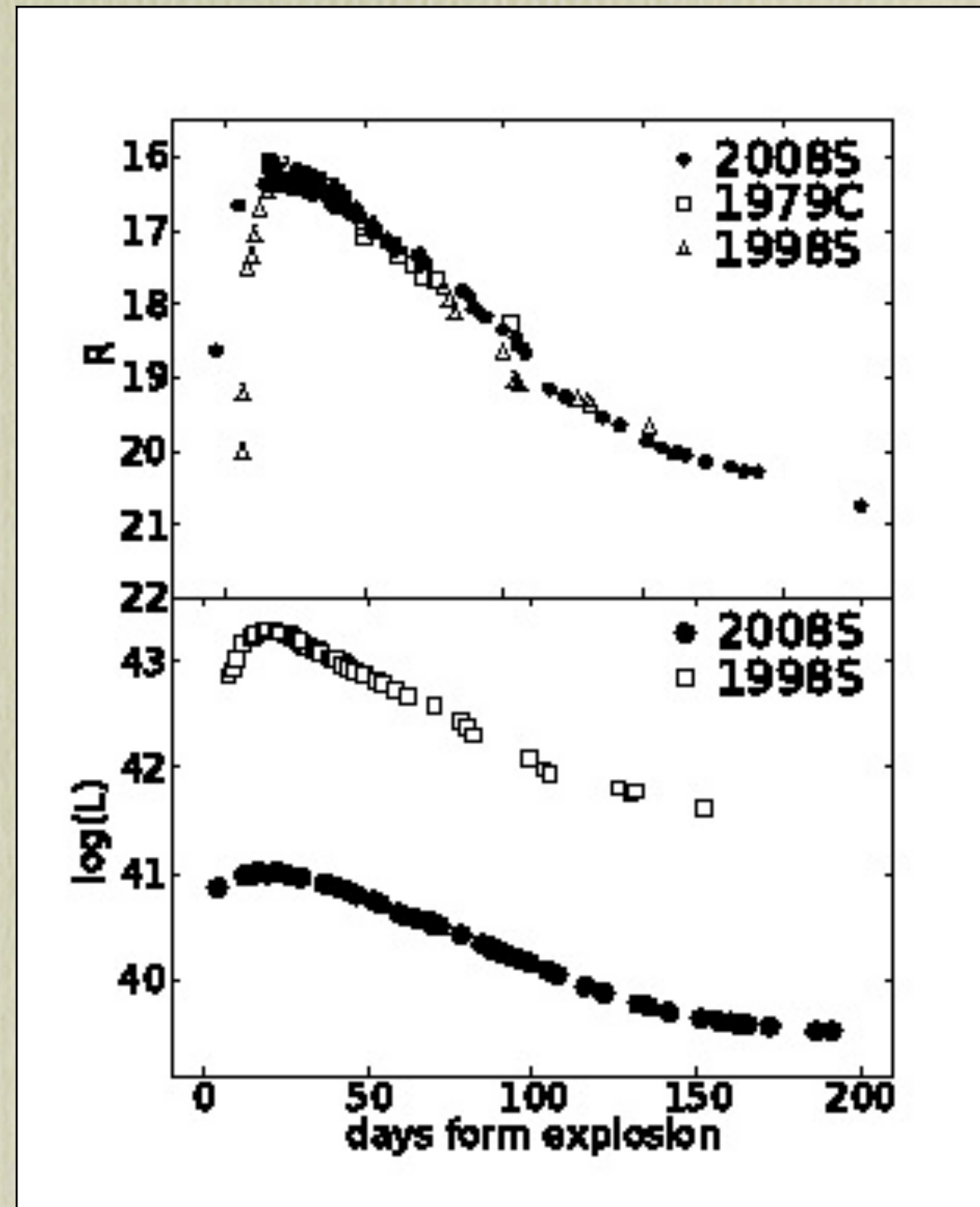
SN impostors or ultra-faint SNe?

- “Luminous red novae” from low-to-moderate mass mergers
- Eruptions triggered by mass transfer from an extreme-AGB to a main sequence companion
- Eruptive birth of a massive ($6-8M_{\odot}$) WD + planetary nebula
- Outbursts from moderate-mass LBVs ($M \sim 10-20 M_{\odot}$) or B[e] hypergiants
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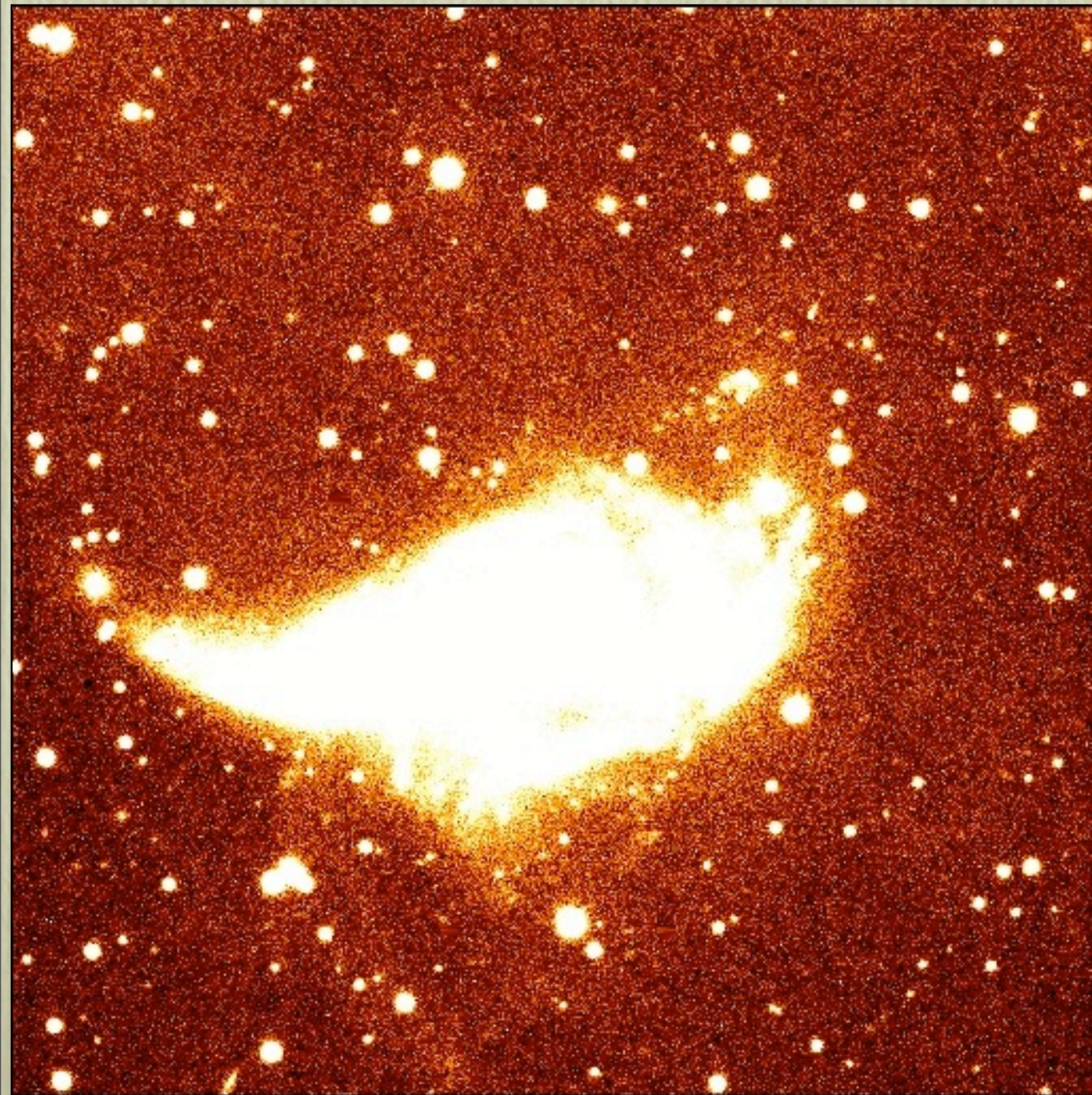


^{56}Ni masses in weak SN candidates

- LL SNe IIP: $2-8 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Mo}$
 - SN 2005cs: $2-4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Mo}$
 - SNe 1999br, 2008bk: $2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Mo}$
- SN 1999ga (IIL): 10^{-2} Mo
- Ultrafaint SNe IIn?: $\leq 10^{-3} \text{ Mo}$
 - SN 2008S: $1-2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Mo}$
 - NGC300-OT: $8-10 \times 10^{-4} \text{ Mo}$
 - M85-OT: $< 5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ Mo}$
- SN 2005cz & LL SNe Ib: $3-20 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Mo}$
- SN 2008ha (Ia/c): $2-5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Mo}$
- SN 2002cx-like: a few $\times 10^{-2} \text{ Mo}$

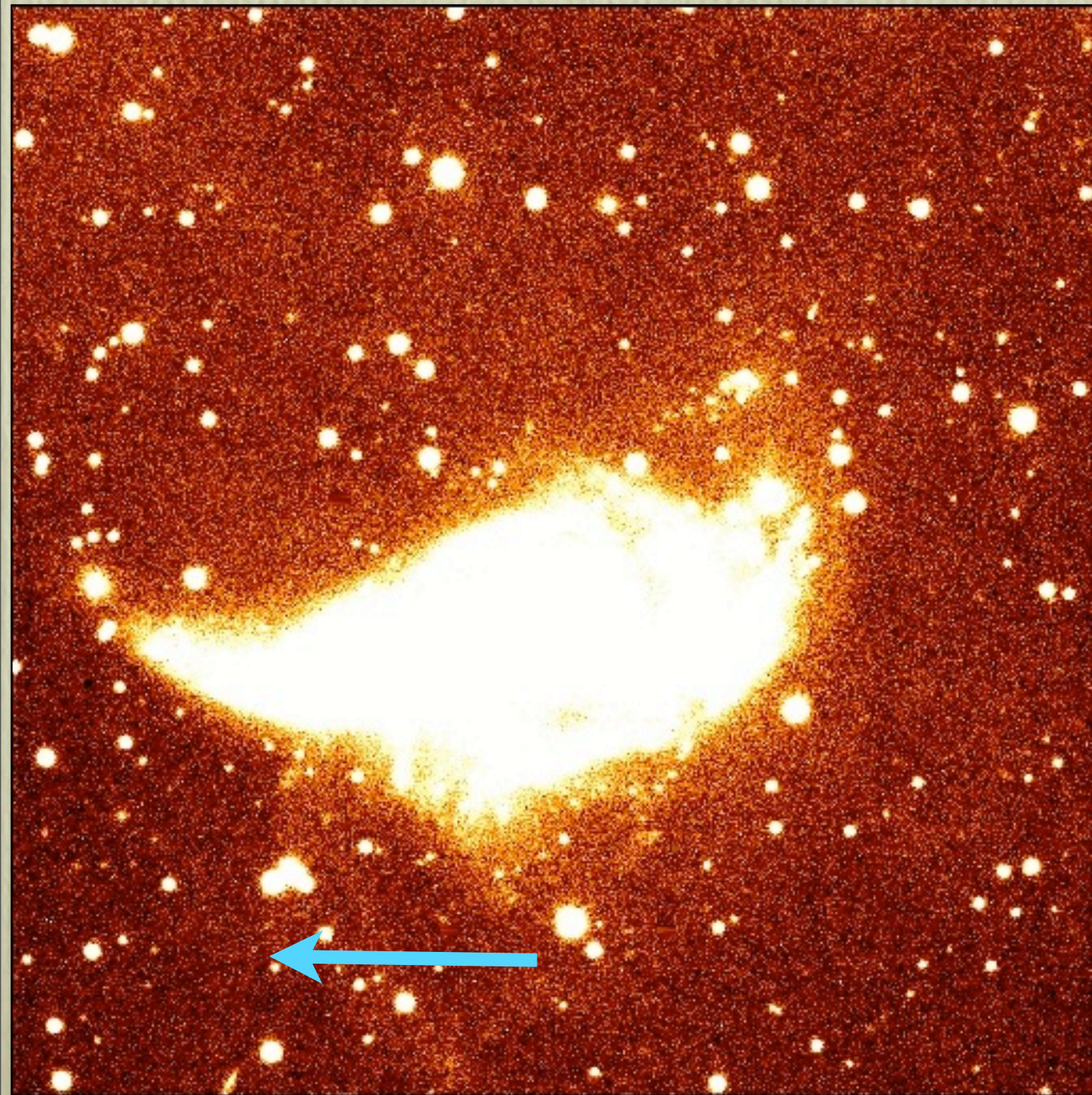
SN 2010jp: supernova or super-impostor?

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NGC2207+IC2163 @ 36 Mpc



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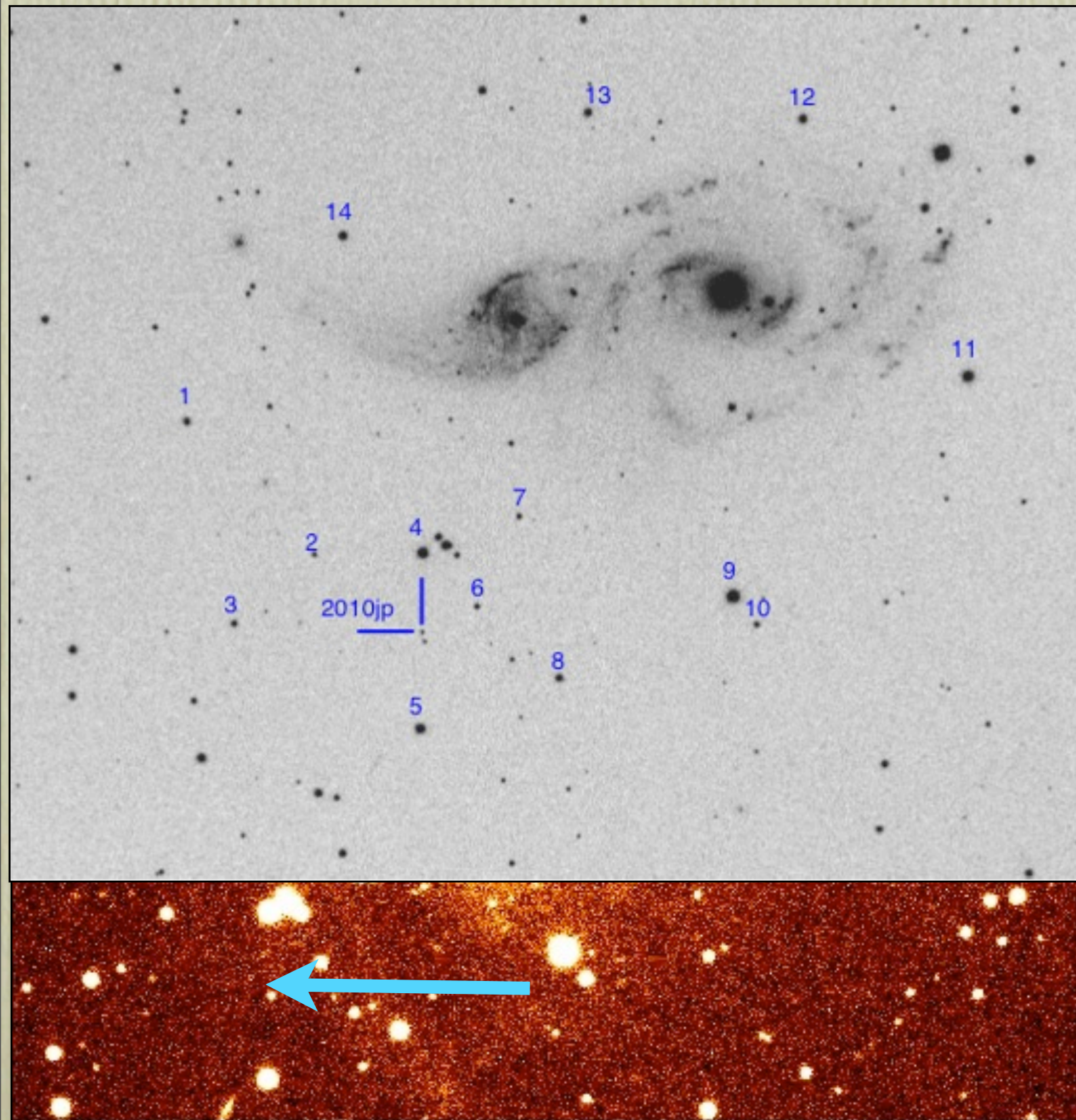


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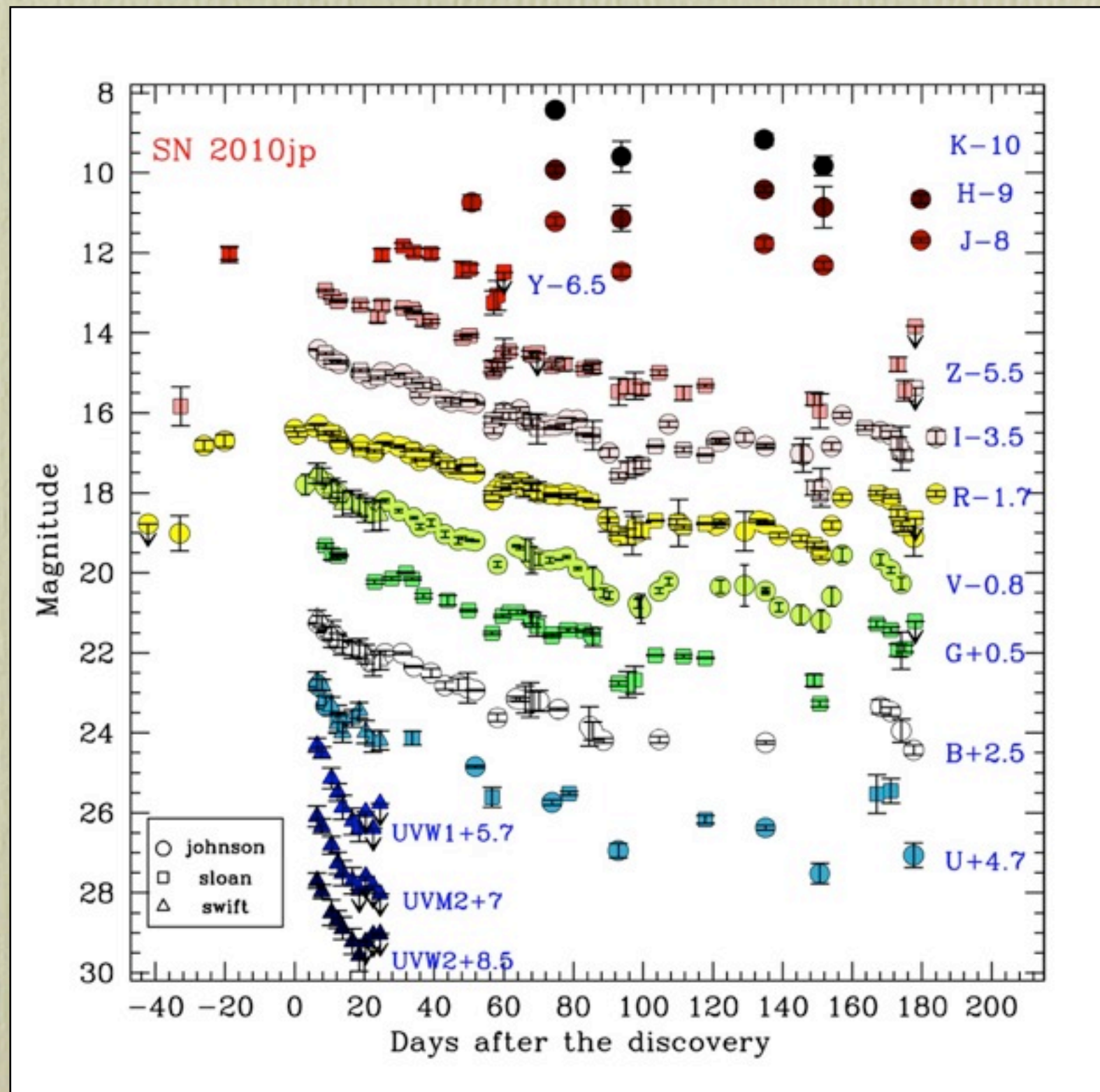
Host: interacting system
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Discovered by CHASE
 $R = 17.2 \Rightarrow M_R \sim -15.8$

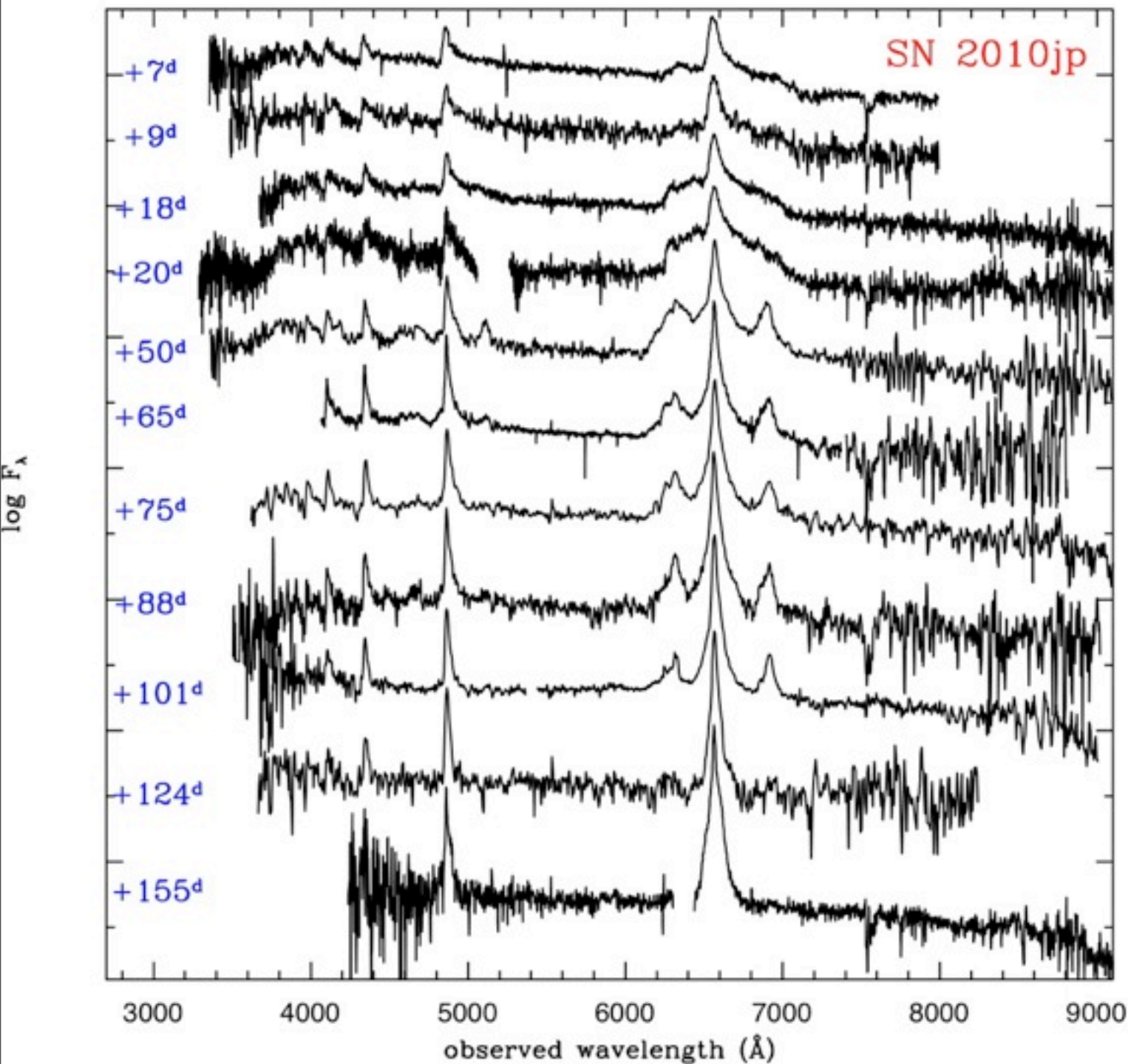
Classification:
type IIn SN
(Challis & Kirshner)



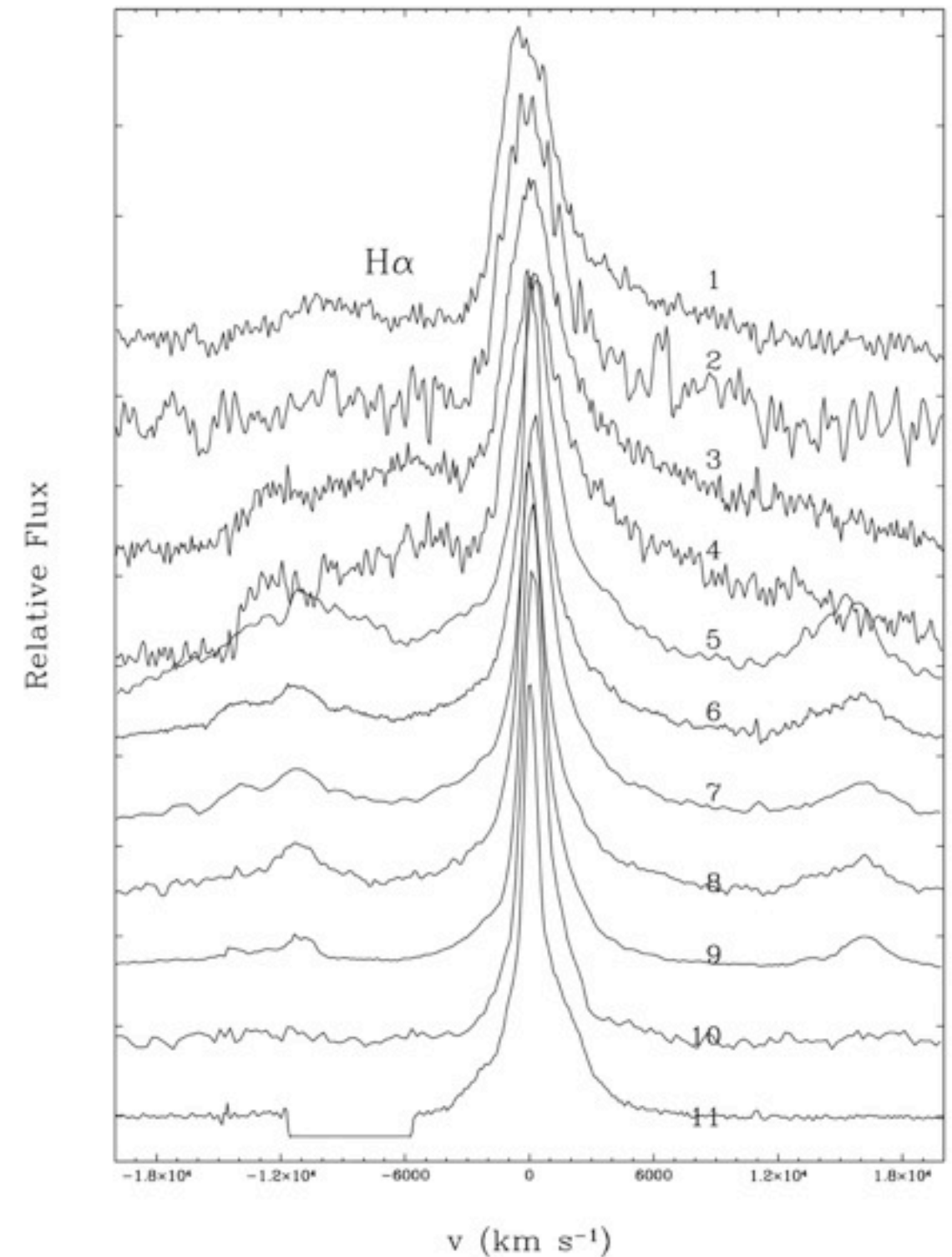
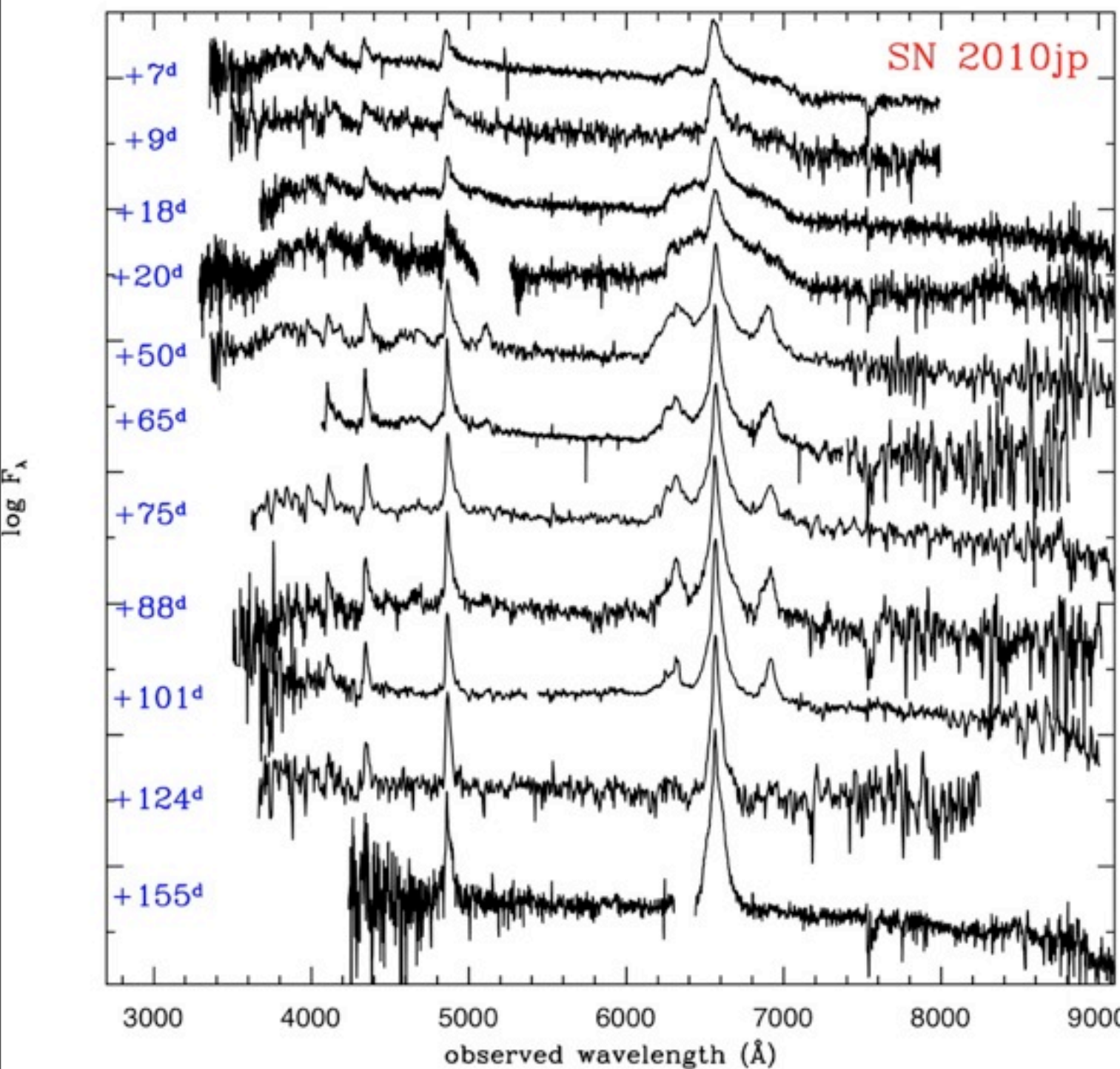
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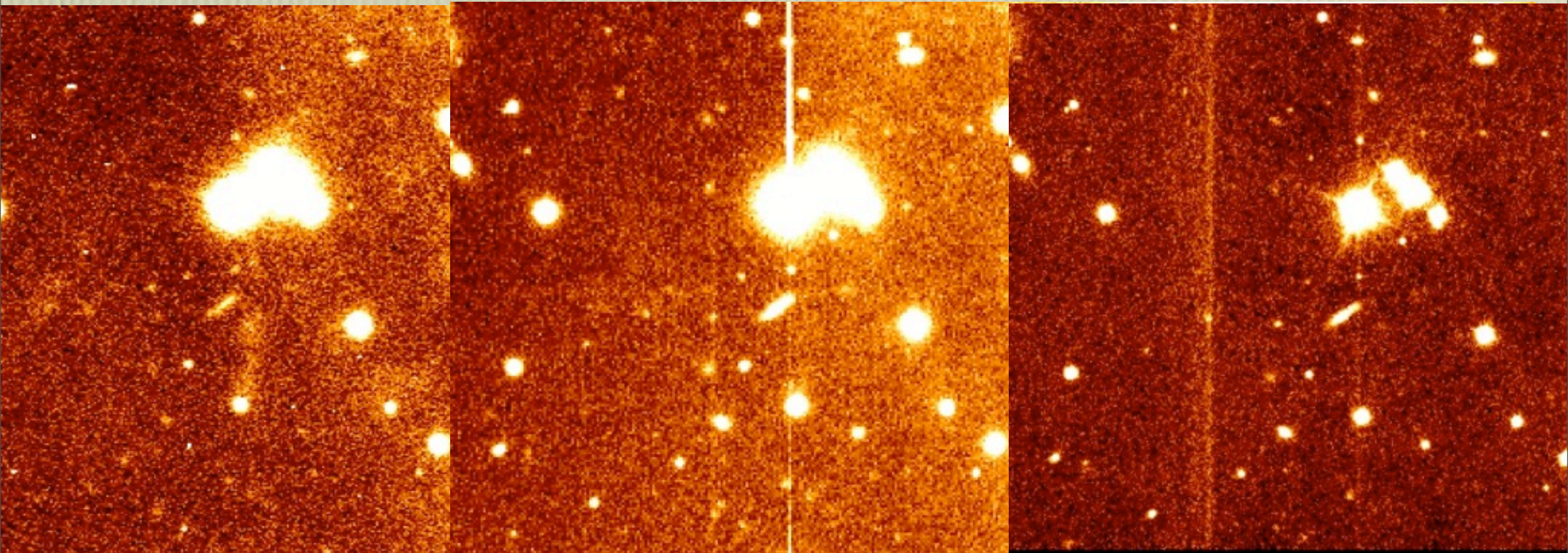


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No progenitor detection in optical and NIR archive images obtained in 1992, 2006, 2007, 2008 with limiting mags

$B > 24.7$, $R > 23.5$, $I > 23.1$, $J > 22.0$, $H > 21.1$, $K > 20.7$

$\Rightarrow M_B > -8.4$, $M_R > -9.5$, $M_J > -10.8$, $M_K > -12.1$

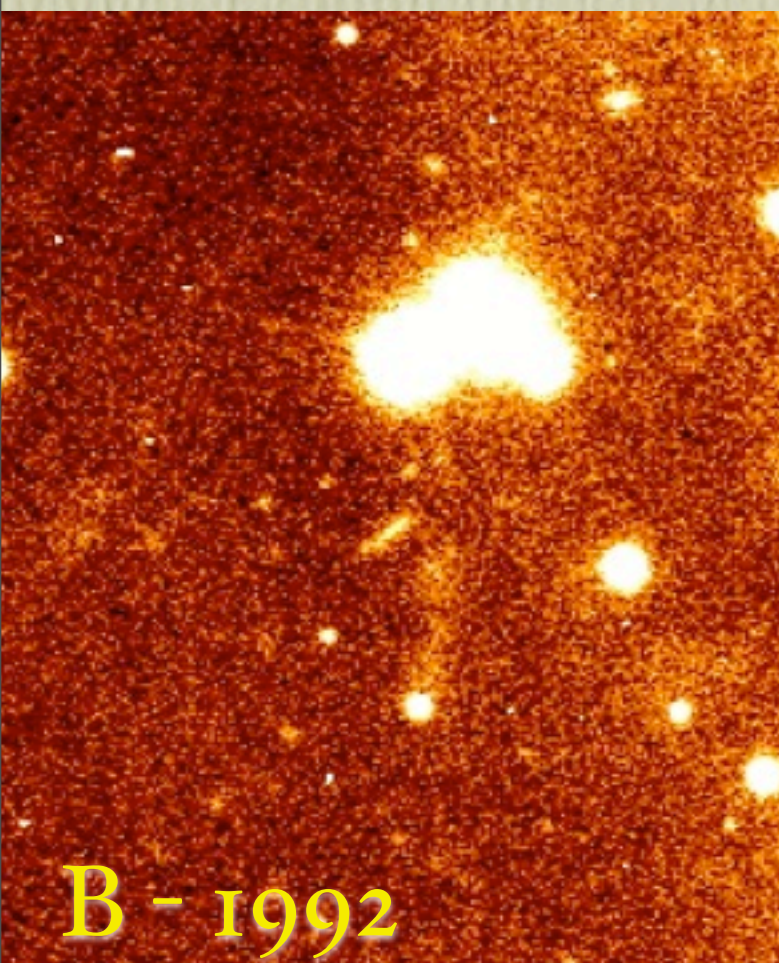


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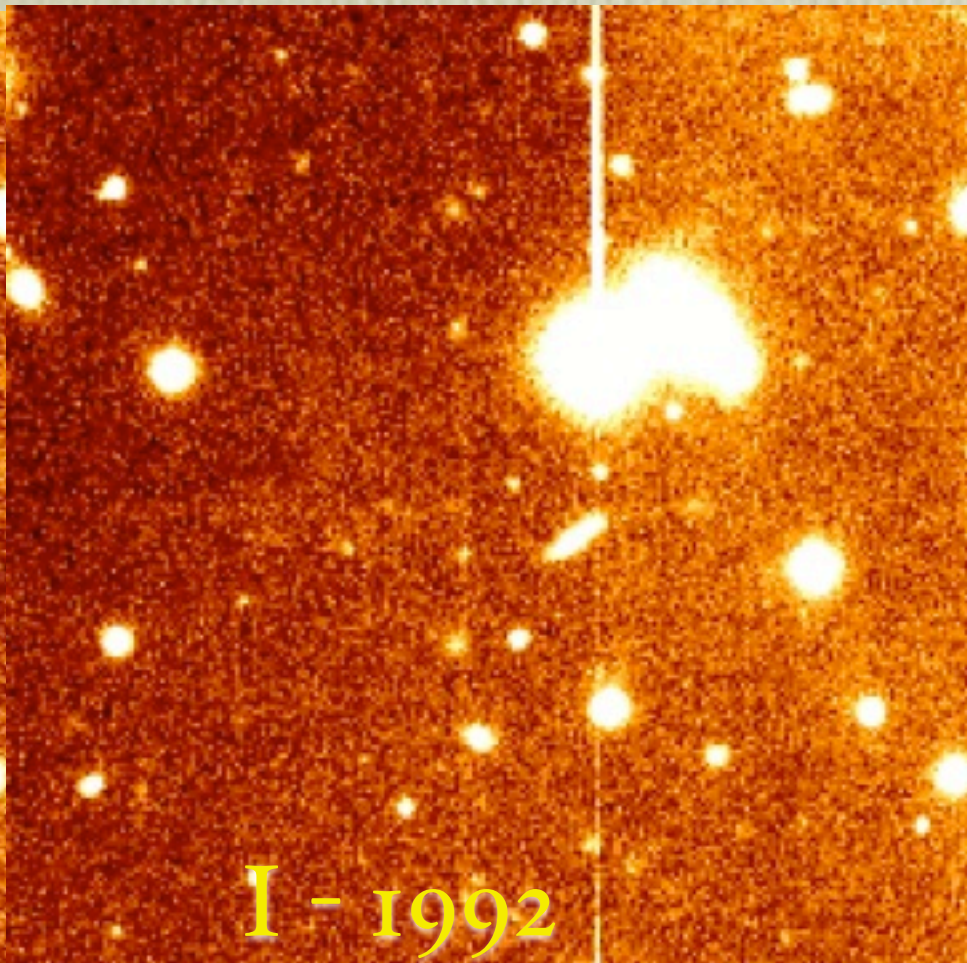
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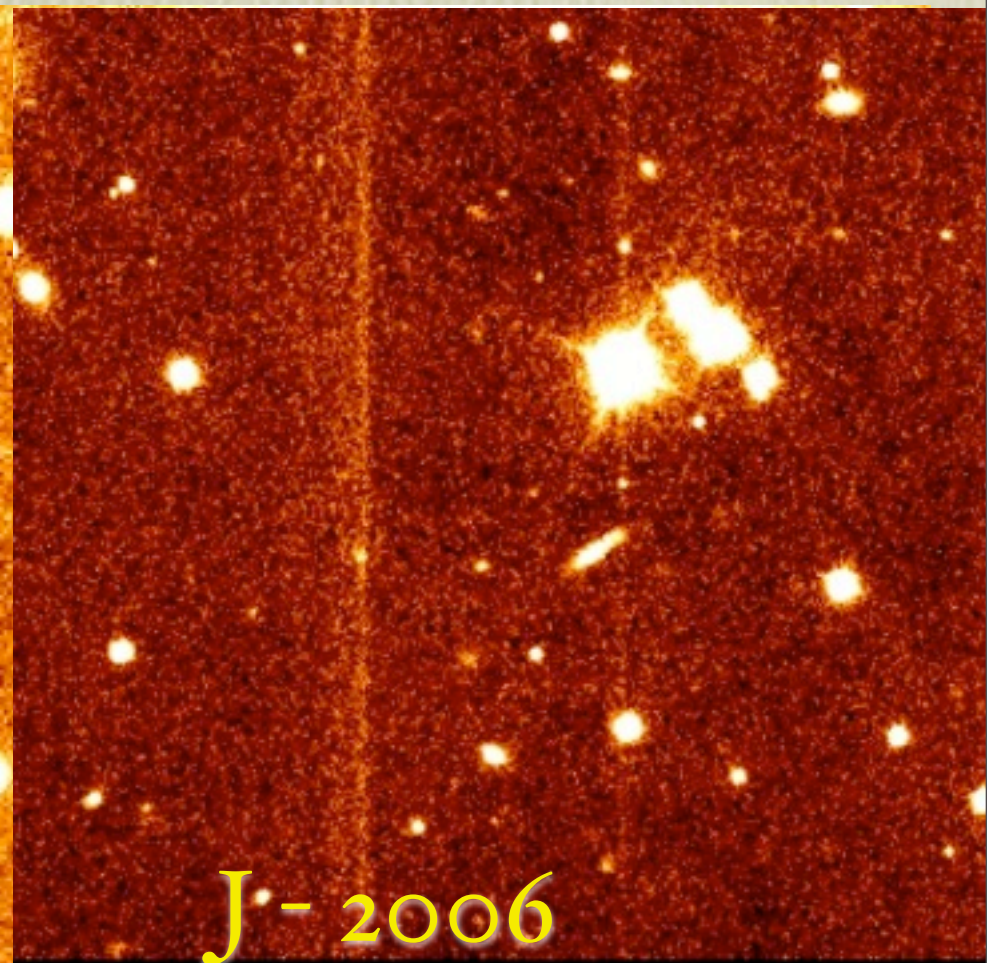
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B - 1992



I - 1992



J - 2006

Summary

- 1) Recent surveys discovered new types of stellar explosions
- 2) Low- and high-luminosity tails probably exist in the luminosity distribution of all SN types!
- 3) CC-SNe may span 3-4 orders of mag in ^{56}Ni masses
- 4) Unusual progenitors for weird SNe?
- 5) New observational constraints. Now modelling is necessary!